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QUIT STEALING, SHOUTS BRYAN TO GAMBLERS

Nebraskan Bitterly Denounces the Manipulators of Stock and Produce Markets.

STOCK EXCHANGE OUTDOES FAGIN AND MONTE CARLO

Great Audience in Carnegie Hall Applauded Bryan As He Denounced Larceny Through Law and Pleaded for Common Honesty.

New York, February 4.—Taking the eighth commandment as his text, William Jennings Bryan pointed out to the Civic Forum tonight the possibilities of larceny in violation of the law, and —what he said was of still greater importance—larceny through the operation of the law.

Carnegie hall, as usual at the gatherings of the Civic Forum, was filled by an audience representative of business and the professions, and in which was reflected the various shades of public opinion. Edward M. Shepherd introduced Mr. Bryan, who was received with spirited hand-clapping, the applause being frequently renewed during the course of his address.

Bryan Answers Questions.

Mr. Bryan, following the custom of speakers at the civic forum, answered several questions put to him by his audiences. He declared that he stood for the immediate revision of the tariff, in answer to a question.

"Has not President Roosevelt taken the wind out of the sails of everybody except the socialists? Then, where is the room for Bryanish-democracy?" was a question whose answer from Mr. Bryan caused much applause. Mr. Bryan replied:

"I am not so sure that I can answer, to the satisfaction of the man who asked the question, for he evidently believed that the president has done everything that can be done by anybody else or any other party than by the socialist party. I do not agree with him at all. The president has tried to do some things. He has not tried to do everything that he ought to try to do. For instance, he has not tried to secure the selection of senators by direct vote of the people, and that is a very important reform. He has done some things that I do not think he ought to have done. But, my friends, the leaders of his party have not assisted him to do even what he tried to do. And so far the bulk of the things that he has recommended have not been acted upon."

Worse Than Monte Carlo.

Unjust taxation, the manner in which some private monopolies are conducted, and gambling in stocks and farm products were declared to be nothing more than a form of larceny. The stock and produce markets came in for most bitter denunciation. He said th New York stock exchange has graduated more embezzlers than Fagin's school did thieves; that, measured by the number of suicides, Monte Carlo is an innocent pleasure resort as compared with the New York institution, and that the men who once had charge of the Louisiana lottery never did a tithe of the harm that the grain gamblers and the stock gamblers of New York do every day.

"When a group of men gamble at a wheel of fortune or at a game of cards," said Mr. Bryan, "the injury done is confined to them and to those immediately dependent upon them, but those who gamble in the grain pit or on the floor of the stock exchange deal in commodities or securities in which eighty millions of people are directly or indirectly interested. Farm products are juggled up or juggled down, stocks are boosted by the bulls or depressed by the bears, and the whole country feels the effect.

Natural Laws Suspended.

"The natural laws of supply and demand ought to regulate prices, but these laws are entirely suspended when a few men can by their bets add millions of dollars to the market value of one product or take millions of dollars from the value of another product. After a crusade which convulsed a state and at least impressed the thought of the nation, we got rid of the Louisiana lottery, and then we congratulated ourselves upon our virtue.

"The men in charge of the lottery never did a tithe of the harm that the grain gamblers and the stock gamblers of New York do every day, nor did they ever exercise anything like the corrupting influences over politics. It has been asserted, without denial, that 99 per cent of the New York purchases and sales of stock and of produce are merely bets upon the market value, with no intention on the part of the vendor to deliver, or on the part of the purchaser to receive. This is not business; it is not commerce; it is not speculation; it is common, vulgar gambling, and when to the ordinary chances that the gambler takes are added the extraordinary chances due to the secret manipulation of the market by those who are on the inside, the stock market becomes worse than an honestly conducted gambling resort. If a man takes a chance upon a wheel of fortune, he knows just what his chance is, and he knows that the owner of the wheel has a percentage of chances in his favor; but when a stranger gambles upon the stock or grain market he is at the mercy of those who, by obtaining control of the visible supply, can destroy every natural law or business rule which the outsider knows.

Public Opinion Must Be Educated.

"While the laws of each state and

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CORE OF WRONG BEING DODGED BY ROOSEVELT

John Sharp Williams Says President Dodges the Tariff, Root of All Evils.

PAUL MORTON REBATED BUT WON COMMENDATION

Democratic Leader in House Points Out Omissions in Roosevelt's Message and Inconsistencies in His Conduct—Williams Outlines Democratic Demands.

Washington, D. C., February 4.—Taking for his text the president's recent message, which was so thoroughly discussed yesterday, Representative John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, at the opening of the house session today, said he disagreed with Mr. Hepburn's statement of yesterday that the message met with the approval of the entire American people. "Indeed," he said, "there are things in it sensational, federalistic and dangerous to the American republic."

Mr. Hepburn, he declared, had threatened the "big four" of the house—the speaker and Messrs. Payne, Dalzell and Sherman—when he asserted that the house would pass the remedial legislation the president had recommended. He hoped to see the standard of rebellion raised by Mr. Hepburn, and he said he hoped to see some of the things spoken of in the message enacted into law.

Williams Not a Hero Worshipper.

He was not a hero-worshipper, and, therefore, he would consider the message "without any regard to the Hon. Theodore Roosevelt,' from whom the message emanated. "'I shall consider it," he said, amid loud democratic applause, "just as if it had been a message emanating in the past from Grover Cleveland or William McKinley or a message which more nearly resembles in its substance one to emanate in the future from the Hon. W. J. Bryan."

Mr. Williams declared that he was not one of those who were afraid of a radical in the white house. He discussed briefly the history of railroad rate legislation, and insisted that it was of democratic origin.

Mr. Williams said the message was not deserving of an all round eulogy upon the part of any man who loved democratic institutions. There were, however, many good things in it.

He did not think, he said, that the democrats would endorse that part of the message which recommended restoring to the railroads the power to pool or which advocated federal licensing of corporations, or which declared it useless to attempt to punish "the men, the flesh, the beings," who violate the law in the name of corporate authority. As to the corporations, Mr. Williams declared they would never be properly punished "until you visit punishment upon the flesh and blood from whose brains and by whose acts the violations take place."

Paul Morton Didn't Go to Prison.

He referred to Paul Morton, former secretary of the navy, and asked:

"Did he get out of the cabinet to go to a prison after a confession of a long continued violation of these very laws?"

"No," he said, "but instead he jumped into a lucrative position in private life, with a letter of commendation from the president of the United States."

Mr. Williams insisted that a corporation as such could not permit a crime, and therefore he advocated the punishing of the responsible heads of the corporations. "Punish one," he said, "and you will not have to punish any more."

Mr. Williams referred to the Aldrich bill as "the railroad bond credit strengthening bill."

Again reverting to the message Mr. Williams received more applause from the democrats when he said its omissions were more significant than its commissions.

Real Poison Not Touched.

"He has talked," Mr. Williams said, "about predatory wealth and rich and powerful criminals and how important it is to shackle cunning," and yet, he significant utterance about putting works of art, wood pulp and paper on the free list, he has never raised his voice against the very poison that lies at the heart of your (republican) entire system.

"The president," he continued, had spoken of rotten business methods, "but now," he said, "he comes forward and reads us a lesson. Not only does he leave out the central, corrupt and corrupting evils and state the socialistic influence of it all, but he forgets to tell us why, with regard to the things he does mention, that he did not mention them in 1901, 1902 and 1903."

Mr. Williams agreed that if given the power, the first thing the democrats would want to do to prevent panics would be to build up the treasury by a tax on the banks, a redemption or insurance fund of about $15,000,000. A tax of one-eighth of 1 per cent, he thought, would be sufficient.

What Democrats Will Demand.

Mr. Williams served notice that the democratic party is going to insist on legislation to accomplish the following objects:

"The publication of the names and postoffices of all persons contributing to campaign funds; five days' notice to the opposite party before a writ of injunction involving property rights can be sued out; the right of any one charged with a contempt of court committed outside the view of the court, to be tried by/fore a neutral judge; the election of United States senators by the

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CREPE SCARCE ON THE DOORS OF PORTUGAL

Absence of the Conventional Signs of National Mourning Is Noticeable.

COUNTRY IS RECOVERING FROM SHOCK OF TRAGEDY

New Cabinet Will Reverse Policy of Franco in Effort to Restore Quiet—Little Light on Plot of Regicides—Franco's Downfall Complete.

YESTERDAY AT HIS MUSIC TODAY TRYING TO BE KING

Lisbon, February 4.—Manuel II, the boy sovereign, is facing a trying ordeal with Braganza courage, but his ashen face and tears that come unbidden to the eyes tell the story of the strain. This afternoon he received his new ministers, headed by Admiral do Amaral, the retiring cabinet headed by Franco, as well as several diplomats, including Charles Page Bryan, the American minister. While one of the foreign representatives was speaking of King Carlos, the new king's eyes overflowed with tears which rolled down his cheeks. "Yesterday," he said, "I was taking music lessons; how can I be king today?"

Lisbon, February 4.—Lisbon is beginning to recoved from the shock and horror of Saturday's bloody tragedy, but a strong undercurrent of popular and governmental nervousness remains. The political tension is slackening, although the progressists at first refused to join the concentration of the cabinet which Admiral Ferreira do Amaral is forming from all the monarchical groups, because the conservatives are in predominance. The matter, however, was finally straightened out, and a temporary union of all the monarchial elements attained for the purpose of getting the country back on a constitutional basis, "ending agitation and restoring tranquility," as expressed by the leaders.

Back to Liberalism.

Senhor Bernadino Machado, the leader of the peaceful wing of the republicans, agrees to a truce, provided that his friends now under arrest are liberated, freedom of the press restored and the elections ordered.

Admiral do Amaral, the devoted friend of the queen, who assumes power, is committed to the reversal of the entire policy of the dictatorship, the abolition of repressive measures, and the restoration of "the old liberal monarchy."

On Saturday government by decree will be withdrawn, amnesty, etc., accorded political offenders not implicated in deeds of violence, and the embargo of the press raised.

Franco's downfall is complete. He recognized that it was impossible to saddle the youthful king at the outset of his reign with the stern program involving the immediate banishment and deportation of several hundred political offenders, to which he had committed himself if he retained office. He told a friend that the assassination of the king ended his political career. He offered his services, however, but these were refused.

No Light on Murder Plot.

Practically no headway has been made in unraveling the plot, of which the murder of the king and crown prince was but one step. The police now admit that the three men arrested were not involved.

Every one of the desperate band, except the three men killed, escaped in the confusion. The identification of these three throws but little light upon their connections.

It is possible that the regicide was planned and executed on the spur of the moment after the appearance of a decree, by a small group of militant revolutionaries or anarchistic socialists, who may have imagined that the obliteration of the Braganza dynasty would cause a spontaneous uprising of the people. The conspiracy was foiled in both respects, as the younger prince escaped and the people wait in mourning for the double funeral on Saturday.

Few Signs of National Mourning.

A visitor would be struck by the absence of the conventional signs of national mourning. The white and blue flag of Portugal and the standards of the foreign countries are half-masted, and officers have black bands on their arms, but only here and there is there a knot of crepe at the windows. Among the better classes the men wear black crvats. The royal arms shops are draped and the shutters half closed.

Most of the European states are sending special missions to attend the funeral, these including the prince of Wales and the duke of Aosta. Two of the ships of the British fleet at Vigo are expected here, King Carlos having held rank as an admira. of the British navy.

The two queens remain in the palace with their dead, prostrated with grief. The queen mother is broken-hearted. Both are devoted Catholics, and spend much of their time in prayer.

Premier do Amaral plans to hold the new election in April.

He, together with his entire cabinet, paid an official visit to the palace this afternoon.

Died En Route to His Home.

Montgomery, Ala., February 4.—C. H. Hargraves, a wealthy real estate man of San Antonio, Tex., died here last night of uremic poison. He was en route home from the east and was taken from the train here ill.

AND THE CAT CAME BACK!

REVISION OF TARIFF TO COME NEXT WINTER

So Cannon and Payne Pratically Promise Delegation of Manufacturers.

NO TARIFF COMMISSION BY THE PRESENT CONGRESS

Both Cannon and Payne Said They Favored Maximum and Minimum Tariff with Proviso for Trade Agreement, but Object to Commission.

Washington, February 4.—The present congress will not appoint a tariff commission. Revision of the tariff will be undertaken next winter, in the short term.

These announcements, in substance, were made today by Chairman Payne, of the house committee on ways and means, in the presence and with the tacit approval of Speaker Cannon, the occasion being a call upon those leaders by a tariff revision delegation from various parts of the country, comprising representatives of many of the largest manufacturing and industrial concerns in the United States and headed by James W. Van Cleave of St. Louis, president of the National Association of Manufacturers.

Refusal by the Leaders.

The replies by the two foremost republican leaders in the house were practically a refusal of all that the delegation had journeyed to Washington to plead for.

In introducing the subject of the appointment of a tariff commission, in line with the Beveridge bill recently offered in the senate, Mr. Van Cleave said the delegation were unanimous in the belief that "the matter of the tariff can be best handled by the application of a hard-headed business bill," which would so amend the tariff schedules as to encourage the development of foreign commerce by the producers of the United States without at the same time exposing their goods to the reactionary effects of free trade.

Manufacturers Want Commission.

He said it was the firm belief of the vast interests represented by the members of the delegation that a wholesome revision of the tariff could be best got at by a commission appointed to ascertain the costs of domestic productions, the relative profits derivable from home and foreign sales, and all the multitudinous facts appertaining to so complex and important a subject.

Other speakers along these lines were A. H. Saunders, representing the reciprocity League of Chicago; H. E. Miles, chairman of the tariff commission of the National Association of Manufacturers; N. J. Bachellor, of New Hampshire, master of the national grange; S. H. Cowan, representing the National Live Stock Association and the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas; G. E. Stephens, of Moline, Ill., representing the National Association of Agricultural and Vehicle Manufacturers; Mr. Metcalf, representing manufacturers of agricultural implements, and J. E. Wilder, representing the Illinois Manufac-

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THAW RESOLVED TO QUIT ASYLUM

Tells His Lawyers He Must Be Removed at Once.

THAW GREATLY DEPRESSED

By His Surroundings and Is Unable To Sleep—Alienists Employed by the Thaw Family Examine the Prisoner—Littleton for Delay.

Fishkill Landing, N. Y., February 4 Harry Thaw is determined to leave Matteawan State hospital, and at a conference today informed his counsel that they must take action at once to secure his release. Thaw told Lawyers Peabody and O'Reilly that he was willing to go to a private sanitarium if necessary, but that he must be removed from Matteawan. During the day Dr. Graeme Hammond and Dr. Jelliffee, the alienists retained by the Thaw family, visited Thaw for some time. Lawer O'Reilly said that everything would be done that could be done to get Thaw away from Matteawan, as the depressing surroundings were such as would tell on a man of his temperament.

Thaw exercised in the open court today for half an hour with the temperature only a few degrees above zero. Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw and Mrs. William Thaw will visit Thaw tomorrow, after which the elder Mrs. Thaw will go to Pittsburg.

Thaw Can't Sleep.

Thaw spent last night in a private room immediately adjoining the ward in which he had been since he was taken to the institution. He said today, however, that the slightly changed surroundings had not relieved him of the sleeplessness with which he has been troubled since he has been at the asylum.

Daniel O'Reilly was accompanied by Mrs. Evelyn Thaw when he visited the hospital today. After they had left and were about to return to this city Mrs. Thaw said:

"What a terrible place it is. I think it is awful. I would be crazy myself if I stayed there a week. If the lawyer's don't make a move to get Harry out right away I shall do something myself. With all these unfortunate people about him I do not wonder he becomes excited."

Littleton Favors Delay.

Martin W. Littleton does not favor an early attempt to have Thaw released on habeas corpus proceedings. "Harry Thaw has been acquitted of the charge of murder and is not a criminal," said Mr. Littleton today. "He is at Matteawan for the purpose of observation only. If the conditions and surroundings there are such that his health may be impaired it is incumbent upon the state board of lunacy to have him removed to an institution where other conditions and surroundings prevail."

Vote for Local Taxation.

Waverly Hall, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—An election was held here Saturday for local taxation for public schools. Only two votes were cast against it.

SPEAKER'S CHAIR RICH IN "CRAFT"

Sanderson Billed It at 59 Feet and Collected $761.10.

AND IT CAUSED A WHISTLE

Richness of the Graft So Overcame a Spectator That He Gave Vent To a Prolonged Whistle Right in the Court Room.

Harrisbrug, Pa., February 4.—Having secured the admission of the bills, invoices and settlements and having shown that eight years ago Contractor J. H. Sanderson's only standard of measurement of furniture was the linear foot, the commonwealth today tried to show specific fraud in some of the items of the invoices at the trial of the capitol conspiracy cases. Evidence was also submitted to show that Sanderson's claims to a surface foot measurement standard in his bills for the furnishings for the new capitol was not sustained by any charges in his own invoices. To further illustrate to the jury that in paying for the capitol furniture the state was made to pay for air space, new exhibits of furniture and photographs of the rostrums in the senate and house caucus rooms were offered in evidence. Sanderson collected $90,748.80 and paid the subcontractor who made them $2,060.

A small window seat was produced in evidence. It was 36 inches long, 19 inches deep, and 29 1-2 inches high, and was billed by Sanderson to the state as 18 feet at $18.40 "per foot," totalling $331.20.

The speaker's chair from the house of representatives was also exhibited. When it was announced that the chair had been billed at 59 feet, at $12.90 "per foot," totalling $761.10, a spectator gave a prolonged whistle of astonishment. The chair measured 37 inches front, 29 inches deep, and 42 inches high.

Murderer Used Butcher Knife.

London, Ont., February 4.—James Hartwick, an aged resident of Missouri township, yesterday murdered his wife with a butcher knife while insane, and then went half-clad to a neighbor to whom he told his crime. Later the body was discovered and Hartwick was arrested.

Negro Goes to Death Chair.

Trenton, N. J., February 4.—George Stuart, a negro, was electrocuted in the state prison here today for the murder of John Snell in Camden county several months ago. The electrocution took place at 6 a. m. and passed off without any untoward incident

HE SAW VICTIM IN DREAM AND BLEW OUT BRAINS.

Roanoke, Va., February 4.—After brooding over the killing of a negro last Christmas until his mind was unbalanced, coupled with a dream a few nights ago in which he saw the negro he had killed, Chief of Police J. E. Warden, of Graham, Va., today blew out his brains with a revolver. Warden, who was a popular officer, on Christmas day shot and killed Alex Preston, colored, in the discharge of his duty.

OH, HORRORS! THAT P--U--M--P IS BACK AGAIN

Question Which Nearly Crazed the City Was Thought Consigned to Dead Past.

BUT HERE IT IS, FRIENDS, AND DON'T OVERLOOK IT

Attorney J. S. Slicer Files Petition for Order to Enjoin City from Making Contract Without Submitting Matter to a Popular Vote.

THE CAT CAME BACK.

There was old Deacon Johnson
who had troubles of his own;
He had an old yellow cat who
wouldn't leave his home.
He gave him to a preacher, who
was going far away;
He told the man to keep the cat
and told the cat to stay—
But the cat came back.

That cat he was a terror, so
they all thought it best
To give him to a nigger who was
going out west,
But as the train went round
the curve it struck a rotten
rail,
And not a man about the place
was left to tell the tale—
But the cat came back.

A small boy said he'd kill the
cat—he got a dollar note.
He went out on the river in a
little open boat.
He tied a brick 'round Pussy's
neck—a stone that weighed
a pound—
Now they're dragging in the river
for the little boy that's
drowned.
But the cat came back.

The deacon swore he'd kill the
cat the very next night;
He loaded up his musket gun
with nails and dynamite,
Took his stand down in the garden
for the cat to come
around—
A half a dozen pieces of the man
was all they found,
But the cat came back.

This erstwhile charming little Kitty Ditty was as popular then as "That Waltz" is now when Dainty Mabel Page tripped the light fantastics before the footlights of the old Edgewood avenue theater.

Habitues of the bald-head row, now, who were stage door Johnnies then, will doubtless recall the purring air to which it was sung.

"S-c-a-t-t-!"

The "pump question," thought gone for a pump, has been returned.

Returned by injunction.

Yesterday Attorney J. Samuel Slicer secured from Judge W. D. Ellis a temporary restraining order requiring the Atlanta water board to show cause on February 17 why the prayers of the petitioner, John M. Baird, should not be granted and the pump be not bought.

And now "Does Atlanta need a

THE WEATHER.

Washington, February 4.—Forecast:

Georgia—Rain and warmer Wednesday; Thursday warmer in southeast and colder in northwest portions; increasing east to south winds.

Local Data.

Lowest temperature	34
Highest temperature	45
Mean temperature	40
Normal temperature	43
Rainfall in 24 hours	.00
Deficiency since first of month	.65
Deficiency since January 1	1.32

Reports From Various Stations.

Stations and State of Weather.	Temperature 7 p.m.	Temperature High.	Rain. 12 hours Inches.
Atlanta, cloudy	42	45	.00
Abilene, cloudy	60	70	.00
Augusta, cloudy	44	48	.00
Boston, clear	4	12	.00
Buffalo, clear	—2	4	T
Baltimore, clear	24	28	.00
Charleston, clear	42	45	.00
Charlotte, pt. cloudy	38	44	.00
Chattanooga, rain	38	40	T
Chicago, snow	24	24	T
Cincinnati, cloudy	30	30	.00
Corpus Christi, cloudy	68	72	.00
Denver, cloudy	36	38	T
Detroit, pt. cloudy	10	16	T
Dodge, clear	60	74	.00
Galveston, cloudy	62	64	T
Huron, snow	24	24	.12
Jacksonville, clear	48	52	.00
Jupiter, rain	64	68	.04
Key West, clear	62	66	.00
Knoxville, cloudy	38	40	.00
Los Angeles, clear	58	60	.00
Memphis, cloudy	42	42	.36
Mobile, clear	54	56	.00
Montgomery, cloudy	46	48	T
New Orleans, cloudy	60	64	T
New York, clear	10	16	.00
Norfolk, clear	30	34	.00
Omaha, rain	32	32	.08
Palestine, cloudy	68	68	T
Portland, Me., clear	2	8	.00
Raleigh, clear	34	40	.00
Rapid City, clear	32	32	.00
Savannah, clear	42	50	.00
San Francisco, rain	52	54	.00
St. Louis, rain	32	34	.36
St. Paul, snow	20	22	.02
Tacoma, rain	44	44	.02
Tampa, clear	58	62	.00
Thomasville, clear	46	48	.00
Vicksburg, cloudy	58	64	T
Wilmington, clear	38	44	.00

J. B. MARBURY,
Section Director.

T indicates inappreciable rain or snow.

"MEN OF BRAINS"
PAY THE PRICE FOR
Cortez
AND DO NOT WASTE THEIR CIGAR MONEY IN EXPERIMENTS

pump?" bobs up again as serenely as ever.

After you had asked the question: "Does Atlanta need a pump?"

Had received an affirmative answer:

Had advertised for bids:

Had sat closeted with other "pumpess" for hours, and then days;

Had finally awarded the contract; had been congratulated both by press and public on your act; had gotten the finance committee to "see you through" and then had the whole blamed business busted up by injunction—wouldn't it, now, wouldn't it?

This "pump question," with its centrifugal, centripetal, double and triple expansion appliances had gotten to be a great big black cat in the night in the minds of the Atlanta public, and when she was banished, by way of a purchase, there was great joy in all Atlanta.

The Cat Comes Back.

And now the cat came back.

Came back because she couldn't stay away.

And is liable to be with us until the time limit for the last payment on the "purchased pump" is debarred from collection by the statute of limitation.

It is first to go before a superior court judge for the question as to whether the purchase is to be declared enjoined, null and void and thrown out of court, or whether the city had the right to make this purchase without submitting the question of purchase to a vote of the people, as the petition contends should have been done.

In either event, the decision will be carried to the highest court, and the chances are that it will be several months, maybe a year or more, before the question whether Atlanta "will get a pump" and not "Does Atlanta need a pump," will be settled.

In his petition, which is quite lengthy, Attorney Slicer sets out that John M. Baird, a citizen and tax payer of Atlanta, brings this suit against the city board of water commissioners, composed of Frank G. Lake, Hugh M. Dorsey, W. J. Davis, W. E. Dunn, Thomas F. Stocks, D. A. Walraven, D. N. McCullough and R. T. Pace.

Popular Vote Necessary.

It is alleged in this petition that the act of the legislature of Georgia which created the board of water commissioners provides that any debt contracted by the board of water commissioners for the city which was not to be paid within the year within which it was contracted must first be submitted to the people and approved by them; also, that it is provided by the constitution of the state, in paragraph 1, of section 7, of article 7, that no municipal corporation shall contract any new debt except for a temporary loan to supply casual deficiencies of revenue without its first having been submitted to the qualified voters of the city and voted for by at least two-thirds of the qualified voters therein.

The petition then alleges that the contract entered into by the board of water commissioners with the Wisconsin Engine Company on the 16th day of December for the purchase of the pumping engine provides that one-third of the purchase price is to be paid on January 1, 1909, one-third on January 1, 1910, and one-third on January 1, 1911, and that this contract is wholly illegal and void because it is without the power of the authority of the board of water commissioners and without the power of authority of the city of Atlanta to enter into any contract whereby the debt created is not to be paid within the year in which the contract is made, when the making of the said debt has not been submitted to the people and approved by a two-thirds vote of the qualified voters of the city as required by the provisions of the charter of the city of Atlanta and by the constitution of the state of Georgia, and for that reason the contract is null and void.

The Bids Discussed.

The petitioner also claims that the bid of the Wisconsin Engine Company was not the best bid submitted, because the Bethlehem Steel Company put in a bid of nearly two thousand dollars less than the bid made by the Wisconsin Engine Company, and that the Allis-Chambers Company put in a lower bid, for the reason that, while the prices fixed by the latter company was one thousand dollars in excess of the price to be paid the Wisconsin Engie Company, yet under the terms of the bid of the Allis-Chalmers Company they guaranteed that their engine would save the city at least one thousand dollars a year in fuel alone, and for this reason the bid of the Wisconsin Engine Company was not the lowest and best bid.

He also claims that, though the board of water commissioners has certain discretion in regard to contracts of this kind which it makes for the city, yet it is the duty of the board to exercise this discretion wisely and in the interest of the city, and that it was their duty to award the contract to the lowesct and best bidder, and in making this contract it has abused its discretion.

No Need for Pump.

The plaintiff also claims that the city now has a pumping capacity of 38,000,000 gallons per twenty-four hours, while the city uses only 20,000,000 gallons per day, and for this reason there is no present need of this pump.

The plaintiff then asks the court that the water board and the city of Atlanta be enjoined from carrying this contract into effect, and that the contract be declared null and void, and of no effect. And, further, that a restraining order be granted enjoining the city and the water board from attempting to carry this contract into effect.

After reading the petition, the judge granted the following order:

Read and considered. It is ordered that the petition be filed and the defendants be served with the petition and this order five days before the hearing herein named. Let the defendants show cause before me on the 17th day of February, 1908, at 9:30 a. m. why the prayers of the petition should not be granted. This February 4, 1908. W. D. ELLIS, Judge S. C. A. C.

Some Pump History.

The pump was purchased from the Wisconsin Engine Company for $33,750.

Just one year ago, when the birds were caroling 1907 spring carols, the city officials thought Atlanta needed a new pump. The water board advertised for a pump, and some three or four bids were made. The lowest bid was made by the Holly Company, and it was thought that that company had a walkover, but there bobbed up unexpectedly a centrifugal pump, for which no bids had been asked, and there came a long, hard fight to get the city to take a centrifugal for something like $100,000, bid or no bid. The city didn't take, but called for a new deal. Then came bids for all sorts of pumps from double back-action, vertical, triple-expansion, down to a syringe.

That is where the Allis-Chalmers Company came into the game, and in this last fight the Wisconsin Engine Company won out. An effort was made by the Allis-Chalmers Company to have council reconsider the whole matter after the deal had been closed, but the effort failed.

The contract was signed, sealed and delivered, and it was thought the pump fight was over.

The Steinway Pianos are living beings with hearts and souls. Not only do they inspire the world by their glorious tone, but they share the artist's pleasures and sorrows. How often did I find solace and renewed courage in troubled hours in the heavenly harmonies of my Steinway Piano. May it flourish and prosper, an everlasting joy to all feeling mankind.

ERNESTINE SCHUMANN-HEINK,
Villa "Fides," Sengac, N. J.

Schumann-Heink appears at the Grand February 17. Schumann-Heink uses

The Steinway Piano
Exclusively

All styles can be seen at the Warerooms
—of—
PHILLIPS & CREW CO.
Sole Steinway Agents in this Section

BONI JEALOUS OF HIS COUSIN

He Feared Anna Gould Would Marry Prince Helie De Sagan.

Paris, February 4.—The Sagan-Castellane case came up in the correctional court today. Count Boni and Count Jean de Castellane, his brother, are charged with assault by Prince Helie de Sagan early in January.

Answering a question put by the court, Count Boni declared that he could explain clearly the motives of his animosity toward Prince Helie by certain documents which he intended to hand over to the court, but that the intimate character of these papers prevented their being made public. At this statement, Prince Helie interrupted the proceedings by crying in a loud voice:

"Those documents are forgeries."

Count Boni admitted that he had spat in Prince Helie's face and explained that he had not sent seconds to his cousin to arrange a duel, as he knew that the prince could not find anybody who would be willing to represent him on the field of honor.

Counsel for the count declared that if his client had accepted the judgment of divorce from Madame Gould, it was because he recognized he had wronged the wife, whom he still respected. In spite of the fact that they were separated by law, Count Boni had not been able to restrain his indignation and anger when he heard that the Prince de Sagan was going to become the husband of the mother of his (the count's) children. He considered also the interests of his children and was convinced that Prince Helie could not be even a good god-father to them.

After hearing the testimony of several witnesses Count Jean de Castellane was discharged. Judgment in the case of Count Boni will be handed down later.

TO PREVENT THE GRIP.
LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine removes the cause. To get the genuine, call for full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

150.869.000 FOR PENSIONS.

Washington, February 4.—The house committee on appropriations today reported favorably the pension bil for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1909. The bill as reported abolishes the pension agencies located at Augusta, Me.; Boston; Buffalo; Chicago; Columbus, Ohio; Concord, N. H.; Des Moines, Detroit; Indianapolis; Knoxville, Tenn.; Louisville, Ky.; Milwaukee; New York city; Philadelphia; Pittsburg, San Francisco, and Topeka, Kans., and consolidated them in one central distributing agency at Washington.

The bill as reported carries a total pension appropriation of $150,869,000, which is $174,000 less than the aggregate estimates—the exact sum savable by the consolidation of the agencies.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHE.
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes the cause. Used the world over to Cure a Cold in One Day. E. W. Grove's signature on box. 25c.

TO MEET WITH DEFEAT IN ALDERMANIC BOARD.

It is believed that the resolution adopted by council which retains all city wages until April 1 the same as they were last year, will have a hard fight to pass in the aldermanic board.

The members of the finance committee, it is said, are all opposed to any such resolution, as it changes the apportionment sheet they made up. In council, Mr. Grant, chairman of the finance committee, made an earnest effort to defeat the resolution, and failed.

In the aldermanic board, it is claimed, that Mayor Pro Tem. Quillian, Aldermen Curtis, Pittman, Pomeroy, Hancock and Roberts do not wish to see the resolution adopted, but they may not all take this stand tomorrow when the board meets. Alderman Key is for the resolution, and Alderman Beutell is absent from the city. From the line up it seems almost certain that the resolution will be defeated.

SALOON MEN ARE INDICTED

Thirty-Eight Indictments Were Returned Yesterday at Cullman, Ala.

Cullman, Ala., February 4.—Thirty-eight indictments were returned in less than two hours this afternoon against saloon men by the special grand jury in session here for violation of the state prohibition laws. Numerous other indictments are expected tomorrow. Judge Speake will begin the trial of the first men indicted tomorrow morning.

In his charge to the grand jury, Judge Speake told them to ignore the action of Probate Judge Burke in issuing licenses to the saloon men on the ground that the prohibition law is unconstitutional. He told them to proceed as though no such license existed. This ruling caused consternation among the saloon men, because it was so unexpected. Seven saloons are still open tonight, doing business in Cullman.

FIGHT WENT THE LIMIT.

Battling Nelson and Rudolph Unholz Makes Draw.

Los Angeles, Cal., February 4.—The Battling Nelson-Rudolph Unholz fight went the limit of ten rounds, there being no decision.

TO REVISE TARIFF NEXT WINTER

Continued from Page One.

turers' Association, and speaking for the sole leather manufacturers.

Cannon's Views.

Speaker Cannon, interrupting Mr. Metcalf, asked: "Do I understand that you favor on part of the United States an even tariff with every other country in the world, except that we shall enforce our maximum tariff against such countries as discriminate against our exports—that you favor a minimum and maximum tariff with that application?"

The answer was strongly in the affirmative.

"Then," said the speaker, "I am glad to hear your medicine, for that is precisely the kind of a tariff I believe in myself."

Mr. Payne made his position clear by appealing to the delegates to see the unwisdom of the appointment of a (necessarily) partisan tariff commission, as proposed in the Beveridge bill, "at the heels of a financial panic and on the eve of a presidential campaign. You would not ask a committee of congress to undertake a tariff revision at such a time," he said; "yet now how much more disturbing it would be to have a commission holding public hearings on the tariff at this time.

"My position is that when it shall be best for the interests of the American people to undertake a revision of the tariff, that is the time when I shall favor a revision; and I sroould urge a minimum and maximum tariff coupled with the existing law empowering the United States to make trade agreements with other countries; and I would follow France, Germany and Russia in the provision that the minimum tariff should afford a fair protection to home products.

Revision Next Winter.

"I think the signs of the times are that next winter this congress will undertake a revision of the tariff. Shall we get a working information at first hand from the producers themselves, or shall we content ourselves with getting it second-hand from a body of men appointed as a tariff investigation commission? From what I have seen of the formation of tariff bills—and I have been eighteen years a member of the ways and means committee and for the last nine years its chairman—I should by all means seek it at first hand. You cannot convince me, gentlemen, of the wisdom of appointing such a commission at this session."

The action today of the leaders in congress in declaring that there would be no tariff commission appointed at this session of congress has made the advocates of such a commission more determined than ever to gain their point. At a conference tonight of the representatives of leading commercial organizations a resolution was adopted asking for the immediate appointment of such a commission by the congress.

The representatives of the trades bodies will tomorrow call upon President Roosevelt and endeavor to persuade him to send a special message to congress on the subject.

We Cure Men

Varicocele
Stricture
Blood Poison
Sexual Decline
Hydrocele
Kidney and Bladder Affections

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.
The Old Reliable Specialists

Want every man or woman afflicted with any **Chronic, Nervous, Private, Skin** or **Blood Disease** to come for **Free Consultation** and investigate their professional ability and reputation. We have the finest equipped office of its kind in the south, and our treatments are as complete as years of careful study and experience can make them. If you have become discouraged with "free treatments," patent medicines, general doctors, and have learned by experience that there is nothing good or reliable in the various misleading and deceptive propositions that are so often advertised, we invite you to come to us for an opinion and a practical demonstration of what we can do for you. Our terms are so reasonable that no sufferer need be deprived of a cure, no matter what his financial condition. Each case receives our personal attention. We accept no incurable cases, but guarantee our treatment to cure every case we accept upon these terms. If you cannot call, write us a description of your case, and we will advise you by mail. We are able to cure many cases at home. A symptom blank and booklets for men's diseases, and one for women, will be sent upon request. Everything strictly confidential. Separate waiting rooms for ladies. Office hours: 8:30 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sundays 10 to 1.

Dr. Hathaway & Co., 22 1-2 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

KEELY'S | KEELY'S | KEELY'S

New Spring Suits
The Latest Style Ideas from New York

Two smart new models are shown in Tailored Suits of novelty two-tone stripe suiting in gray and brown, gray and tan, gray and blue, gray and green, gray and plum, etc.

One is the "Keogh" model, an exact copy of a new design of an exclusive New York ladies' tailor. The coat is in medium length, half-fitting, cutaway effect with stitched pockets and cuffs and self-covered buttons; satin-lined. Skirt is all-over plaited with broad bias fold of the goods.

The other suit is made in the new and very fashionable "Butterfly" style with "Mikado" sleeves. Coat is tastefully trimmed with fancy buttons and silk braids, lined with striped taffeta silk. Skirt is box-plaited with strapped panels.

Real value of these suits is $25.00; but as a special inducement for early buying we offer the entire line today at---

Choice--$15.00

We will also offer today fifty brand new Silk Suits at a real bargain price. All are advanced spring models, and thoroughly well made by one of New York's leading manufacturers.

Three styles are included in the lot--a charming "jumper" effect, a new princess model and a two-piece shirtwaist design.

Material is a high grade of all-silk chiffon taffeta in black, brown, pink and three shades of blue--navy, Copenhagen and light. Trimmings are dainty tucks, hand-embroidery and small silk buttons.

In a regular way such suits would sell for $21.00; but we are going to offer the whole line today at--

Choice---$12.50

Sale Begins This Morning, Second Floor.
See the Window Display

Keely Company

COTTON GROWERS TO MEET TODAY

Between 300 and 500 members of the Georgia division of the Southern Cotton Association will gather in annual session this morning for the election of officers for the ensuing year, and the election of delegates to the national convention, to be held at Dallas, Tex., February 19 and 20.

The sessions will be held in the senate chamber at the capitol, and will be presided over by President M. L. Jonnson, of Cass Station, who has been president of this organization for years.

The meeting will be called to order at 11 o'clock, and will probably be concluded in one session.

G. A. Nunnally, of Coweta, county, is vice president of the association, and J. D. Walker, of Hancock county, is treasurer.

In all probability this trio will be re-elected without opposition.

At this meeting the question of reduced acreage will come up for discussion, and the question of fertilization, too.

It is expected that some concerted action in regard to holding down the acreage this year will be taken by this body.

Another important matter will be that of the price of cotton for 1908, and what it is to be held for. The convention will doubtless agree to ratify the action of the national convention, at a later date.

This convention will name members from the Georgia association for the central executive committee, and elect delegates to the national convention, and adjourn.

A number of delegates arrived in the city yesterday afternoon and last night and the great majority are expected here during this morning.

Johson in the Limelight.

It is generally understood that there will be a change in the leadership of the Southern Cotton Association at its next meeting, which will be held in Dallas, Tex., and as successor to the present president M. L. Johnson has been mentioned.

Mr. Johnson has shown rare judgment and ability in conducting the affairs of the Georgia division of the association, of which he is president, and he has a large circle of friends who would like to see the highest honor at the disposal of the members of this association be given to this Georgian.

This is not the first time he has been mentioned for the presidency, however, his name having been used at previous meetings of the association as a desirable leader, should he ever enter the race.

Father Against Son.

Montgomery, Ala., February 4.—(Special.)—Just across the Georgia line from Girard, H. A. Williams has had his son, Lester Williams, arrested for alleged assault, it being said that when he tried to prevent the boy hitting his brother with bricks the missiles were turned on him.

MORTUARY

August Ketteler.

The funeral ceremonies of August Ketteler, one of the pioneer German citizens of Atlanta, who passed away Monday morning at his residence, 63 Connally street, were held yesterday morning at 10 o'clock at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, and the interment followed at Westview cemetery.

James D. Burgess.

James D. Burgess died at Conley, Ga., early yesterday morning. The funeral services will be held today at 11 o'clock at Wesley chapel, and the interment will be in the churchyard.

Mrs. Mary Floyd.

The body of Mrs. Mary Floyd, aged 90 years, who died Monday in Atlanta, was taken yesterday to Covington, Ga., for funeral and interment.

C. B. Shippy.

Friends in Atlanta have been informed of the death in Tucson, Ariz., on February 1 of C. B. Shippey, who some tme ago, accompanied by his mother, father and sister, went west for the sake of his health. He is survived by his father, mother and sister, Miss Mattie Shippey, four brothers, J. K. Shippey, N. N. Shippey, Will Shippey and B. H. Shippey. The body will be brought to Atlanta from Tucson, arriving here this morning at 10 o'clock, and will be taken direct to the residence of J. K. Shippey, 63 Milledge avenue, from which place the funeral services will be held Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment at Wesview cemetery.

John L. Patterree.

John L. Ratterree, aged 31 years, died at the residence of his sister, Mrs. J. M. Connally, 167 Davis street, after a brief illness. The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock today from the residence. Interment at Westview.

Anderson Owens, Oxford, Ga.

Oxford, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Anderson Owens died of pneumonia at his home this morning at 5 o'clock.

He was one of the oldest residents of Newton county, having celebrated his ninety-fourth birthday on January 25 last. He is survived by four children, A. M. Owens, Mrs. D. T. Hyatt and Misses Sallie and Georgia Owens. The interment will be at the family burying ground tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

J. L. Owens, Columbus Ga.

Columbus, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Jesse L. Owens, a well-known lawyer, died here today of grip.

Unexcelled Service

SOME BANKS CONFINE THEIR business to the safe keeping of its deposits, and the loaning of its resources in such a manner that they will be safe, and can be collected when due; benefiting both bank and depositor; and, through him, benefiting the whole community.

The Atlanta National Bank does more than this. It not only safeguards all deposits, but employs every means to afford its patrons the best possible service—such a service as will advance their interests, both individually and collectively.

We ask your consideration.

Commercial Accounts Solicited

ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK

State Depository U. S. Depository

TORCH AND LASH WERE APPLIED

Tobacco Warehouse and Distillery Completely Destroyed.

TWO MEN SEVERELY WHIPPED

Mob Shot Up the Home of Foreman of the Tobacco Factory—Left Member of Firm Tied to a Tree.

Salem, Ky., February 4.—Two hundred masked night riders visited Dycusburg, Ky., early today and applied the torch to Bennett's tobacco warehouse and distillery. Both were completely destroyed. The loss is about $40,000. The masked riders came from the direction of Kuttawa and Eddyville, in Lyon county.

The mob shot up the home of William Groves, foreman of the tobacco factory, driving him from the building, when he was captured and whipped almost to death.

Henry Bennett, a member of the firm of Bennett Bros., was taken from his home, tied to a tree and severely whipped. He was left bound to the tree. Bennett Bros. operate an independent factory and have been buying tobacco from nonassociation growers, it is claimed.

When the mob called at Mr. Groves' house they requested him to come out, and he declined. The shooting at once began. Mr. Groves was in a room with his wife and children, and as the bullets began to fly through the windows he deemed it best to come out in order to save the lives of his family.

NO HOPE FOR BLUEFIELDS.

It Is Believed That the Steamer Foundered January 23.

Philadelphia, February 4.—All hope for the steamship Bluefields, which sailed from Jacksonville on January 21 for Philadelphia, has practically been abandoned, and the best that is hoped for now is that Captain Higgins and his crew might have been picked up by some foreign-bound vessel. It is feared the vessel foundered on the night of January 23, when one of the greatest storms that have been known for years, swept the north Atlantic coast. The Bluefields was laden with lumber and carried a crew of eighteen men.

WOODWARD AND SMITH TO REMAIN IN OFFICE

PARK WOODWARD.

W. Z. SMITH.

This afternoon when the water board meets, at 5 o'clock, General Manager Park Woodward and Secretary W. Z. Smith will be unanimously reelected without opposition.

Through a haze of muddy water, through the embroglios of "pumpism," after a maze of investigations, with the echoes of criticism, abuse and calumny still in the air, these two city officials will not only be reelected, but reelected without opposition.

General Manager Woodward will be nominated, and then ten sworn and good city officials will cast their votes for him without a hitch.

Secretary Smith's name will be offered for reelection, and ten sworn and good city officials will vote for him to a man.

And it all comes after a summer and a winter of more abuse and adverse criticism than any department of the city has ever received before.

Old enemies took advantage of the muddy water to fling a little mud themselves at the waterworks department; politicians thought they saw a chance to make a ten-strike; office hunters thought they smelt a mouse.

The fact that there was muddy water for a few days was made a great deal of, and the general manager was blamed for the state ofaffairs. Then came the long fight over a new pump and an effort to get another water main, and still there was a hue and a cry against the waterworks department.

Result:

The general manager and the secretary are both reeleoted without opposition.

Park Woodward has served the city for many years. He has given his work long and faithful study. He knows where every foot of water pipe is laid, he knows every detail of his department by heart, and he can always be found at his post of duty.

Secretary Smith was elected about two years ago, and he has given the city a most efficient service.

On their record alone they stood for reelection, and that record had to stand in the light of a shower of criticism about the department.

For two more years at least the city is to have the benefit of their efficiency and experience.

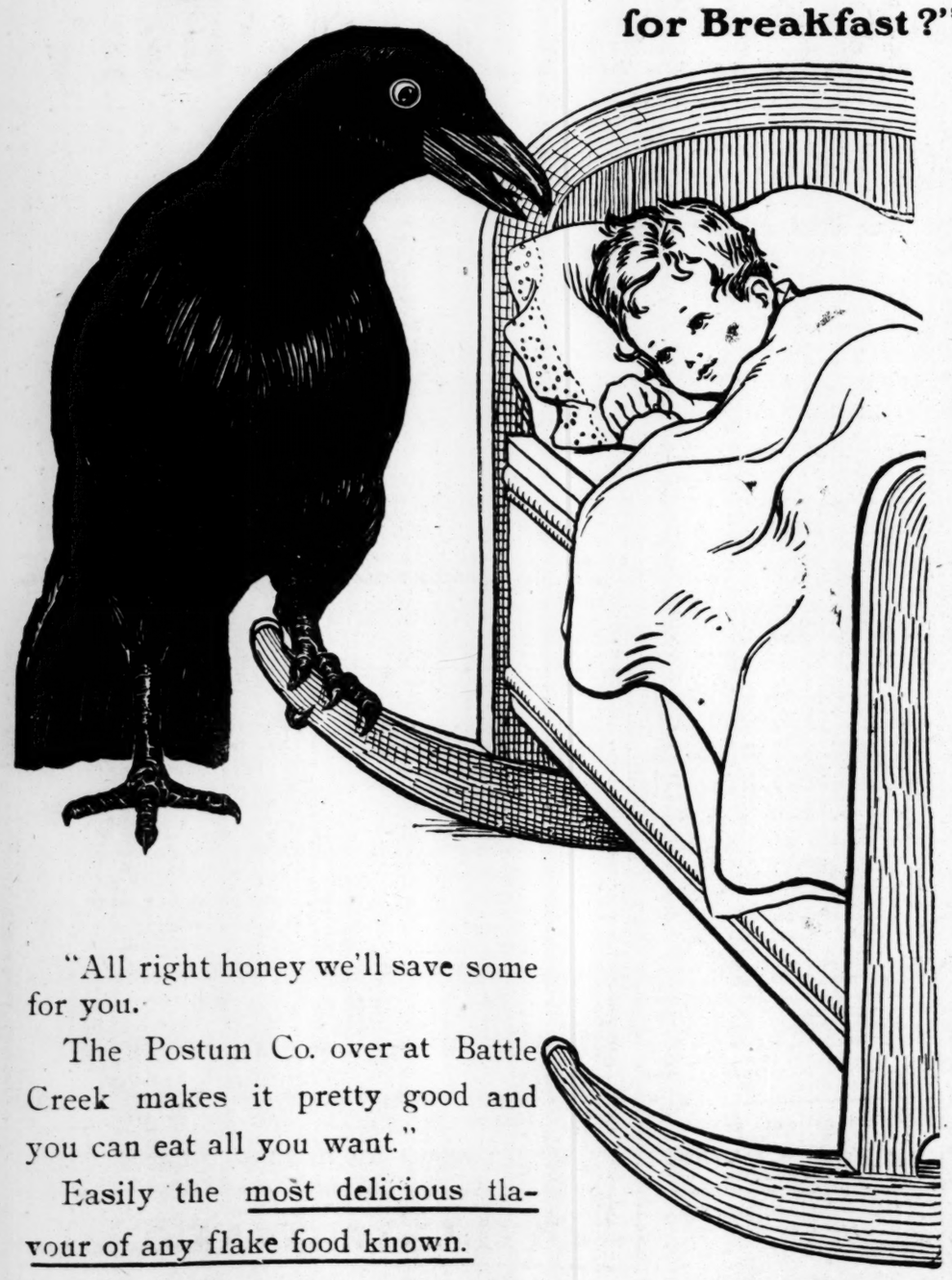
TOO POOR TO PAY CAR FARE, HE WALKS TO BID SON GOODBYE

St. Louis, Mo., February 4.—Too poor to pay railroad fare, Olaf Olsen Bertwelt, 61 years of age, a clothing cutter, living in Chicago, is walking from his home to Fort Sam Houston, Tex., to bid farewell to his favorite son, Martin Bertwelt, bugler of the First egiment, who on February 28 will depart from that post for the Philippine islands. The aged pedestrian, armed with a stout stick and carrying a satchel of clothing and provisions and a compass, arrived in St. Louis last night. He rested here with a family whom he has known for several years, and resumed his journey today, with almost 1,000 miles to be traveled.

"What's that? Want some

Elijah's Manna

for Breakfast?"



"All right honey we'll save some for you.

The Postum Co. over at Battle Creek makes it pretty good and you can eat all you want."

Easily the most delicious flavour of any flake food known.

Be sure the food comes to the table crisp. When package is allowed to remain open the moisture of the air makes it tough. In such case insist that it be dried in an oven as per directions on pkg., then it is delicious.

Grocers sell Pony pkg. at 5c, and large Family size at 15c.

SATISFACTORY.

Whiskey and glycerine, mixed with Virgin Oil of Pine, is said to break up a cold in 24 hours and cure any cough that is curable. Get from your druggist one ½-ounce vial of Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure and two ounces of glycerine. Mix these thoroughly with a half pint of good whisky, and take a teaspoonful every four hours. It has been found that five ounces of tincture of Cinchona compound can be used in place of whisky with the same result. Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure is put up only by the Leach Chemical Co., Cincinnati, O., in half-ounce vials, each vial securely sealed in a round wooden case. Be sure to get the genuine.

CASE OF YATES IN HIGH COURT

Attorney General Hart Will Urge Early Hearing Before Supreme Court.

Attorney General John C. Hart received notice yesterday that the appeal in the case of James S. Yates, of Decatur county, convicted of murder and sentenced to life imprisonment, has been docketed in the supreme court of the United States, where it was carried by John R. Cooper of Macon, Yates' attorney.

Yates was convicted first of manslaughter and the case was carried to the state court of appeals, which gave him a new trial. On his second trial he was convicted of murder with recommendation, and sentenced to life imprisonment. This sentence was affirmed by the state supreme court.

Then Attorney Cooper instituted habeas corpus proceedings in the United States court before Judge Emory Speer, and upon his ruling against the prisoner, the appeal to the supreme court in Washington was taken.

The grounds of the appeal are, first, that Yates has been denied due process of law, in that the state supreme court was equally divided upon the question of giving him a new trial. By statute an equal division of the supreme court affirms the decision of the lower court, but Mr. Cooper holds that the defendant was entitled to an absolute decision by a majority of that court.

The other ground is that Yates has been put twice in jeopardy in violation of the constitution of the United States, it being held by the defendant's counsel that after he was convicted of manslaughter and given a new trial, he could not legally be convicted of murder on the second trial.

Attorney General Hart, who will represent the state in the hearing in Washington, will move for an advancement of the case on that court's docket.

QUIT STEALING, SHOUTS BRYAN

Continued from Page One.

the laws of the nation should prevent, as far as laws can, the use of these commercial activities for gambling purposes, there must be back of the law an educated public opinion, and I beg the spiritual advisors of our great cities to consider whether they cannot advance religion as well as morality by pointing out that the commandment, 'Thou shalt not steal,' is openly and notoriously violated in the stock market and in the grain pit by those who profess to believe in the Bible and to have respect for its teachings."

Mr. Bryan's subject was "Thou Shalt Not Steal." He had not selected the subject with any intention of presenting an argument against stealing, he said, but it was his purpose, rather, to apply the commandment to present conditions. He divided larceny into three classes—petit, grand and glorious. By glorious larceny, he said, he referred to the tendency to regard stealing upon a large scale as less reprehensible than stealing upon a small scale, which has led to the suggestion that the commandment be amended to read "Thou shalt not steal on a small scale."

Larceny in Violation of Law.

Mr. Bryan took the administration of the tax laws to illustrate what he called larceny in violation of the law. "If two men live side by side," said he, "and one contributes in taxation $10 when his just share is only $5, and the other only pays $5 when he ought to pay $10, one loses $5 that he ought to keep, while the other keeps $5 that he ought to give to the government. The effect in this case is just the same as if one man took the other man's property and applied it to his own use. The fact that the government, acting as a collector, took the $5 from the man who is overburdened and gave it to the man who is under-burdened does not change the character of the transaction.

"The subject of private monopoly furnishes us another illustration of larceny, and here it is not petit larceny, nor even grand larceny; it rises to the proportions of a glorious larceny, not only because of the amount taken, but because of the respectability of those who received the stolen goods. The object of a private monopoly is to control the price of the thing sold; it is to corner the market. The theory is that man's necessities require him to buy certain things which sustain his life and add to his comfort. Where there is competition the sellers bid against each other and the purchaser is able to secure what he needs at a price which is approximately fair. If, however, all of the vendors can be brought together in a combination, so that all purchasers must buy of the same vendor, competition is eliminated and the man who fixes the price fixes it arbitrarily; and we know enough of human nature to know he is apt to charge all that the traffic will bear.

"Thou Shalt Not Steal."

"I insist that the commandment, 'Thou shalt not steal,' applies as much to the monopolist as to the highwayman. We shall not make any material progress in the protection of the people from private monopolies, until we are prepared to obliterate the line that society has drawn between the ordinary thief and the larger criminal who holds up society and plunders the public through the instrumentality of private monopoly.

"And it is not sufficient that we shall appeal to the conscience of the monopolist alone. If a highwayman were to engage a lawyer to follow a few rods behind him with a horse that he might have a ready means of escape after having committed an act of robbery, we would call the lawyer a party to the crime and we would visit upon him the same punishment visited upon the principal in the robbery; and yet it is considered quite respectable today for the legal representatives of predatory wealth to visit state capitals and national capitals and prevent the enactment of laws intended to protect the public from private monopolies; and it is even more respectable for the salaried attorneys of these monopolies to follow close after the offenders and furnish them horses in the way of legal technicalities upon which to escape punishment. And some of our metropolitan papers are in the same class with the unscrupulous lawyer. Is it not time to raise the moral standard and to insist that our laws shall be made for the enforcement of human rights and not for the protection of of those who violate these rights? Shall we continue to be horrified at housebreaking and the picking of one's pocket and yet view complacently and without concern these million-dollar raids upon the earnings of the entire population? Surely we are justified in applying to the trust question the commandment, 'Thou shalt not steal.'"

CHARGED WITH BURGLARY.

Macon, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Sheriff Charles Bennett, of Dooly county, was in Macon today for the purpose of capturing Joe Whitehead, a negro, charged with breaking in a Vienna store Sunday night, from which a large amount of goods were taken.

The officer, in company with Detective Nat Harrison, of the Macon police force, located his man and took a quantity of the goods that were missing. The prisoner was carried back to answer for the alleged crime.

Underwear Specials

Some Strong Values for Today

A small lot of Children's white Merino knee Drawers to be closed out tomorrow. Regular price has been 50c

15 Cents

Ladies' lisle thread Vests, short sleeves, crochet and silk tape finish. A regular 50 cent garment.

26 Cents

Ladies' heavy fleece-lined Union Suits, Oneita style, Egyptian cotton. $1 value.

59 Cents

Ladies' grey 75 per cent wool Union Suits, Oneita style. Regular $1.50 garment.

$1.10

Men's heavy weight wool mixed Shirts (Drawers to match,) warm, soft and elastic.

$1.50 quality, $1.23 garment
$1.00 quality for 83 cents.

A special number in Ladies' Lisle thread Union Suits, high neck, knee length, lace trimmed. Or low neck, no-sleeve; or same with tight knee. Never sold at less than $1.00.

45 Cents

Ladies' grey 90 per cent wool Union Suits, Oneita style. An extra quality, regularly sold at $2.25. To close

$1.69

Ladies' Knit Skirts, in plain colors or with Roman stripes.
$1.50 quality for $1.10
1.00 quality for 89 cents.
50 cent quality for 39 cents.

HOSIERY

Ladies' silk Hose in a stylish russet brown, regular $1.50 value

98 Cents

A small lot of ladies' black cotton Hose, white split sole. Regular 25c quality

17 Cents

A full line of children's 1x1 rib, fast black Hose at 15 cents, 2 pairs for 25 cents.

Now there's not a value quoted here that is not well worth while. You will see for yourself that the prices are interesting. They are lines we are wanting to close out and the opportunity for shrewd buying, either for this or next year's wear, is yours. These values are offered for today.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

Every Good Thing Costs Effort

It has taken the labor and experience of a third of a century to bring the

Remington Typewriter

to its present state of incomparable excellence

The Buyer Gets the Benefit

Remington Typewriter Company
(Incorporated)
New York and Everywhere

118 Peachtree St., Atlanta

"Correct Clothes for Men"

Overcoats

and

Suits

at **33 1-3** per cent

Discount

We are cleaning up stock; we do not intend carrying any stock over, and offer every Suit and Overcoat in our house at 1-3 less than actual value.

It's bargain time now at this store and your opportunity.

Essig Bros.

"Correct Clothes for Men"

26 Whitehall St.

ICE TRUST MEN SENT TO PRISON

Prominent Citizens of Toledo Must Serve Six Months.

Toledo, Ohio, February 4.—Roland Beard and Compton Lemman, of the Hygeia Ice Company, and Joseph Miller, manager of the Toledo Ice and Coal Company, were today sentenced to six months in the county jail and to pay the costs of prosecution by Judge Kinkaid for conspiracy in restraint of trade. These men were found guilty last July and at that time Judge Kinkaid sentenced each of them to six months in the workhouse and $2,500 fine.

The case was appealed and a few days ago the supreme court handed down a decision declaring that the convicted men could be sent to jail, but not to the workhouse. They were remanded to the common pleas court for resentence, and while the fine was assessed, the workhouse sentence was changed to the jail. No effort will be made on behalf of the defendants, as they at once began their term of sentence.

All of them are of prominent Toledo families.

SHE SANG TO SAVE LIVES.

Miss Ludgate Trilled "Glory for Me" to Avert Panic.

Detroit, Mich., February 4.—Choking with smoke from a fire that crackled in the rafters directly above and in front of her in Kercheval Avenue Methodist Episcopal church last night, Miss Eva Ludgate, a young woman from Chicago, sang through the lines of "Glory for Me" while her audience filed out to safety. Her calmness averted a serious panic.

Miss Ludgate has been assisting the pastor of the Kercheval Avenue church in a revival.

The fire, which started from defective wiring, was controlled when it had done $500 damage.

Murderer Used Butcher Knife.

St. Petersburg, February 4.—A bill appropriating $3,563,000 for famine relief, in addition to the sum already voted by the duma for this purpose, has been submitted to the cabinet and soon will be introduced in the duma. The estimates of the amounts needed for the coming year are increasing steadily because of the unfavorable news coming from the stricken district.

HE WAS GAMBLER AND BLACKMAILER

So Webster Guerin Is Termed by Former Partner.

PERSECUTED MRS. M'DONALD

Witness Swears That Guerin Frequently Secured Large Sums from the Woman Who Is Now Being Tried on Charge of Killing Him.

Chicago, February 4.—Homer J. Smith, of St. Paul, Ark., a former business partner of Webster S. Guerin, testified today in the murder trial of Mrs. Dora McDonald that Guerin was a gambler and a blackmailer.

He declared that upon one occasion he had acted as intermediary between Mrs. McDonald and Guerin by obtaining $175 from Mrs. McDonald with which to send Guerin to New York. Mrs. McDonald declared, according to the witness, that she wanted to get Guerin out of town. Guerin went away, but returned, and Mrs. McDonald again furnished the funds for him to leave. This time he went to Sandusky and Cleveland. Smith testified that Mrs. McDonald had given $700 to Guerin which he was to invest in the business, but that he did not do so. He told Mrs. McDonald that Guerin had gambled it away. On another occasion, he said, Guerin tried to extort $10,000 from Mrs. McDonald in return for letters from her which he claimed to have. The money was not paid.

Smith said that Mrs. McDonald had told him that Guerin was troubling her all the time and that they went to the Holy Name cathedral together once, and there Guerin made a vow to cease causing her annoyance.

On January 27, 1906, Smith declared that he came to Chicago at the request of friends of Mrs. McDonald to make an effort to have Guerin cease his persecution of the woman. He was unable to make any definite arrangement, he said, and his trip proved fruitless.

Louis J. Blum, an attorney, testified that Mrs. McDonald, before the shooting of Guerin, had told him that she was being blackmailed.

704 MEMBERS FOR CHAMBER

204 Additions Reported Since Membership Campaign Started.

Only a few more days remain in which to secure the 500 additional members to the Atlanta chamber of commerce, which the directors and several committees have been striving for.

Friday night the annual banquet will take place, and it is hoped the committees will be able to report at least 250 new members.

There have been received up to date 204 new members. Following is a list of fifteen new members hitherto not published:

By W. O. Stamps—Henry L. Bennett, 18½ Decatur street.

By D. W. Yarbrough—Race House, Hunter street.

By E. D. Crane & Son—Marett Grocery Company, Madison avenue; Benjamin B. Taylor, manager F. W. King & Co.

By J. J. Goodrum—Cruickshank Cigar Company.

By Charles T. Page—Green, Morris & Black, 312 Empire building.

By Rev. C. A. Langston—Rev. C. B. Wilmer, 412 Courtland.

By Joseph W. Hill—Paul Smith, North Broad street.

By Joseph T. Orme—Piedmont Wall Paper Company, North Pryor street; Rev. M. J. Cofer, 53 N. Pryor.

By Samuel Carter and W. C. Warfield—Walter McElreath, 518 Peters building; F. L. Woodruff, Peters building; Atlanta Dental college, 53 Ivy.

Received by Mail—M. Lichtenstein, 78 Decatur street; Miles & Bradt, Austell building.

Mass Meeting at Sparta.

Sparta, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—At a democratic mass meeting held today R. L. Merritt was elected chairman and a new executive committee was appointed. Governor Smith's administration was endorsed and he was commended for sticking to his present position. Primary was fixed for April 7.

The Wrong Way

Many Physicians Try to Cure Dyspepsia by Having Their Patients Starve Out the Disease.

This Method May Ruin the Stomach.

To become a physician one must study medical literature for a long time and attend several years at a medical college, dissect at least one human body, pass many quizzes and examinations, and at last receive his diploma, which entitles him to the M. D. degree.

Yet all this does not necessarily make a doctor.

We have known many graduates, with their sheepskins, who could not apply the knowledge they had acquired to relieving and curing a patient of dyspepsia.

They were floored by their first attempt to cure such a patient.

They were not to blame for this, for all the knowledge they acquired from medical works was wholly experimental. They were told to try the following:

Aromatic Ammonia.
Bicarbonate of Soda.
Bicarbonate of Potass.
Blue Mass.
Camphor Water.
Catechu.
Charcoal.
Creosote.
Hot Water.
Lime Water.
Magnesia.
Mineral Waters.
Nitric Acid.
Nitro-Muriatic Acid.
Nux Vomica.
Oil of Amber.
Oil of Cajuput.
Rhubarb.
Senna.
Spirits of Lavender.
Starvation.
Strychnia.
Sulphur.
Sulphite of Lime.
Tincture Cardamon.
Taraxacum.
Tincture Ginger.
Tincture of Iron.
Tonics.
Vegetable Bitters.

In the list hot water is the only remedy that will not do more harm than good, and its use is still an unsolved problem.

If the professor who coaches the graduate would hand him a package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and tell him that it was a specific for dyspepsia, indigestion, all stomach ailments, and should be his mainstay in such cases, that one grain of their active principle would digest 3,000 grains of food in the stomach, and that ailed by this remedy the stomach would soon regain its normal condition, he would do the student more good than sending him forth with a lot of uncertain knowledge about the cure of these diseased conditions.

The young doctor would gain a reputation by curing his first case of dyspepsia.

The patient cured would sound his praises far and near, as do thousands upon thousands who praise Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Instead of experimenting with the mess of medicine in the above list, and doing his patients more harm than good, he would always be gaining reputation by always curing his patient.

When he met any indication of a diseased organ, he should discover what hundreds of other doctors have, that the whole trouble started with imperfect digestion and assimilation, then take out of his pocket medicine case a few of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and tell the patient how to use them.

The result would be considered by the patient almost miraculous, and success after success would be achcieved by him.

Many blood diseases, skin eruptions and heart troubles yield readily to Stuart's Dyspepsia Tabets, because they cure the incubating cause—dyspepsia. If the stomach is wrong, you are wrong all over.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold everywhere at druggisas'—50 cents per package.

Send us your name and address today and we will at once send you by mail a sample package, free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., 150 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

CAPT. FOSTER TO MAKE RACE

Milledgeville Man Announces for a Place on Prison Commission.

Milledgeville, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Captain K. R. Foster will be a candidate to succeed Hon. Thomas Eason as a member of the board of prison commissioners. Captain Foster's announcement is as follows:

"I hereby announce myself as a candidate for a place on the prison commission of this state, subject to the democratic primary for state house offices. I feel that my four years' experience as superintendent of the state prison farm in this county gives me a knowledge of the conditions pertaining to this office unsurpassed by any one in the state. If elected, I will do all in my power to improve the penitentiary system of Georgia."

Captain Foster was elected superintendent of the state prison farm nine years ago, when it was established. Since his resignation as superintendent he has engaged in the wholesale grocery business in this city. Captain Foster is a confederate veteran, but is still vigorous.

REMNANTS

Wash Goods

The inventory has been taken; the reckoning of the stock completed; the short lengths culled out, ticketed and piled up, all ready for a special old-time remnant sale this morning at nine o'clock.

Not just a few remnants---but plenty of them. Lengths two to five yards. Materials abundant for your spring and summer sewing:

Batiste Claire	Fancy Madras	Brown Linen
India Linon	Plain Madras	36-in. Sheer Linen Lawn
40-in. Lawn	Pique	36-in. Linen Cambric
45-in. French Lawn	Check Nainsook	54-in. Linen Pillow Casing
Plain Nainsook	Victoria Lawn	40-in. Linen Lawn
French Nainsook	Dimity	Fancy Colored Linen
Persian Lawn	Irish Linen	Plain Colored Linen
French Mull	Cream Linen	

Prices unusually low even for a C.-J.-DuB. sale.
And that's the whole story.
9 O'clock.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

TO THE PROPHETS OF OLD.

President Roosevelt Is Likened by a Chicago Preacher.

Chicago, February 4.—Rev. Amzi C. Dixon, pastor of Moody church, one of the largest congregations in Chicago, last night in an interview compared President Roosevelt to the Prophet Isaiah, crying the nation's sins and said that Mr. Roosevelt is the first of all presidents to apply uninterruptedly Christian principles to everyday life and to the enforcement of the law.

At a prayer meeting in the great Northern theater, Dr. Dixon declared before an audience of a thousand people that Mr. Roosevelt's latest message to congress is one of the greatest messages ever written.

In the interview later, Dr. Dixon followed the reference to Isaiah by likening the president to John the Baptist.

THE VALUE OF SIGHT

Is not appreciated until your eyes give out. If they pain or tire easily, better have them properly tested and glasses fitted. Our methods and service are scientific and up-to-date. A. K. Hawkes Co., Opticians, 14 Whitehall. ***

Negro Attacked Farmer.

Hartwell, Ga., February 4.—(Special.) John Goss, a negro, has been lodged in Hart county jail charged with assault and intent to kill Moses D. Smith, one of Hart county's most prosperous farmers. Goss attacked Mr. Smith, inflicting several wounds on his forehead and hands. The negro ran off, but Sheriff Kidd immediately started on after him, catching up with him at the river ferry. The negro will be tried at the March term of Hart superior court.

CITIZENS WANT NEGRO HANGED

Governor Smith Receives Petition Urging Him to Refuse Commutation.

Governor Smith has returned to the prison commission the papers in the case of Lee Holmes, the McIntosh county negro who is sentenced to be hanged for the murder of E. A. Sands, of Tattnall county, and in which the commission recently sent to the governor a recommendation for commutation to life imprisonment.

The reason for the return of the papers to the prison commission is the presentation to the governor of a long petition signed by citizens of Tattnall county, where Dr. Sands lived, urging him not to commute the sentence. It is stated that the governor desired the commission to consider this petition and other papers in the case, in order to determine whether, in view of their receipt, the commission would revise its finding.

Holmes alleged that the shooting of Dr. Sands was purely an accident, and it was also urged in his behalf that it was impossible for him to get a fair trial because of the condition of public sentiment following an attempt to lynch him after the shooting. It was for these reasons that the prison commission recommended commutation of sentence to life imprisonment, following which the governor respited Holmes until Friday, February 7, when he will be hanged unless the commutation is granted.

The prison commission heard argument in a number of cases, among them being the case of Willie Rogers, a young white man of Savannah, who is condemned to death for the murder of his wife. Judge H. D. D. Twiggs, of Savannah, appeared before the commission and made a strong argument in Roger's behalf. The plea for clemency in Rogers' case is based on the claim that he is mentally irresponsible. Judge Twiggs brought forward facts to show that Rogers is insane, and urged the commission to recommend commutation to life imprisonment.

The commission did not pass on any of the cases, but will make their recommendations to the governor the latter part of this week.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE OPENS AT STATESBORO.

The Doors of the First District Agricultural School Will Be Opened Today.

Statesboro, Ga., February 4.—(Special.) The First district agricultural school will swing its portals open tomorrow morning for the reception of students, and it is understood there will be a large enrollment, applications for room in the dormitories having been received from all twelve of the counties comprising the district and each county will be well represented. The faculty is said to be one of the strongest of any of the agricultural schools of the state.

Rock Island Low Rates Frisco

February 18, 1908

Also March 3 and 17.

To many points in Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and Colorado, via the

Rock Island-Frisco Lines

Here Are a Few of the Round-Trip Rates

To		From Birmingham	From Atlanta
Enid,	Okla.	$27.30	$32.30
Lawton,	Okla.	28.80	33.80
Oklahoma City,	Okla.	26.50	31.50
Tulsa,	Okla.	22.95	27.95
Amarillo,	Tex.	30.00	39.65
Brownwood,	Tex.	28.90	33.90
Dalhart,	Tex.	30.00	41.60
Dallas,	Tex.	25.80	30.80
El Paso,	Tex.	39.00	48.75
Fort Worth,	Tex.	25.80	30.80
Quanah,	Tex.	30.00	35.75
Vernon,	Tex.	29.90	34.90
Santa Rosa,	N. M.	30.00	47.30
Fort Smith,	Ark.	20.50	25.50

Tickets are sold from many points in Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi, Tennessee and Kentucky.

Stopovers allowed; return limit, 25 days, (except that to certain territory the limit is 21 days).

We shall be glad to give you the rate to any point in the West or Southwest, and send you free illustrated books about any state in the Great Southwest.

S. L. PARROTT, Dist. Pass. Agt.
6 North Pryor Street,
Atlanta, Ga.

'Twill Help You

Woman's Relief

Cardui, the woman's remedy, has been known for many years as "Woman's Relief," since it has positively proven its great value in the treatment of womanly diseases.

'Twill help you, if you are a sufferer from any of the ills peculiar to women which can be reached by medicine. Why? Because it has done that for many thousands of other sick women, as grateful letters from them, received every day, clearly describe. Because its ingredients are exclusively vegetable, and contain no mineral or poisonous drugs.

For headache, backache, pressing-down pains, nervousness, irritability, and other symptoms of general female weakness, Cardui has been found quick and safe relief.

Mrs. R. L. Denney, of Huntsville, Ala., writes: "I think Cardui is far ahead of anything for weak women. It does me more good than any medicine I have ever taken. I cannot praise it too highly. I think it is the best woman's medicine on earth." Sold everywhere. Try it.

MRS. R. L. DENNEY
Huntsville, Ala.

FREE BOOK FOR LADIES Write for Free 64-page Book for Women, giving symptoms, causes, home treatment and valuable hints on diet, exercises, etc. Sent free, on request, in plain wrapper, by mail prepaid. Address: Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Take CARDUI

G 148

HIGHTOWER BOX & TANK CO.

Manufacturers of Packing Boxes, Water Tanks and Buckets

Lock Corner Boxes and Shooks a Specialty.

Office and Factory—Corner Humphries and Glenn Streets. | ATLANTA PHONE 888. | BELL PHONE 148 W.

Southern Shorthand & Business University

And the ATLANTA SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY: Atlanta, Ga.
Oldest and Largest South. Positions secured. Enter now. Catalog Free.

COURT DECIDED IN HIS FAVOR

Cooper Fought to Retain Formula Which Has Made a Fortune.

L. T. Cooper, the man who believes that 90 per cent of all ill health of this generation is caused by stomach trouble, is fast winning a national faith in his theory. His claim is now admitted by a surprising number of people throughout the country, and he is gaining new adherents every day.

While speaking of his success in a recent interview, Mr. Cooper said: "I believed ten years ago that any one who could produce a formula that would thoroughly regulate the stomach would have a fortune. When I got hold of this formula I knew within six months that I was right, and that my fortune was made. I called the medicine Cooper's New Discovery, although I did not get up the formula. I have owned it, however, for over three years. I have had one lawsuit over it, which I won in the courts. When it was settled The Cooper Medicine Compnay became the only firm in the world that can prepare the medicine. The preparation has sold like wildfire wherever introduced. As I have said before, it is successful simply because it puts the stomach in perfect shape, then nature does the rest. There are any number of complaints never before associated with stomach trouble that the medicine has alleviated in thousands of cases."

Among statements obtained recently from users of this medicine that is arousing such universal discussion is one from Mrs. Emma Stanley, living in Chicago, at 713 Washington Boulevard, who said: "Perhaps I had the most complicated case that Mr. Cooper had to deal with. I was troubled for years with my stomach. I consulted with doctors and took many patent medicine preparations without result. My stomach was in such a wretched shape that I could not enjoy a meal that I ate.

"I was very nervous, and could hardly sleep; I had a roaring in my ears and dancing spots before my eyes. I felt very bad and weak. Then there was a very sore spot at the pit of my stomach that nearly set me wild.

"I heard about the Cooper medicine and decided to try it. I used four bottles, and the improvement in my case has been really wonderful. My nerves have been quieted, and I am so much improved that I feel like a new woman.

"I cannot say too much for these wonderful remedies, for they have made me well."

We sell the Cooper medicines, and consider them well worth a trial by any one afflicted with chronic stomach trouble and its attendant diseases.—Jacobs' Pharmacy.

DISMISSAL FOR HANCOCK, SAYS MILITARY REGISTER

Major William F. Hancock, of the coast artillery, recently tried by court-martial at the department of the gulf, has been recommended for dismissal from the service, according to The Army and Navy Register on file in the department.

His sentence, as made out by this court, which was headed by Colonel George Gordon Greenough, now commanding the department, is being held up in Washington pending approval or modification by the president.

The notice in the Register is very brief, stating: "The war department has received the record in the court-martial case of Major William F. Hancock, coast artillery, stationed at Fort Barrancas, Florida, in which he was tried for alleged intemperance. The sentence of the court was dismissal."

"BLUE-EYED" HARRY RAYMOND, NOTED CHARACTER, IS DEAD

"Blue-Eyed" Harry Raymond, years ago a well known character about Atlanta, lies dead in Syracuse, N. Y.

Through telegraphic advices received last night at police headquarters from an undertaker in Syracuse, it was learned that Raymond was dead, without means, and the request was made that a certain woman of Atlanta be notified.

"Blue-Eyed" Harry Raymond, whose real name it is said was Lewis Peterson, gained his sobriquet in Atlanta from the fact that his azure eyes seemed as innocent in expression as those of a babe. He was known far and wide some ten years ago in police circles as "Blue-Eyed Harry." Originally he was a barber by profession, but subsequently lived a life of ease with apparently no visible means of support, and was often accused of various offenses against the law. His affability and "smooth" manner, however, stood him in good stead, and it was found impossible to convict him of the offenses of which he was charged. Some years ago he disappeared from Atlanta.

FRUIT GROWERS ORGANIZE.

Americus Fruit Growers Perfect a Strong Organization.

Americus, Ga., February 4.—(Special.) Representative fruit growers of Americus assembled this afternoon and perfected a strong organization for their mutual protection and benefit. A score of leading orchard men and melon growers attended. W. J. Josey was elected president; Elton C. Parker, treasurer, and W. P. Wallis, secretary.

Six hundred thousand peach trees, all in full bearing, three hundred acres canteloupes and two hundred acres of watermelons were represented by owners attending the organization of fruit growers this afternoon, all expressing hope of excellent crops.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

MACHINE SHOPS BURNED.

Loss of Machine Shops Will Amount to $40,000.

Johnson City, Tenn., February 4.—The machine shops of the South and Western railroad at Carnegie were burned yesterday, entailing a loss of about $40,000.

Aside from the machinery, two passenger coaches and a number of freight cars were destroyed and four locomotives badly damaged. It is stated the shops will be rebuilt.

BROTHERS PLEAD GUILTY.

Each Sent Up for a Year for Larceny of Cotton.

Norfolk, Va., February 4.—J. T. and S. F. Beale, brothers, today entered pleas of guilty in the corporation court on the charge of grand larceny of cotton from the Norfolk and Western railway, valued at $3,177. Each was given one year in the penitentiary.

B. L. Odenhall and S. M. Robinson, also charged with being involved in the theft, will be tried Thursday and Friday respectively. Both deny any knowledge that the cotton was stolen.

WILL ATKINSON LINE GET M. & B.?

Some Talk in Macon to That Effect

SOME CHANGE MUST BE MADE

Old Colony Trust Company Has Large Interests in the Macon and Birmingham and Also in the A., B. & A.—This Caused the Rumor.

Brown House, Macon, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—There is talk in railway circles that the Macon and Birmingham may become the property of the Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic and thus become part of the mileage of the system. The idea has struck favorably with the business men of the community for it would mean a new opening to the west through Atlanta, a new opening to the sea at Brunswick and a route to the coal fields through Birmingham.

There is no stronger reason for the rumored change of ownership than the fact that the Old Colony Trust Company now having large interests in the Macon and Birmingham, also has large interests in the Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic. It is certain also that some change must be made that will cause the Macon and Birmingham to earn more for its owners. It is a certain fact that railway managers concerned are casting about in efforts to find greater uses for the Macon and Birmingham than have heretofore existed. For years the road has not been the most desirable property and the strongest reasons put forth are that the line is cut off from a great deal of business through its present form of existence.

The indications are that those who are interested will make early efforts to secure changes which will mean more commercial advantages to the line. The suggestion is made that the Old Colony Trust Company will be more interested than any other railway owners and the change may be affected within a short time.

Signs of Prosperity.

The Brown Shoe Company, of St. Louis, report a gain in Shipments of over One Hundred Thousand Dollars in January, 1908, over the same month in 1907, and a Gain of almost a Million Dollars for the year 1907, over the year 1906.

The Brown Shoe Company state that their January (1908) shipments show a gain of One Hundred and Ten Thousand Dollars over the corresponding month of 1907, and their shipments for the year 1907 show a gain of Nine Hundred and Nineteen Thousand Dollars over the year 1906.

They have built two large brick factories the past year, each 310 feet long, 50 feet wide and three stories high, which now gives them eight big plants, with a total floor area of over seventeen acres. They will this month increase their capital stock from Two Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars to Three Million Dollars.

Their leading brands are White House Shoes for Men and Women, Buster Brown Blue Ribbon Shoes for Boys and Girls, Mound City High Cuts, Ox Calf Work Shoes and other Star-Five Star specialties, on which they were awarded the only Double Grand Prize at the St. Louis World's Fair in 1904, and the Gold Medal at the Jamestown Exposition of 1907.

Owing to the unprecedented demand for these goods they were unable to fill all orders as promptly and completely as desired during part of the year 1907, but now with their increased manufacturing facilities, enabling them to carry a stock at all times amounting to over a million dollars, they are back to their old basis of filling complete in first shipment 95 to 100 per cent of all orders received. Special attention is given to mail orders.

Merchants coming to St. Louis are cordially invited to visit the White House, on Washington Avenue at Seventeenth Street, the finest and best equipped building in the world for handling shoes.

RUG SALE

We Announce a Special Sale of large and small size Rugs at away below regular selling prices. Another instance of the mighty buying power of Ready Cash. Now---here's your chance to possess some spendid Rugs

At Almost Sensational Prices

Today to the first 50 customers answering this remarkable Rug advertisement, we'll sell a splendid all-wool Reversible Door Mat, in rich, bright colorings, for only..... **39c**

Today, 21x54 all-wool Smyrna Rugs, in choice colorings, $2.50 value, for..... **$1.48**

Today, 30x63 all-wool Smyrna Rugs, $4.00 value, for..... **$2.95**

Today, small quantity of 3x6 all-wool Smyrna Rugs, $5.00 value, for..... **$3.95**

Today, 6x9 all-wool Smyrna Rugs, beautiful colorings and patterns; $16.50 value.. **$12.50**

Today, 7.6x10.6 all-wool Smyrna Rugs; $22.50 value, for..... **$17.50**

Today, 9x12 size elegant $25.00 Smyrna Rugs, special for..... **$20.00**

Now listen at this! One lot of about 50 beautiful 9x12 size Clover Fiber Rugs in high art colorings. Will give splend id wear; actual value $15.00; today's special, this sale..... **$9.95**

J. M. HIGH CO.

DEATH CLAIMS J. R. MOSELEY.

Chief Cummings and Lieutenant Moseley Leave Tonight to Attend Funeral.

J. R. Moseley, one of the best-known and most popular young men of Atlanta for the past twenty years, died last night at 6:30 o'clock at the home

J. R. MOSELEY.

of his sister, Mrs. J. R. Pike, in Orangeburg, S. C., after a protracted illness.

For eighteen years Rob Moseley, as he was known among his friends and acquaintances in Atlanta and throughout the central section of the state, was a prominent figure in the J. M. High dry goods store.

As a cash boy he entered the service of that firm, and by close attention to business gradually advanced until he became the head of the notion department.

He is survived by one brother and one sister in Atlanta, W. S. Moseley, lieutenant of fire company No. 9, and Miss Marie Moseley, as well as by his sister, Mrs. Pike, in Orangeburg. He was a nephew of Chief Cummings, of the Atlanta fire department. Some months ago Mr. Moseley's health began failing, and he was compelled to take a vacation.

The funeral will take place in Aiken, S. C., Thursday morning, and the interment will be in that city. Chief Cummings and Lieutenant Moseley and Miss Moseley will leave Atlanta tonight for Aiken to attend the funeral.

KODAKS—SUPPLIES—FINISHING.
Our Kodak department is replete with the choicest of everything in the Kodak line and our Kodak finishing is unequaled in the south. A. K. Hawkes Co., opticians, 14 Whitehall.

Bilfro In The Race.

Montgomery, Ala., February 4.—(Special.)—Judge John A. Bilbro, of Gadsden, who is in the city for the call of the eighth division of the supreme court, is a candidate for justice of the supreme court, and will make formal announcement of this in a few days. Judge Bilbro ran at the last election, and made a fine sohwing.

Boll Weevil Quarantine Lifted.

Baton Rouge, February 4.—The state crop commission of Louisiana today withdrew the quarantine on cotton shipments from boll-weevil territory. The quarantine has been in effect since the weevil was first discovered in this state. The commission finds that the pest is now over practically the entire state, and a quarantine against the shipment of cotton from infested territory is without effect.

A CONVENTION FOR ALABAMA

Montgomery, Ala., February 4.—(Special.)—The powers that be in the democratic party in the state have, within the last twenty-four hours, changed front on the question or primary or convention for the election of delegates, and now favor a convention. Up until Monday evening it was all primary, but at that time the word went out that after all it would be better to have an old time convention.

The impression is that the convention idea has grown out of the reported threat on the part of the anti-Comer-Bryan men that if such plan is adopted they will capture it and control the delegation. The dominant wing of the party is confident, however, that it can hold its own in any contest, and is willing to make a show of strength in any way the members of the committee may desire.

There seems at this time no reason to doubt that Governor Comer will be able to absolutely control the party organization, and that the full delegation will be out and out dyed in the wool Bryan men.

Hartwell City Court.

Hartwell, Ga., February 4.—(Special.) The city court of Hartwell is in session this week. The court will probably consume only two days. The most important case pending, that of Annie Ellenburg v. the Southern Railway Company, being a suit for $25,000 damages, resulting from the killing of W. J. Ellenburg, a constable of Ray's district, two years ago, has been continued by consent, and will stand for trial at the May term of the city court.

DELOACH-BRUCE.

Ocilla, Ga., February 3.—(Special.)—O. P. Deloach, of Claxton, Ga., and Miss Ida Bruce, of this place, were married at the home of the bride's brother, Mr. Perry Bruce, at this place, at 8 o'clock last evening, Rev. W. J. Barton officiating. They left for Claxton on the Seaboard Air Line train this morning for Claxton, where they will make their future home.

Mr. Deloach is one of Claxton's sterling young men, and Miss Bruce is a daughter of Mr. J. L. Bruce of Rochelle, Ga.

Campbell Superior Court.

Fairburn, Ga., February 4.—(Special.) Campbell superior court convened here yesterday, Judge L. S. Roan presiding. The charge to the grand jury by Judge Roan was, perhaps, the greatest and most remarkable ever heard here.

VERDICT MADE IN SIX HOURS

Rome, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—The jury in the case of Jack Strange, accused of the murder of Blake Peterson, returned a sealed verdict tonight at 9:30 o'clock, after six hours' deliberation.

It is understood that Strange was convicted of manslaughted, the Mitchell case will be taken up Wednesday morning.

RISING BREAST And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of "Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain. No woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga. **MOTHER'S FRIEND**

Boys' clothes at big reductions

In the Windows

Lots regular $1.50 Shirts at **75 Cents.**

50c and 75c Four-in-hand Cravats at **35 Cents.** (3 for $1.00)

$5.00 to $12.00 Bath Robes **$2.50 to $6.00.**

Lots of Men's Natural Wool $1.50 Underwear at **$1.15.**

50-cent Fancy Hosiery at **35 Cents.** (3 for $1.00)

Suits that were $8.50, $8, $7.50 and $7.00 are now $5.00

Suits that were $6 and $5 are now reduced to $3.50

Plain and fancy cheviots, worsteds and cassimeres; regular double-breasted and Norfolk styles.

Every suit in the lot is new, for this is our first season in boys' clothing. Sizes 7 to 17.

Daniel Bros. Co.
L. J. DANIEL, President
45-47-49 Peachtree Street.

California

-the ideal winter resort

All the way

Santa Fe

Go by the Santa Fe. The tracks are dustless and safeguarded by block signals. **Fred Harvey** meals, too. You travel along the historic Santa Fe trail. You may stop at the **Grand Canyon of Arizona**—the world's wonder.

The California Limited
is the train of luxury, for **first-class travel only,** with Pullman for Grand Canyon. Preferred by particular people. All other trains to Southern California, via any line, carry second-class sleepers and second-class passengers.

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on three other daily Santa Fe trains to California. Our California Fast Mail is as fast as the Limited. **Personally-conducted** parties tri-weekly. You save in railroad and sleeper fares and combine **economy** with **comfort.**

Ask for books of the trip, and say when you expect to go.

J. C. Sartelle, Pass. Agent, A. T. & S. F. Ry., 14 North Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.

The Constitution

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CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

ATLANTA, GA., February 5, 1908.

Let Texas be content: Death and taxes are everywhere prevalent.

And so The Great Explainer Cortelyou still sees stars in a star role.

A recent verdict has proven that velvet swings go too high for this age.

Colonel George Harvey, of Harper's Weekly, is still running the country to suit himself.

Is The Charleston News and Courier really supporting Roosevelt for anything he wants?

In Georgia prohibition does not lack picturesqueness. There are all sorts of landscapes to it.

Should we not be thankful for every day that February gives us when so many of us are short?

When the president is "terribly in earnest" that is not the time for Harriman to surround him.

Naturally, they are all saying that the asylum for Thaw is not so shocking as the electric chair.

And the Arkansas editors are all willing to pay the income tax if you can show 'em the incomes.

Oklahoma is still having the all-overs. But then, Okahoma is young and is just trying her optics.

They are talking about rearranging the stars in the flag. Hope they will not succeed in tying it to the Big Stick.

Ground Hog Day is only one in the year. The balance are taken up by the men who refuse to hang to the straps.

Sir Oliver Lodge is all right, but he doesn't succeed in giving any of us anything save a lodge in some vast wilderness.

Three southern states are trying to claim Martin W. Littleton. However, at last accounts Arkansas was satisfied with Jeff Davis.

The Houston, Texas, Post thinks that maybe Mr. Rockefeller has come to Georgia to survey the money the water wagoners will save on account of prohibition.

In summing up the Thaw case The Charleston News and Courier has decided that had Thaw never married the woman he would never have been thought insane.

The Richmond Times-Dispatch thinks that because John L. Sullivan recently biffed a man for offering him a drink Chattanooga ought to take the temperance pledge.

On account of one "heavenly Sabbath" in Houston the preachers finally succeeded in getting the brethren to pay their poll tax. Of course, there must be other Sabbaths in Houston that are not "heavenly."

This red-headed joke has gone too far. Since Bailey discovered that Texas was infested with red-headed widows, they have brought to a luminous light no less than thirteen red-headed bachelors in Arkansas. (Fire's out.)

Governor Spoke.

Montgomery, Ala., February 4.—(Special.)—Governor B. B. Comer was the leading speaker at the Sunday school rally at Brewton Saturday and Sunday. He spoke Sunday to a large audience. The governor was for many years superintendent of the First Methodist Sunday school at Birmingham, the largest in the state.

OUR MISERABLE MAIL SERVICE.

There is, at last, some hope for improvement in the miserably inadequate mail service from which the south, particularly, has so long had to suffer, if congress will place itself in accord with the suggestion of Senator Clay and require from the railroads strict contract performance.

In line with the suggestion of The Constitution, Senator Clay has prepared an amendment for insertion in the postoffice appropriation bill, providing that all delays of mail trains and missing of connections which cannot positively be shown to have been due to providential causes, shall be considered breaches of contract for which the entire proportion of compensation due for the service called for from any offending train, shall be withheld.

It is utter folly to suppose that a fine of fifty or seventy-five cents, or even three dollars—fines such as have been assessed by the postoffice department from time to time, as disclosed by its report to the senate in response to the resolution offered by Senator Clay—would be of sufficient moment to correct this evil. Rather has the evil been growing steadily worse until to term it wanton outrage upon the public would be but mild designation.

Time is a primary, if not the most important, element of the mail service; the business interests and convenience of millions of its patrons are at stake.

A delay of two or three hours may mean the loss of business transactions to those living directly upon a mail route, but one of even shorter duration, involving the missing of important connections, necessarily means a loss of twenty-four hours to the thousands and thousands of patrons of rural free delivery routes whose carriers, giving service once a day, are compelled to leave the postoffices in the early morning hours.

Complained of now for some years, Senator Clay is the first to courageously take up this fight in behalf of the business interests and the farmers of the south, where conditions have become worse than in any other part of the country.

It is not necessary that there should be anything of oppression in the measure, but it has come to be apparent that the only way to get results is to refuse to pay anything for a service that is not rendered. That this is just cannot be questioned.

It is the people who pay for this service, and they are not receiving what they pay for.

It is apparent that the postoffice department has not properly protected the public interests in this direction; hence the public must look to congress for the much needed relief.

PARKS FOR THE PEOPLE.

Miss Rebecca Raoul is entitled to the gratitude of the thinking and humane people of Atlanta for her recent plea in The Constitution in behalf of more parks and playgrounds for the children and the working classes of the city.

Miss Raoul has given the subject close and sympathetic study. In her well-reasoned and graphic communication she shows what penologists and criminologists have been endeavoring to impress on the popular mind for many years: That one of the most prolific sources of crime, poverty and moral degradation lies in the physical weakness of close-cramped city children and the corrupting associations inseparable from their unrestrained life in the streets.

She makes, too, a point often reiterated by The Constitution: That large and small parks are veritable sanitaria for that class of the city's population unable through lack of means or the exigencies of bread-winning to take a brief summer vacation from their toil, or who dwell in such congested districts that they must go out and search for the health-giving summer breezes.

We can no longer ignore the fact of Atlanta's metropolitanism. The apartment house, the flat, the multiplying small cottage, and the sky-scraper are obliterating the open spaces of the city with a sure swiftness. The smoke of factories, the other contaminating by-products of rapidly expanding industrial growth are, year after year, in larger evidence.

It is simply civic duty—commercial economy in the long run—to follow in the footsteps of other cities, and give Atlanta a system of public parks of which the city will have reason to be proud.

RATHER A NEW INCOME TAX.

Representative Hull, of Tennessee, would have various untested provisions of the old income tax law brought forward for an exhaustive judicial review, that the nation might know once for all just what potentialities reside in this thoroughly discredited instrument.

Would not the undeniably righteous ends of a graduated income tax be infinitely hastened by the passage of an entirely new statute, framed with a careful eye to the features which invalidated its predecessor?

The complexion, moreover, of the supreme court has changed radically since that unfathomable occasion when a yet-to-be-explained about-face on part of the nation's most exalted tribunal placed the income tax law in the convenient morgue of unconstitutionality.

"Mr. Dooly" meant no sinister reflection on the supreme court, but he spoke from a keen knowledge of human nature when he declared that that body sometimes "followed the election returns." He would, perhaps, have come nearer the truth had he stated that the supreme court was not impervious to public opinion; most especially when its manifestations took the form of settled, mature and unemotional conviction.

There is abundant evidence that the ruling, conservative sentiment of America has reached this stage with regard to the principle of an income tax. And we live under a form of government wherein the will of the majority finally prevails, in spite of the temporary obstacles created by unthinking or venal influences.

An income tax is infinitely just. Underlying its operation is that eternal equity which decrees that the man or the men who receive most of the benefits of or the largest protection from government, should bear the heavier burdens of its administration. Our present system is at disgraceful variance with this principle.

The income tax has been approved by both parties. It has the recent endorsement of a republican president. Its advent cannot be long delayed.

Fate and the "Eternal Feminine."

The refusal of the debating team of the Columbia university, of New York, to cross swords in debate with Miss Elizabeth A. Cook, who is a regularly appointed member of the Cornell delegation, draws attention to an intensely interesting situation, in which the humor is only superficial.

Stripped of persiflage, the issue turns on the problem of coeducation and the question of the antagonism of the sexes in every line of human endeavor.

It is not difficult to understand or sympathize with the reasoning of the Columbia contingent. The spectacle of women side by side with and opposing men in the activities of public life has not yet outgrown its novelty. No man with normal powers of observation may honestly question that in this section of the country, at least, the equation of sex counts powerfully in the courtroom or other public forums. Instinctively and inevitably we think of the woman first and the debater or the lawyer or the doctor afterward.

We have not quite outlived the gruff fallacy of Dr. Samuel Johnson. With cynical iconoclasm he declared that men marveled not so much at what women said in public, as at the spectacle of them speaking in public at all; much as we marvel not at the steps displayed by a trained bear, but at the sheer fact that it can be taught to perform at all.

But it may be stated, with all the emphasis of observation, experience and logic, that the supporters of the Columbian and the Johnson theories are occupying a totally untenable position; one hopelessly out of harmony with the times and one they will be forced to ultimately abandon, voluntarily or otherwise.

Woman has come into the professions to stay. Much as the thought may oppose itself to inherited tradition, it cannot be ignored. Atlanta, situated in the very heart of the old chivalric south, has had and now has her women lawyers, physicians, dentists and public speakers. They compare more favorably in many instances with men in similar occupations, in explanation of which fact it is easy to cite any number of logical and psychological reasons. In all of these fields they long ago passed the "freak" stage. It is now only a question of what limit their activities will reach.

The same is true of other portions of the country, in emphasized ratio in the western states. They not only vie with men in the professions in Colorado, Kansas, Wyoming and California, but in three of these states they have the right of suffrage and they hold public office.

Sooner or later these protesting students of Columbia will encounter feminine antagonists in the courtroom and other public tribunals. Will they excuse their refusal to try cases or advocate causes under these conditions with the same logic they now employ?

There is no escape from fate. (Especially when it wears the garb of the "eternal feminine.")

Jackson Court in Session.

Jefferson, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Jackson superior court is in session this week, Judge C. H. Brand presiding. His charge to the grand jury was very forceful and is being highly commended.

"Just From Georgia"

A Little Woman.

I.

Perhaps, you never knew her?—She
Was only known to those who love her,
And still revere her memory,
Pure as the stars that shine above her.

II.

On errands sweet with mercy swift
She went—her heart of joy the token,
Her willing hands the weight would lift
From many a heart—despairing—broken!

III.

If grief she had, we could not tell—
We dared not ask—we never knew it!
Her heart was like a hidden well,
Deep—sealed: and only God saw through it.

IV.

The day she died they came to me
And said: "No joy would we deny her;
Some word above her grave must be,
Now, that the Lord has called her higher."

V.

I wept—but did not weep alone,—
Because my grief was theirs in common:
Said I, "Place nothing on the stone
Save this: 'Here Lies a Little Woman!'"

* * * * *

The Jury Had It.

Two men were standing on the sidewalk. One man had in his hand a jug that probably held a gallon.

"You'll need that mighty soon. Let's get on the car and go home."

The reply was: "Not with this."

He held it up. It fell with a crash.

An old negro was passing. He viewed the broken business—looked from one man to the other, and said only these finely-significant words:

"Gone ter de Jury!"

* * * * *

Joy and Morning.

I.

Soon the stormy clouds in flight—
Then no wintry warning;
Sorrow's only for a night—
Joy comes with the morning!

II.

See—the hills with color bright—
Earth her brows adorning,
Farewell, Sorrow! Farewell, Night!—
Welcome Joy and Morning!

* * * * *

Briefs from Billville.

We promise to barbecue two cows for any candidate for president who will come to Billville.

The esteemed janitor of our court house has a relative in Washington who is beseeching him to run for president. He has the matter under consideration.

Congress is not in it in this section any more. Nothing will now satisfy candidates but the highest office in the gift of the people.

* * * * *

The Whitsett Courier hears of a gentleman who runs so fast for office that he broke one leg and his neck. This awful warning, however, will not deter prospective and perspiring candidates.

* * * * *

Winter Winds.

I.

The winter winds are blowin',
An' the woods are bleak to see,
But I don't object to snowin',
For the fire burns bright for me.

II.

And the light streams out the window,
And your heart beats joyfully,
For I know, by one glad hearthside
There is some one waits for me.

III.

Do you care for icy meadows—
For the lost and lonely night,
When you know, beyond the shadows
That the fire is burning bright?

IV.

Ah, the winter is not dreary
When the love-lights come in view,
When you know one heart that loves you
By the hearthside waits for you.

F. L. S.

LETTERS FROM PEOPLE.

Cotton and the Negro.

Editor Constitution: In Sunday morning's Constitution Hon. M. L. Johnson, president of the Georgia division of the Southern Cotton Association, advises the coming annual convention to "cut down the acreage and plant for not more than 10,500,000 bales in 1908." This advice seems sound for white farmers. But what about the negro farmers? It seems imperative that some systematic effort be made to control the acreage and production among the negro farmers. In Georgia there are 224,266 farms. The negro farmers operate 90,839 or 40 per cent of these farms, and cotton is the principal crop upon 80 per cent of these farms. In many cases the parties renting the land to negro farmers live in the towns or cities, and do not seem to care what his tenant plants so long as he pays his rent. Oftentimes the tenant feels that he could not get the land or his supplies to make a crop if he did not plant all cotton. Many of them do not read the papers and hence cannot know what is going on about them. Again, the negro farmers are less able to hold their cotton than white farmers. For this reason they need the help and encouragement of the white farmers of the state.

There were men who bought cotton in the field in the months of August and September. Who knows but some one representing outside interests is planning to play upon the poverty and ignorance of the negro farmers to defeat the object which the cotton growers' association is striving to reach? We need the help of our white friends and take this opportunity to ask the consideration of the coming convention. We want to do the right thing and desire our friends to help us, or some may be led astray. P. C. PARKS.

Farm Director, Clark University.
Atlanta, Ga., February 4, 1908.

SECRETARY COOPER THANKS CONSTITUTION

Editor Constitution: Allow me, in behalf of the Atlanta chamber of commerce, to thank you for the valuable aid you have given this organization in its canvass for new members. The effect of your editorials and local articles has been very marked, and they have caused the people to rally to the chamber of commerce with great enthusiasm.

The press, the city government, and the chamber of commerce have always worked together for the good of the city, and I feel sure they always will.

During the last five years the joint efforts of the chamber of commerce, and the city government, backed by the press and the spirit of the people, have brought to this city conventions and other gatherings which have spent with our merchants, manufacturers, hotels, restaurants, and places of amusement at least $1,000,000. Better than this expenditure, the visitors have in almost every case become new friends of Atlanta who went away enthusiastic, walking advertisements of our city in every part of the country. Not a few of them have returned to make Atlanta their home.

Upon the joint invitation of the state, the city and the chamber of commerce, presented by Hon. Harvie Jordan, at Vienna, more than 100 European cotton spinners visited our city and were royally entertained last October. This was the first world-wide gathering of the producer and manufacturer of cotton, and the incidental benefit to our city will be eclipsed by the greater benefit to the southern farmer in the improved handling and increased value of the crop, which has been estimated at not less than $1 per bale, with the probability that it will far exceed that sum, making anywhere from $12,000,000 to $25,000,000 on the crop.

It is due to the same combined efforts and influences that our great auditorium-armory, substantially a reproduction of the auditorium at Kansas City, which is admittedly the best for general purposes in the United States, has reached the stage of construction and will soon be completed.

The Cotton exposition of 1881 and the Cotton States exposion of 1895 were born in the chamber of commerce, and their results are monumental. Nothing did more to stimulate the material reconstruction of the south than the Cotton exposition of 1881, and that of 1895 lifted this community from the position of a provincial city to one of almost metropolitan importance.

These are some of the great things accomplished by the joint efforts of the chamber of commerce, the city of Atlanta and the press. There are many others, but I do not care to weary you or your readers by detailed specification, nor is it wise to dwell too much on what has been done in the past; rather we should look to the future with a view to enlarging our usefulness.

In the years just ahead of us we have a great deal of important work to do for the upbuilding and improvement of our city, and it behooves us to marshal all forces available for this purpose. This is an era of organization and, other things being equal, the best organized community will win in the race of progress.

We want to make Atlanta not only the greatest but the best and most beautiful city in the south. We wish it to be in all things, as it is in many, the leader in the progress of our section. We might go further and aspire to make it one of the leading municipalities of the country, for in some things we already excel any city of like size in America, but there are some phases of our municipal life in which we do not excel, and we cannot advance in these matters until we frankly recognize our defects and set out in a thoroughgoing way to replace them with excellence.

On several of these subjects which affect the health, comfort and pleasure of the people, the chamber if commerce will have some definite suggestions to make in the near future.

I trust also that the voice of this organization will be heard in an effective way in the matter of education. Within five years after the census of 1900 the manufactured products of Atlanta and suburbs doubled and the number of wageearners increased more than 60 per cent, while the school attendance increased less than 25 per cent. Of those in attendance on the schools a considerable proportion, especially in the lower grades, could not receive proper attention because the teachers had too many pupils. It is a bad condition where wealth and population increases more than twice as fast as educational facilities, and this matter will have to be dealt with in the near future or there will be serious results. Within recent years the commitments to the chaingang have equaled 10 per cent of the colored population. This ought to wake up the public on the subject of education and industrial training.

W. G. COOPER.

IN THE COURTS

Judge Calhoun disposed of one of the several blind tiger cases on the city court docket yesterday when Chester Dent was convicted of selling whisky and given a sentence of twelve months.

John Bruner, charged with selling whisky and keeping it in a public place, and Ed Bachus, Henry Jones, Cleo Jones and Gifford Hornsby, all charged with selling whisky, are yet to be tried.

Solicitor Hill has called a meeting of the grand jury for Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. The jury will consider several cases, among them those against Williams and Groves, charged with aiding in the recent jail delivery, and then adjourn. It is not called upon for presentments.

D. C. Patterson has been appointed permanent receiver of the Atlanta Furnace Company on the petition of the Central Bank and Trust Company, who alleges that the furnace company owes a heavy debt to the Neal bank. The Atlanta Furnace Company consented to the appointment of the permanent receiver. Mr. Patterson's bond was fixed at $2,000.

Chief Turner, of the county police, who has been ill since Sunday, was better yesterday and will probably return to his office within a few days. Lieutenant C. A. Robinson is in charge of the force during the chief's indisposition.

STEAMBOAT POOL FORMED.

All the Boats at Columbus Join New Combine.

Columbus, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Another steamboat association has been formed in Columbus, going into effect today, and every steamboat plying the Chattahoochee river is in the new combine.

The Columbus Steamboat Association went out of existance last week. Competing lines immediately got busy, but, rather unexpectedly, another river pool has been formed. Richard Howard is general manager.

WIRZ INSCRIPTION CAUSES MEETING

Two Committees of Ladies Convene Here Tomorrow.

WILL MODIFY INSCRIPTION

Executive Committee of Georgia Division of the United Daughters of the Confederacy and Ladies of Wirz Monument Committee Will Hold Session.

For the purpose of considering and taking action upon the proposed inscription to be placed upon the Wirz monument, about which much has been written and said since the tentative draft of it was made public, a meeting of the executive committee of the Georgia division of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, together with the ladies of the Wirz monument committee, has been called for 10 o'clock tomorrow morning in the Women's Club room in the Grand building.

It is understood that a full meeting of both committees will be present, and that the matter will be gone into in all its details.

While it is impossible to predict the action of the meeting, it is generally believed that it will result in a decision to modify in certain particulars, the inscription that was proposed for the monument.

The result of the meeting will be awaited with no small interest.

SHALL ECHOLS OR TIFT FURNISH STATE SENATOR?

The Creation of Tift County Has Caused a Very Interesting Question.

Valdosta, Ga., February 4.—(Special.) Whether Echols or Tift county shall furnish the next state senator from the sixth district, is agitating the politicians in favor of Tift. The executive committee of the district has been called to meet in this city on February 20.

Formerly the sixth district was composed of Berrien, Lowndes and Echols counties, but when the county of Tift was created it became a part of the district. But for the entry of Tift it would now be, under the rotation plan, Echols county's time to furnish the senator.

Tift claims that under the old plan it is now her time to furnish the man, while Echols, it is understood, will urge that Tift wait.

It is understood that Hon. S. M. Clyatt, of Tifton, will be a candidate for the senate if his county has the naming of the senator, and it is probable that there will be other entries.

Candidates for county offices in Lowndes are jumping in the race at a lively rate now.

C. K. Howell has announced himself for the office of tax receiver in opposition to C. S. Bacon, the incumbent. Sheriff Passmore will have opposition in the person of J. E. Gornto, and it is understand that ex-Ordinary D. M. Smith will run against Ordinary A. V. Sims, who has announced for reelection. Clerk of the Superior Court R. T. Myddelton will retire at the end of his present term, and his son, R. B. Myddelton, will run for the office. So far there is no opposition to County Treasurer Lang and Tax Collector Geiger.

Hon. J. Gordon Cranford, of Valdosta, and J. E. Webb, of Hohira, have announced for representatives in the legislature. Hon. Randall Walker, one of the present representatives, will not run again. Hon. C. R. Ashley Lowndes, another member, has not stated his intentions yet.

BOARD TO INSPECT PLANS FOR PEACHTREE BRIDGE.

Lease of Convicts and Court House Questions May Also Be Considered.

The county commissioners at the regular monthly meeting this morning will receive plans for the new bridge to be built over Peachtree creek on Peachtree road, and if any submitted meet with approval, bids for the construction of the passway will be advertised for at once. The exact amount that the county is willing to expend in this improvement has not been named by the board, but this will probably be done at the meeting.

Another matter to come up is the leasing of short-term convicts to the city for use upon the public works. Atlanta being rather short on labor because of the recent decrease in convictions in the recorder's court. A committee from the council will confer with the board.

The long pending courthouse matter come up again. It was thought that some action would be taken at the last session, but then elections and other business took up so much time that this feature was not reached. The usual amount of routine matters is also to be considered.

JUDGE ELLIS WILL RULE ON NEAL BANK PETITION.

Depositors Wish Stockholders Enjoined from Disposing of Personal Property Until Settlement Is Made.

Whether the stockholders of the Neal bank are to be restrained from disposing of any of their personal property until the institution's debt is discharged by the Central Bank and Trust Corporation, the reeciver, will be decided in Judge Ellis' court today in the hearing of the petition of R. C. Bosche and others, who some time ago secured a temporary restraining order to this effect.

R. B. Blackburn, F. M. Hughes, Walter R. Brown and E. P. Upshaw are the attorneys who represent the depositors in the case, and they will make a strong legal fight for a permanent injunction. Candler, Thomson & Hirsch are attorneys for the Neal interests.

In the event the injunction is granted none of the stockholders of the defunct bank will be able to make any realty or other transactions until the division of the funds is made, and consequently the case is a very important one. The depositors are simply making a fight to recover what money they had in the bank when it failed.

STATE ANSWERS CENTRAL SUIT

Management of Property Alleged To Be Extravagant.

AN INCREASE IN SALARIES

Railroad Commission in Answer to Central Suit for Injunction Says Reduction in Rates Has Increased Amount of Business Done.

In making answer to the complaint of the Central of Georgia railroad against the enforcement of circular 34, issued by the Georgia railroad commission, reducing the passenger rate in the state from 3 to 2 1-2 cents a mile, S. G. McLendon, chairman, and his associates of the state railroad commission, Attorney General Hart and Special Attorney J. K. Hines have gone minutely into every detail set out by the railroad company in its petition for an injunction.

The response by the state officers says with emphasis that the Central of Georgia railroad has been handled with a marked extravagance, and an absolute disregard of economy in any sense of the word whatever.

In replying to section seven, in which the company alleges that the reduced passenger rate has brought about a reduced income, the answer says that the reduction on rates has largely augmented the income by increasing the amount of business done. The paper then recites the fact that previous to May 1, 1880, the passenger fares in Georgia were 5 cents the mile per passenger. On that date the rate was reduced to 4 cents the mile, at which it stood for one year, during which time the gross receipts from passenger earnings showed a decided increase. One year later, the paper says, the rate was reduced to 3 cents, at which it stood until circular 334 brought it down to 2 1-2 cents. The 3-cent era showed an increase, that increase being due to an augmentation of business in that line. For the fiscal year of 1880 the Central earned on the Savannah, the Atlanta and the Southwestern divisions $608,927.81 from passenger travel. For 1881, after the rate had been reduced from 5 to 4 cents the mile, the earnings from passengers were $657,129.82, and in 1884, when the rate was 3 cents the mile, the earnings were $395,538.18.

Greater Earning Alleged.

A direct denial is made of the table presented by the railroad showing the earnings and expenses on all business within the state for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1907, and in a table, the answer asserts to be correct, the commission declares and shows by figures a greater earning than the table given by the complainants. The true ratio of operating expenses to the gross earnings on all business done in the state by the Central is said to be 73.46 per cent, rather than 75.82 per cent, as the road indicates. The answer denies briefly, but pointedly, that the cost of domestic passenger business in the state exceeds the cost of all passenger business, both domestic and interstate, in Georgia. The value of the taxable mileage of the Central in Georgia, including the assessed value of its franchise, is $20,861,646, while the value of the franchise for taxation is $4,052,902, leaving the value of the tangible property of the taxable lines at $16,808,744.

It then asserts that the railroad company is entitled to earn a fair return on $21,955,353. It fixes the value of the taxable lines at $20,861,646, the value of the lines exempt at $4,747,472, and the value of the Ocean Steamship line at $409,137, making a total of $26,018,255. Deducting tthe value of the franchise, $4,052,902, leaves $21,955,353 as the taxable value. It is then asserted that the road's domestic earnings for the year 1907 were 53.54 per cent, instead of 50.49 per cent, as the company alleges. Declaring that $9,000,000 is excessive valuation of the exempt lines and of the Ocean Steamship Company, the answer says that $4,747,472 is a fair valuation. Reciting the fact that the road said $12,082,877.38 were the gross earnings of the road for 1907 the response declares that the gross earnings were $12,199,465.59.

$5,000,000 Watered Stock.

Making emphatic the declaration that five millions of the alleged capital stock is watered, the answer says there is no economy whatever in the management of the road. Since June, 1905, the salary of the president, the answer says, has been raised from $10,000 to $15,000. The pay of the second vice president is now $12,000, instead of $10,000, which it had been previous to that date. A general superintendent has been created, and to him has been voted a salary of $6,000. Superintendent of motive power has been added and a salary of $4,800 set aside for him. A freight traffic manager has been brought into existence with a pay of $6,000. The pay of the general freight agent has been increased from $4,200 to $4,500. The general passenger agent's pay is now $3,900, whereas it has been $3,600. Assistant general passenger agent now gets $3,000, an addition of $300 the year. The cashier, who drew $2,000, now gets $2,400.

The payroll of the general officers, says the paper, has been augmented $21,000 since July, 1905.

The general counsel is paid $10,000, while $5,000 goes to him as division counsel. The senior member of the law firm acting as general counsel is paid $10,000 as first vice president.

In October, 1906, the division offices of the Macon and Southwestern division in Macon were moved into the Jacques building, owned by a director of the Central, at an expense of $4,343.28. The paper stresses the declaration that $1,831.77 had been expended in repairing, refitting and rewiring the offices of the general counsel at Savannah, while attention is called to the fact that the president of the company has offices in the Jacques building, in Macon, at an annual rental of $873.20.

Attorneys appearing for the commission are: John C. Hart, attorney general; Hooper Alexander, Wimbish, Watkins & Ellis and J. K. Hines, special counsel to the railroad commission by appointment of Governor Smith.

Child Is Burned.

Montgomery, Ala., February 4.—(Special.)—Clayton O'Bannon, six-year-old son of J. B. O'Bannon at Brewton, ran too close to the fire in his night robe, which garment caught fire. He was painfully burned before it was extinguished.

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CITY COUNCIL MAY ABOLISH CUSTOM OF SPEECH-MAKING

There is a strong sentiment among members of the city council to abolish the custom of permitting citizens generally to address the body while public measures are under consideration.

The city council of Atlanta is probably the only legislative body of its size and importance which permits the making of speeches by outsiders. It has committees to which every important matter is referred and the very object of committees is to give citizens a chance to make pleas. The way the city council of Atlanta has been conducted in this respect of late makes committees of but little use and so, it is claimed by many, the council might as well abolish committees and resolve itself into a committee of the whole.

It has been so recently that citizens first appear before committees and if matters don't go to suit them they then go before council. They have been addressing council on all sorts of matters, and the custom has grown until hardly a public measure can come up for consideration without a number of citizens being allowed to make speeches.

All this has made it necessary for council to meet four times instead of twice a month. There has been so much speech-making by outsiders that the council every Monday has had to adjourn until the following Thursday in order to transact any business. Last Monday the body was in session over three hours and very little, if anything, was done. Citizens spoke on the reduction of wages after that matter had been gone over in committee and everybody had been invited to appear and be heard. When the free chert was considered more speeches were made. When a report from the bridge committee was acted upon there was still more speech-making and all by citizens.

Of course, council members have to do some talking, and that with the speeches of outsiders takes up all the time.

Like every other legislative body, the city council of Atlanta has committees for everything, and those committees meet in public and invite citizens to appear, but there, according to the rules governing all such bodies, the privileges of outsiders cease.

But there are members of council who wish to be polite and considerate of their constituents, and they have a precedent to go by, and they make haste at every meeting of council to "suspend the rules, so the dear, good taxpayer can have his say."

As was stated, there are members of council who think the city council of Atlanta should assume that dignity to which it is entitled and permit only members to appear on the floor.

If the antiquated custom, which started when Atlanta was a village, is abolished and no more speech-making by citizens is allowed on the floor of council, it is argued, the people will soon get used to the change and will hereafter do all their talking before the committees.

The reform measure may be taken up at the next regular meeting of council.

NEW GENERAL MANAGER FOR THE ATKINSON LINE

Alex Bonnyman, Chief Engineer of Construction of Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic Railroad, Given Full Control.

Alex Bonnyman, chief engineer in charge of the construction of the Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic railroad, in an order issued yesterday by President and General Manager Harry M. Atkinson, is made general manager of that system, effective February 15.

On that date Mr. Atkinson will relinquish the duties of general manager, which he has filled since the resignation of George Dole Wadley several months ago.

Following up the usual policy of the Atkinson interest, a "man from the ranks" has been promoted, and in this instance the newest appointee is named for a ride in a "special car" over the route which he first covered on horseback laying out the right of way to be bought for this line.

Several years ago Mr. Bonnyman, as engineer of this proposed route, made a horseback trip from Brunswick to Birmingham, through two states. He knows, not only every mile of track over which he is to be placed, but every mile of roadside landscape, every tree and every trestle between the termini.

Later on he went with the surveyors to lay out the track through the country he had desired for the right of way. This done, he followed with the construction gang which laid the tracks over which the trains are now running.

With this official announcement comes the news that Mr. Bonnyman will come to Atlanta and maintain offices in this city. He will be located in the Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic building, on the corner of Fairlie and Walton streets.

Mr. Bonnyman was born in Scotland, December 8, 1868, and is therefore 39 years of age. His parents removed to the United States when he was quite a boy, and settled in Kentucky. He attended the Agricultural and Mechanical college of Kentucky from September, 1885 to May 25, 1888. He entered the railroad service in 1888 as assistant engineer of the Elizabethtown, Lexington and Big Sandy division of the Chesapeake and Ohio railway, since which he has been, consecutively, June 1 to August 1, 1889, assistant engineer Kentucky Union railroad; August 2, 1889, to December 1, 1890, assistant engineer P. and B. railroad; December 8, 1890, to January 1, 1892, resident engineer South Bound railroad; January 1, to June 11, 1892, with transportation department of the same road; June 11, 1892, to February 1, 1894, he was superintendent of track of the Central of Georgia railroad; February 1, 1894, to March 1, 1899, he was engineer and roadmaster of the Chattanooga, Rome and Southern railroad; March 1, 1899, to March 1, 1905, he was superintendent of the Waycross Air Line railroad and its successor, the Atlantic and Birmingham railway; March 1, 1905, to February 15, 1908, he was chief engineer of the same railroad and its successor, the Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic railroad, of which he now becomes general manager.

ALEXANDER BONNYMAN.

THINK TRUSTIES OPENED DOORS

Jailor Brown Slept and They Had Keys.

WERE IN CHARGE OF THE JAIL

Brown Let Joe Williams and John Groner Out of Their Cells and Asked Them to Punch Clock While He Slept.

$500 FOR JOHN HARPER.

Governor Smith yesterday offered a reward of $250 for the apprehension of John Harper, charged with the murder of Sheriff Keith of Murray county, who on Monday morning made his escape from Fulton county jail together with George Barton, another white prisoner, held for safe-blowing.

Sheriff Nelms, in whose custody the prisoners were, had offered a reward of $100 for Harper's apprehension, but Governor Smith was not satisfied with the offer of this amount on the part of the sheriff, and it was suggested to the latter yesterday from the executive office that the amount should be increased.

When informed what reward the state had offered, Sheriff Nelms replied that he would duplicate it, so that there is now a total reward of $500 outstanding for the capture of Harper and his return to Fulton county jail.

"We got mighty little for raising such a big fuss," Joe Williams and John Groves, the two trustles in the Tower charged with aiding Harper and Barton to escape Monday morning, were overheard to remark yesterday by one of the prisoners, who, in turn, informed Sheriff Nelms.

After investigating the delivery the sheriff has concluded that these two men undoubtedly freed Barton and Harper, unlocking their cells and helping them to saw the bars on the window. Both of them declare that they were allowed to remain out of their cells after 6 o'clock Sunday night and also that Night Jailer Brown went to sleep, leaving them to register every hour for him. Dr. Nelms believes that Brown sent the keys to the office by one of the men, and that he did not leave them in their accustomed places, but instead pocketed them and released Harper and Barton later.

An Investigation Made.

The sheriff and Jailer Fain made a rigid investigation, and after questioning the prisoners, and especially Groves and Williams, concluded that Barton and Harper had been deliberately released, the two trusties receiving some compensation for their work, to judge from what they were heard to say yesterday.

A meeting of the grand jury has been called by Solicitor Hill for Thursday morning, and then it is very probable that Groves and Williams will be indicted. Both were locked in separate cells yesterday, and are no longer trustles.

The sheriff does not blame Jailer Brown for other than negligence, believing that he intended no wrong by going to sleep while on duty. Brown may or may not be made particeps criminis. Dr. Nelms will investigate his part of the case further.

"It is remarkable that a wholesale delivery was not effected, with two prisoners in charge of the jail," said the sheriff. "After drawing my conclusion of the escape it seems strange to me that fifty prisoners were not liberated."

The insane man, Tom Johnson, who occupied a cell in the same cage with the escaped prisoners, when questioned by the sheriff yesterday, stated that he had seen a tall, clean-shaven man sawing at the bars of the window through which the escape was made Sunday night, and his description admirably fits Williams, one of the trustles.

Sheriff Nelms is of the opinion that in addition to unlocking the cells, Groves and Williams sawed the bars from the windows, doing the work by turns, one watching and registering for Jailer Brown while the other worked.

A Feasible Solution.

This seems a feasible solution of the mystery. It would have been impossible for the men to have escaped without means of keys, and the circumstantial evidence against Groves and Williams is very strong. The sheriff is satisfied that they were instrumental and states that further investigation is useless, save the possible one by the grand jury.

However, there is no determining the manner in which the saws were brought to the men, although it would have been much less difficult for either Groves or Williams to get them than either of the fugitives.

Sheriff Nelms greatly deplores the delivery of Harper and Barton. He says that during his eleven years in office only four prisoners have escaped, the number including the delivery of Monday morning. He says that Brown made a sad mistake in leaving the trustles unlocked while he slept, and that it would have been far better for him to have put them safely in their cells and let the register go. He thinks that Brown left them in the corridors for the purpose of registering on the watchman's clock for him so that everything would appear all right the next morning.

Groves knew the combination of the lock on the cage in which Harper and Barton were confined, and to him is laid the unlocking part of the escape. Tom Johnson, the insane man, whom Sheriff Nelms believes to have some reason left, says that Williams, or rather a man filling his description, sawed the bars from the windows.

Neither Harper nor Barton have been heard from since their escape.

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The only Baking Powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
—made from grapes—
Insures healthful and delicious food for every home—every day
Safeguards your food against alum and phosphate of lime
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BAKING POWDER

STILL WARMER; RAIN WILL COME

Higher Temperature and Some Moisture Is Predicted for Today.

The weather: Rain with a higher temperature for today. Conditions look toward some moisture in this section. The advance of the high area has caused a general fall in the temperature in the northeast, while warmer weather prevails elsewhere.

Yesterday evinced some signs that cold winds had been domineering over Atlanta during the past few days, for

THE GOPHER PLANS TO ENJOY WARMER WEATHER.

while it was not too frigid the breeze clearly showed that the last whack was being made. According to the forecast, clouds began to gather, and by late in the afternoon the shadow of rain made itself prominent. We will have to wear raincoats this morning.

February, 1908, is a month that everyone will watch with an unceasing energy. It is the second month of prohibition in Georgia; the first time in four years that the month has had 29 days; the month when the valentines are thrown about, and last, but not least, when the groundhog is supposed to show his shadow. Leap year may try to dodge all that concerns matrimony but it always catches what is coming to it. Seems as if more people are getting married now than ever. Who is next? We will not pause for reply, because the knots are being tied too quick for any one to wait.

The thermometer went up to 42 degrees yesterday.

Japan Increases Taxation.

Tokio, February 4.—After a heated debate lasting five hours an increase in the taxation bills on sugar, sake, alcohol, beer and kerosene was passed today in the diet. The government had a majority vote of 84 in every case except in that of kerosene, on which the majority vote was 24. Masahisa Matsuda, acting minister of finance, stated that the increase in taxation was absolutely necessary.

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Reliable Methods.
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OPEN SESSIONS BY ALL BOARDS

Ordinance To Be Introduced in Council by Alderman Key.

Since the city council has abolished caucuses and placed itself on record for open elections and open sessions, it is believed that the ordinance to be introduced by Alderman Key to prohibit boards from holding secret sessions will be passed by a large vote.

Alderman Key will introduce his ordinance in council tomorrow afternoon, when the body meets in adjourned session. The ordinance is for the purpose of compelling all city boards to let the people know exactly what they are doing, but it makes a proviso for executive sessions when any investigations are held which might involve the character of employees or bring out matters which the board may deem it advisable to keep from the public until after such investigation.

All the boards in the city, with the single exception of the board of education, hold open meetings, and only go into executive session when it is deemed best to do so. The board of education of recent years has persisted in holding all meetings behind closed doors, the public and the press being entirely excluded, no matter what sort of public business was transacted. The changing of the text books, the buying of new books, that cost the people thousands of dollars, the election of teachers, the letting of important contracts and all other matters of vital interest to the people have been carried on in secret session. When the meetings adjourned the secretary has given out such information as the board wished the people to know.

The Key ordinance will prevent in the future any such secret sessions, but it will at the same time allow the board to go into executive session when considering charges against a teacher or when an investigation of some trouble between parents, pupils and teachers is under way. The proviso will, it is said, relieve the board in the only instances in which it has been claimed secret sessions ought to be held.

The Key ordinance is as follows:

Be it ordained by the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta:

Section 1. That all sessions of all boards hereafter held by the several boards in the city of Atlanta shall be open, public sessions, to which the public are and shall be invited; provided that any board can, by vote, go into executive session to investigate the character or conduct of any person, and in any other investigation where the public welfare requires it.

Sec. 2. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict with the foregoing are hereby repealed.

Judge and Jury.

You are appointed both after using "Orris" flour. Verdict of all, "Nothing like it." Stokes & Co., Mill Agents.

JURY FIND THAT BENNETT IS NOT GUILTY OF MURDER.

The Theory of Self-Defense Was Advanced in Behalf of the Young Man.

Gainesville, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Harrison Bennett, charged with killing Frank Fraser in Clinchem district on Christmas day, has been acquitted in Hall superior court. He was placed on trial yesterday morning and the jury returned a verdict of not guilty yesterday afternoon.

The theory of self-defense was advanced by the defense and a strong case was made out in behalf of the young man.

THEATERS.

"Mayor of Tokio" Tonight.

Richard Carle's splendid play and the most popular of musical comedies, "The Mayor of Tokio," opens at the Grand tonight for three performances. "The Mayor of Tokio" has been advertised by certain eastern admirers of the piece as being a comic opera, while the term would have need of considerable elasticity in order to apply to "The Mayor of Tio," the fact that there is more plot and more continuous flow of pleasing music than usually appears in a musical comedy is undeniable.

The question of exact classification, however, is not a vital one. It suffices that the piece is said to be bright, clear in tone and manner, entertaining and excellently presented in its entirety, a show suited for an evening's pleasant pastime.

Nat Goodwin.

Two enjoyable performances are in store for the patrons of the Grand Friday and Saturday, when the distinguished comedian, Nat C. Goodwin and his company, will present his latest new comedy by George Broadhurst called "The Easterner," which, if reports are true, is one of the brightest and best plays Mr. Goodwin has acquired in several years. The author, Mr. Broadhurst, is well known as a playwright of exceptional ability, which has been attested by the remarkable success of "The Man of the Hour," which is now in its second year at the Savoy theater in New York city.

At the Bijou.

Billy B. Van, who, by the way, never had cork on his face in all his life, is scoring his greatest Atlanta triumph this season in his new edition of "Patsy in Politics." The Bijou is going to play to one of its record weeks, for there is every indication that the "standing room" notice will do duty at all performances.

Van is indeed one of the cleverest comedians in the profession. Some people have tried to imitate him, but they turned out to be mighty bad counterfeits, and Van still goes on, the acknowledged star of his own creation of comedy character. The musical comedy that has served to elegantly amuse three great gatherings this week is one of the best that has been offered at the Bijou, and that is going some.

At the Orpheum.

The Great Lind is drawing record-breaking audiences to the Orpheum at every performance this week, and is proving a big puzzle. Lind sings some catchy songs, does three brilliant dances in costume, wears elaborate Paris gowns and at the close of the act suddenly draws off a wig and changes the soprano voice into a deep bass. It is a surprise and a puzzle. But Lind is a long way from the whole of the program. Mme. Emmy's dogs are the smartest little terriers ever shown here, and the "strong man" stunt of Cameroni is something wonderful. He forms the connecting link in a tug of war between two big dray horses, bends an iron bar in his teeth, bites off a piece of horseshoe and does other stunts. The Clarence Sisters, Hal Merritt and all the others are helping to make it a "star" program.

NEW COAL FIRM.

McMichael Coal Company Now Solicits the Patronage of the Public.

The McMichael Coal Company, with offices and yard corner Peters and Humphries streets and Central railroad, have opened business. Mr. W. W. McMichael is the manager. This concern is already doing business and solicits the trade of the people generally. The concern carries in stock a large supply of standard brands and has a sufficient number of teams to supply the wants of the public. Their phone is West 468. When you want anything in the way of fuel, give young Mr. McMichael an opportunity to supply your needs.

Two Small Fires at Cordele.

Cordele, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Cordele's new fire department was called out twice yesterday in quick succession. The first run was made to the negro Baptist church, where a small blaze had started, but was soon extinguished. The other fire was on a building adjoining the Bowen boarding house, on Seventh street. This blaze also was subdued before the fire got under good headway.

To Boycott Asiatic Trades.

Johannesburg, February 4.—A movement was inaugurated here today at a largely attended meeting to boycott Asiatic traders and all employers of Asiatics. It is an outcome of the recent anti-Asiatic agitation in the Transvaal. A "white league" committee was appointed to further the movement throughout the colony.

SHORT STORIES OF LOCAL FIELD

A VOLUNTARY PETITION IN BANKruptcy was yesterday filed by Thomas W. Dowda, of Nelson, Cherokee county. The petitioner gives his liabilities as $5,522.97, with assets of $3,187.

J. A. RICE, OF ATLANTA, A CLERK, yesterday filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. His papers indicated liabilities of $179 and no assets.

PROMINENT LAYMEN, LEADERS IN the professional and business circles of the city, have been giving a series of addresses to faculty and students of the Atlanta Theological seminary. Yesterday W. M. Everett spoke on the legal aspects of the ministry, especially with regard to marriage. Friday morning, following the usual daily chapel service at 11 o'clock, D. J. Carson will address the seminary on the "Business Aspects of the Ministry." These lectures are open to the public.

REV. CHARLES LANE, THE WELLknown lecturer, will speak at Wesley Memorial church Friday evening, February 7, at 8 o'clock. The subject will be announced later. While Mr. Lane has lectured in the city several times, he has at each lecture proven more popular than before. This lecture is not one of the numbers of the Wesley Memorial lecutre course and a small admission fee will be charged.

THE CARROLL COUNTY CLUB INVITES all former residents of Carroll county now residing in Atlanta or Fulton county to banquet and dance to be given at their club rooms, 26½ East Alabama street, tonight. All former Carroll people welcome.

Dropped Pistol, Shot Himself.

Oxford, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Jim Cook, a negro boy, 18 years of age, accidentally shot himself Sunday night by dropping a 44-caliber pistol. The bullet entered the ankle and came out near the knee. His recovery is very doubtful.

WOFFORD TO MEET EMORY.

South Carolina College Accepts Challenge to Intercollegiate Debate.

Emory College, Oxford, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—At a joint session of Few and Phi Gamma literary societies a communication from a committee of Wofford college, Spartanburg, S. C., was read, in which they accepted the challenge to an intercollegiate debate sent them by Emory. The time at which the debate will be held has not yet been determined. As this is the only intercollegiate debate in which Emory will take part this year, an unusual degree of interest is being manifested.

The council, which consists of five professors and four undergraduates chosen by the literary societies, were elected this morning. The professors shall have charge of selecting Emory's representatives on this debate, while it shall be the duty of the undergraduate members to make all the necessaary preliminary arrangements.

Federal Court in Session.

Augusta, Ga., February 4.—(Special.) The district federal court is in session here, devoting yesterday to preliminary business, the grand jury being called to meet today. The most important case to come involves points of general interest in that the right of certain persons to serve in bankruptcy proceedings will be decided.

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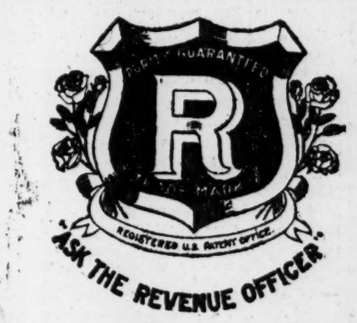

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You can only buy Rose's whiskies in the original packages just as they come from our distillery. This safeguards you from impurities and adulterations, and cuts out the middlemen's profits. We absolutely guarantee our goods will please you or refund your money.

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RYE.	Gallon Jug	2-Gallon Jug	Four Quarts	Twelve Quarts
X. X. X.	$ 2.50	$ 4.75	$.....	$.....
Jefferson	.....	.....	2.50	7.00
Cabinet	3.20	6.15	3.50	9.00
Rose's ATRO	.....	.....	3.40	10.20
Jacksonville Club	4.00	7.75	4.25	11.50
Rose's Purity	4.00	7.75	4.25	11.50
Rose's Perfect	4.50	8.75	5.00	13.00
Rose's Constitution	5.50	10.75	6.00	16.00
CORN.				
Rose's Mountain Dew	2.50	4.75	.....	.....
Cobb	.....	.....	2.50	7.00
Rose's Blue Ridge	2.70	5.15	3.00	8.00
Rose's Sweet Mash	3.00	5.75	3.25	9.00
Rose's ATRO	.....	.....	3.40	10.20
Rose's Old Georgia	3.20	6.15	3.50	9.50
Rose's Reserve Stock	4.00	7.75	4.25	11.50
TENNESSEE WHISKIES.				
Rose's Tennessee	2.50	4.75	2.50	7.00
Rose's Crest	3.00	5.75	3.00	8.50

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Stockton, Calif., Tippling.

Stockton, Calif., February 4.—The city council, by a vote of 5 to 2, has passed an ordinance closing the saloons on Sunday and compelling the restaurants and drug stores to refrain from selling liquor on that day.

SOCIETY

Schlesinger-Neely.

The prettiest of bridal pictures was made last night by the tableau wedding of Miss Rae Schlesinger and Mr. F. H. Neely, of Pittsburg, which took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry L. Schlesinger, on West Peachtree street.

At 9 o'clock the folding doors between the living room, where the ceremony was performed, and the rest of the house was opened upon a fair and fragrant scene, the bridal party being grouped in the midst of foliage and flowers.

The white walls had a heavy frieze of bamboo; palms and ferns were massed in the corners, and formed a wall of green, out of which there shone clusters of color in pink azaleas, behind the bridal party, and ropes of white ribbon and smilax, held by five little children, all dressed in white, inclosed the picture.

The bride, piquant and winsome, in the center of the group, was gowned in white chiffon cloth over white satin, with a corsage of duchess and rose point lace, and her bouquet of lilies of the valley with a holder of lace paper, was quaintly in keeping with the empire fashion of the gown.

The maid of honor, Miss Elizabeth Schlesinger, wore an empire gown of pink crepe de chine and duchess lace, and she carried an armful of Killarney roses.

The bridesmaids, Misses Elinor Little, of Newburyport; Kate Mayers, Rae Cohen and Edwine Behre, wore rainbow crepe de chine gowns, accordion plaited, and showers of enchantress carnations on pale blue ribbons, fell from the muffs they carried of rainbow crepe de chine finished with ruffles of pink and blue chiffon.

Rabbi David Marx performed the ceremony, and Mr. Benjamin Neely, the bridegroom's brother, was best man.

The ribbon-bearers were little Misses Emeline Young, of Cedartown; Emily Davis, Sarah Ella Schlesinger and Masters David Marx and Alexander Schlesinger.

The bride's mother was handsomely gowned in black net embroidered in sequins. Mrs. Young, of Cedartown, the bridegroom's sister, wore a white lace gown.

A buffet supper was served the wedding company during the reception, and an orchestra played throughout the evening.

Everywhere there was elaborate decoration, bamboo forming a graceful frieze in all the reception rooms, and enchantress carnations and Killarney roses being perfumed reminders on all sides of the color prevailing in all the wedding details.

In the dining room the table, which was ladened with dainties, had its centerpiece of Killarney roses. The silver candlesticks had pink shades, and all the color details were pink.

Mr. and Mrs. Neely left after the reception for Pittsburg, where he is a mechanical engineer with the Westinghouse company. Mr. Neely graduated with first honor in 1904 from the Georgia Tech, and has many friends in Atlanta to congratulate him, while his bride possesses the womanly graces and charm which have made her the center of a cordial admiration.

To Miss Scott.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Simmons, Jr., entertained informally at bridge last night in compliment to Miss Enid Scott of Milwaukee, the guest of Miss Marie Sciple, and the occasion was a delightful one of three tables.

The bridge prizes were a lace handkerchief and a book, and the game was followed by a delicious Dutch supper. The dining room table was attractive in pink and white, the centerpiece of pink roses and narcissus.

Mrs. Simmons was a pretty young hostess wearing a lace gown over pink.

Bauer's Art.

Harold Bauer's coming on Monday night has aroused all the musical interest there is in Atlanta, and his concert it is expected will be as great a success, popularly speaking, as it will be artistically.

Concerning Bauer's playing with the Kneisel quartet at Mandelssohn hall recently, W. J. Henderson, the critic of The New York Sun, wrote:

The Beethoven trio is an old and well-beloved friend, but memory does not conjure up a more beautiful performance than it received last night. For this the principal guerdon of gratitude is due Mr. Bauer, whose share in the interpretation disclosed such a measure of high and self-effacing artistry as is rarely heard from any pianist in these times of sensationalism. Mr. Bauer kept the lid of the piano down and contributed to the ensemble precisely the right amount of tone. Such exquisitely mellow, velvety and richly-shaded tone it was, too. The nuancing of the three players was entrancing in its delicacy and its finesse; and the repose, chastity and elevated style of the entire performance held the listeners in thrall from beginning to end.

Local Vaudeville.

A treat is in store for all who attend the amateur vaudeville at the Hebrew Orphans' home on Washington street tonight. The program has been arranged with skill, and a delightful evening is anticipated. The best of local talent has been secured. Such numbers as a sketch by Messrs. Arthur Wasser and Percy Rosenburger, a song by Miss Rose Liebesmuth, a song by Miss Ernestine Bak and a sextet of pleasing male voices, speak for themselves. All are cordially invited. Dancing will follow the program, and refreshments will be served during the evening.

Mrs. Candler's at Home.

Mrs. John Slaughter Candler has issued invitations for a reception Wednesday, February 5, from 4 until 6 o'clock, to meet Mrs. Asa Warren Candler and Mrs. Walter Turner Candler, "Idylwilde," Edgewood.

Minerva Coterie.

The Minerva Coterie will meet with Mrs. N. A. Lyons, 254 Ashby street, on Thursday, February 6, at 3 p. m. The study will be Japanese women and children, education and public institutions.

Roddy-Johnson.

Mr. Ellis C. Johnson and Miss Samantha Roddy were quietly married yesterday morning at the residence of the Rev. William Babb, in Western Heights.

COTHRAN-PATTON.

Rome, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Mr. Harry E. Patton and Miss Annie May Cothran were quietly married this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock by Dr. J. B. Robbins, pastor of the First Methodist church.

The only witnesses were Mrs. Ida Nevin Patton and the Misses Robbins. The marriage was quite a surprise to the friends of the contracting parties.

AKIN-McMICHAEL.

Cartersville, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—The marriage of Miss Mary de Verdery Akin and Mr. Paul Stanley McMichael occurred last evening at 9 o'cock in the Sam Jones Memorial church.

Owing to the recent bereavement in the bride's family only the relatives and a few intimate friends witnessed the ceremony.

Mr. Amand, of All Saints church, Atlanta, was organist.

As the strains of the wedding march pealed forth Mr. Edward Alfriend, of Atlanta, and Mr. Hall Miller, also of Atlanta, entered. They were followed by Miss Lillian Akin and Miss Frances Akin, the bride's only attendants. The bride entered alone, and was the embodiment of youthful grace and beauty in her snowy bridal robe.

At the chancel Mr. McMichael met his bride and the impressive Episcopal marriage service was read by Rev. R. J. Bigham, of Newnan, who was also the officiating minister at the marriage of the bride's parents.

Mr. and Mrs. McMichael left at 10:30 for Cuba, where they will spend the honeymoon.

The bride is the oldest daughter of the late Judge Akin and inherits many of her distinguished father's traits of character.

Mr. McMichael is originally from Philadelphia, but is now making his home in Atlanta, holding the responsible position of superintendent of the Atlanta Gas Company.

Upon their return from their wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. McMichael will be at home with Mrs. R. H. Brown, 26 Ponce de Leon avenue.

The out-of-town guests invited to the wedding were Mrs. C. H. McMichael, of Philadelphia; Miss Penelope Mack, of Sandusky, Ohio; Misses Louise and Helen Jones, of Newark, Ohio; Miss Inez Webster, of Galesburg, Ill.; Miss Katharine Bagly, of Rushville, Ill.; Miss Katharine Miller, of Macon, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. J. Lindsay Johnson and Miss Letitia Johnson, of Rome, Ga.; Mrs. H. E. Cary, of LaGrange; Rev. M. J. Cofer, of Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. Walter Candler, of Atlanta; Miss Margaret Hallman, Miss Helen Muse, Miss Mabel Hurt, Misses Virginia and John Bonlo, Miss Mary Erwin, Mr. Clarence Trippe, Mr. Edward Alfriend, Mr. Hall Miller, all of Atlanta; Rev. R. J. Bigham, of Newnan; Mr. Eugene Haynes, of Atlanta.

Meetings.

The Young Ladies' Auxiliary to the Presbyterian hospital will meet this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in the hospital parlors.

The regular monthly executive board meeting of the Atlanta Woman's Missionary Association will be held this morning at 10:30 o'clock at the Y. W. C. A. rooms. Every society contributing to the travelers' aid is urged to send a representative.

The Gordon Circle of King's Daughters will meet at the Home for Old Women, 19 East Mitchell street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The regular monthly meeting of the Sheltering Arms will be held at the home Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. Mrs. Bolling Jones, corresponding secretary.

Social Items.

Dr. Frank Holland has gone to Florida.

Mrs. Oliver Jones is visiting in Dawson, Ga.

Miss Mary Ryan leaves today for a visit to Savannah.

Miss M. O'Toole leaves tomorrow for New York.

Mr. A. E. Whaley has returned from Washington, D. C.

Mrs. M. A. Lipscomb has returned to her home in Athens.

Miss Claire Moran will return home tomorrow from Newnan, Ga.

Miss Hattie Orr's luncheon will be one of the social events of tomorrow.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Murphy and family leave soon for a visit to Florida.

Miss Minnie Atkinson and Mrs. William Mashburn won the prizes, a jardiniere and a picture, and Mrs. Robert Timmons was presented a fan at the small bridge party given yesterday by Misses Jessie and Ora Sue Mitchell in compliment to Mrs. Timmons, of Rome, who is the guest of Mrs. Willis Timmons.

Mr. and Mrs. Toulman Williams announce the birth of a son on February 4.

Mrs. Prentiss, of St. Louis, is expected this week to visit Mrs. Roderick Shaw.

Masters Henry and Laurence Tompkins are the guests of their sister, Mrs. Edward Fortson.

Miss Marie Sciple's dance at Segadlo's will be one of the bright social events of tomorrow evening.

Miss Nancy Gilmore, of Staunton, Va., is visiting Mrs. J. E. McKinley at 393 North Boulevard.

Mrs. Nicholas Peterson, of Tifton, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. K. Ottley, has returned home.

Mrs. Walter A. Sims and little sons, Lowry and Hal, are spending the month of February in Augusta, Ga.

Mrs. Henry Wortham, of Macon, arrives in the city Thursday as the guest of her sister, Mrs. John D. Little.

Mrs. John McKinlock, of Chicago, arrives in the city soon, and a number of parties are being planned in her honor.

Miss Julia Rosser will entertain at bridge this morning in compliment to Miss Wright, of Raleigh, the guest of Miss Eliza Dancy.

Mrs. Clark Howell left Monday night for Tampa, Fla., to visit her daughter, Mrs. E. R. Gunby. Mrs. Gunby will give a tea in Mrs. Howell's honor.

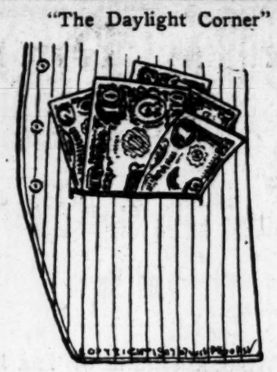
The litle folks who are to take part in the entertainment to be given for the Boys' Club will have a rehearsal in Marist college hall this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Mrs. Howell Peeples is visiting her brother, Mr. J. Keith Payne, of St. Louis, and will return to Atlanta Saturday, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Jennie M. Payne, of Warrenton, Va., who will spend some time in Atlanta.

Mrs. Charles Hopkins gave a spend-the-day party yesterday in compliment to Mrs. William Marshall, of Staten Island, the guest of Mrs. George Howard and Mrs. Preston Arkwright.

Mr. Blanton Fortson, accompanied by his sister, Miss Mary Fortson, leaves today for a trip to Cuba. Mrs. Fortson, accompanied by her little daughter, will spend several weeks with her sister, Mrs. Reynold Kirby-Smith, in Sewanee, Tenn.

"The Daylight Corner"



It's money in your pocket to read our advertisements every day.

We start the month with a great big sale of

Suits and Overcoats worth $16.50, $18.50 and $20 at $12.50

These are all new, this season's best selling goods, but the lots are small. See samples in show window.

☞ Here are Two Big Bargains in our Children's Department:

$1.00 Madras Blouses, size 5 to 13, to close out at **50¢** each.

50c Knee Breeches, all sizes, to close at **35¢**, three for $1.00.

Eiseman & Weil
1 Whitehall St.

Boys, bring your cards and get the February number of the "American Boy."

HIGH GRADE FLOUR.

The Orris Brand Is Being Offered the People of Georgia.

Stokes & Co. have opened at 24 S. Pryor street a commission house and are now ready for business. This concern will handle a general line of commission goods. Backed by ample capital, with experience in the business, polite, attentive and pushing, this concern has a bright future before it. It makes a specialty of the "Orris" flour. This is a new candidate for favor in this part of the country and from the way people talk about it, it is likely to become one of the most popular. This flour is made of the finest grade of western wheat. In quality it is said to be the peer of any flour made on earth. It is for sale by the retail grocers and when you make your next order, call for the "Orris" brand of flour.

CAPT. HOBSON CANNOT COME

Will Not Attend Chamber of Commerce Dinner---Senator Newlands Coming.

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, February 4.—(Special.)—Captain Richmond Pearson Hobson will not be able to fill his engagement to attend the annual dinner of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, on February 7, and deliver an address on that occasion.

Today he announced to The Constitution correspondent that his presence in Washington would be required on Friday and Saturday, as the naval committee this morning fixed those days for hearing the secretary of the navy and other officials on the subject of naval increase.

He is today writing to Secretary Walter G. Cooper, of the chember of commerce, setting forth his reasons and extending the assurance that he is profoundly interested in the inland waterways project which will be discussed at the dinner, and that Georgians may count upon his support of the canal measure in congress and out of it.

Senator Newlands leaves Washington Thursday morning, and will arrive in Atlanta Friday morning to speak at the banquet.

FOR FARMERS TO GET LABOR

Circular Letter Is Sent Out by Immigration Bureau.

Ex-Governor W. J. Northen is in receipt of a communication from T. V. Powderly, chief of the bureau of immigration and naturalization, Washington, D. C., in which he incloses a copy of a circular letter which is being sent out to assist the farmers throughout the country in securing any help they might wish through the immigration bureau. In the same letter ex-Governor Northen is requested to send to the bureau the names of any employers who may need help of any kind.

In the circular letter, which is given in full, section 40 of the acts of congress is quoted. The letter is as follows:

Sir: Through the courtesy of the bureau of statistics of the department of agriculture, the division of information of the bureau of immigration and naturalization of the department of commerce and labor directs your attention to section 40 of the act of congress "to regulate the immigration of aliens into the United States," approved February 20, 1907, reading in part as follows:

"Section 40. Authority is hereby given the commissioner general of immigration to establish, under the direction and control of the secretary of commerce and labor, a division of information in the bureau of immigration and naturalization, and the secretary of commerce and labor shall provide such clerical assistance as may be necessary. It shall be the duty of said division to promote a beneficial distribution of aliens admitted into the United States among the several states and territories desiring immigration. Correspondence shall be had with the proper officials of the states and territories, and said division shall gather from all available sources useful information regarding the resources, products and physical characteristics of each state and territory and shall publish such information in different languages and distribute the publication among all admitted aliens who may ask for such information at the immigration stations of the United States and to such other persons as may desire the same."

In order to carry out the object of the section of the act above quoted the division of information is seeking to get into direct communication with all of the farmers in the United States who may wish to employ farm labor or domestics, or who have lands for sale or for rent, with a view to learning from them what their needs are and the details of the same. We are addressing you because it is believed that you will be glad to render assistance along these lines.

The division will be pleased to have you aid it by letting the farmers of your township know of its existence, its object, what information it wishes to secure and inviting them to write to it of their needs. Should you be willing to aid the division a supply of the different blanks will be sent to you for distribution among those who may have use for the same. It would also aid the division if you will from time to time forward lists of those in your township who may desire help of any kind.

It frequently occurs that desirable persons who are seeking work have not sufficient funds to pay their fare to any distant point, and should you or your acquaintances fill out blanks, the question in regard to the willingness to advance transportation expenses, in case of necessity, should be answered.

In dealing with the alien, we must include the unemployed citizen as well; for in the over-populated districts many who have become citizens are as ignorant of the opportunities for bettering their condition elsewhere as are the newly-admitted aliens. Respectfully,

T. V. POWDERLY,
Chief of Division.

February 1, 1908.

Dyspepsia.

Don't think you can cure your dyspepsia in any other way than by strengthening and toning your stomach.

That is weak and incapable of performing its functions, probably because you have imposed upon it in one way or another over and over again.

Take Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills. They strengthen and tone the stomach, assist in the secretion of the gastric juice so necessary to digestion, and permanently cure dyspepsia—not simply relieve it as the palliatives do which only temporarily ease the aches and pains it causes.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills are the medicines that cure dyspepsia, loss of appetite, and all stomach troubles.

Satin skin powder being best made it's best for you. Flesh, white, pink, brunet.

BACON AND CLAY MADE PROTESTS

Against Executive Departments Spending Money Not Appropriated.

Washington, February 4.—When the sections of the urgent deficiency appropriation bill relating to executive departments was reached in the senate today, Mr. Bacon of Georgia inquired concerning the operation of the law prohibiting executive departments from incurring liabilities for which appropriation is not made.

Mr. Hale explained that the law of 1906 had made such a prohibition, but he added there is an exception in favor of the war department and navy department. This exception he hoped would also be done away with.

Senator Clay of Georgia condemned the appropriation of between $4,000,000 and $5,000,000 for the navy department in this bill for purposes not provided for by law.

Mr. Hale declared that there always had been deficiencies, and that there always will be. He regarded them as inevitable.

Mr. Clay persisted in his opposition, and said that he would not be surprised to see the appropriations for the navy reach $175,000,000 annually, according to the rate of increases going on now. He also predicted that within ten years the expenses of the postoffice department would be increased to $225,000,000 a year. All of the deficiency appropriations complained of in connection with unauthorized expenditures were retained in the bill.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

Cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth, and Purifies the breath
A superior dentifrice for people of refinement
Established in 1866 by
J. W. Lyon, D.D.S.

Beginning at 9 O'Clock Today a Great Cut Price Sale High Class

Wide Embroideries

Values Up to $1.00

Here are Embroideries worth talking about and worth coming to buy—rain or shine. We have just received a big shipment Flouncings, Corset Cover Embroideries, wide Bands, many of them matching the Flounces. These goods will go on center counters this morning, for one day, at the very low price of forty-three cents per yard. Don't fail to be here!

43c yd.

M. Rich & Bros. Co.

Gold Crowns and Bridge Work

	Per Tooth	
First-class Set of Teeth		$4.00
Broken Plates		$5.00
Repaired		$1.00
Made New		$3.00

All Plate Work Made and Delivered Same Day.
Extracting Teeth with the latest improved anaesthetics, without pain, a speciality.

GOLD, PORCELAIN AND AMALGAM FILLINGS, At Low Prices
All work done by graduates and men of experience.
Established in Atlanta 15 Years.
Remember the place: 24½ Whitehall St., Corner Alabama and Whitehall Sts., Over Brown & Allen's Drug Store.

DR. E. C. GRIFFIN'S GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS
Hours: 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sundays: 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
Bell Phone 1708. Lady Attendant

Old Wagon Man Out.

Montgomery, Ala., February 4.—(Special.)—All of Alabama hears with regret of the retirement of D. A. Bellamy as head of the Florence Wagon Works, and from the wagon-making trade in the south. The Florence plant is one of the best in the south, as it was among the first, and under Dr. Bellamy it has grown from a shop to a manufacturing plant of large size. It is of special interest to south Alabama that John T. Ashcraft, formerly of Dale county, is to take his place.

Sanitarium de Truax

Medical and Surgical. Thoroughly equipped; up to date. Nervous and chronic Diseases. Diseases of women and children. Separate department,

Drug and Alcoholic Addictions.

The most scientific, efficient, reliable, upbuilding, harmless treatment known. Superb location; an ideal retreat.

Sanitarium de Truax (Inc.), 497 Cherokee Ave., facing Grant Park.

GOWNS KIRKCALDIE 241 PEACHTREE

1881 PRIVATE SANITARIUM 1907

MRS. ROSA F. MONNISH, M.D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Graduate and attendant of Gynecological Clinic, University of Giessen, Germany; Royal Saxon Infirmary for Women, Germany; Post-Graduate College and Hospital, New York; Georgia College of Eclectic Medicine and Surgery, Atlanta; Royal Hospital for Women, Berlin, Germany.
First-class accommodations. Long distance telephone. 340 Peachtree, Atlanta, Ga.

DISEASES OF WOMEN

20 MEALS $5.00

Splendid table board. Three minutes walk center of city.
ROOMS BY DAY OR NIGHT
Special rates to families.
THE BALLARD
MRS. F. A. VOORHEES

Tailor-Made Corsets

Made to your Measure by Mail

The booklet we will send you on application explains everything relating to style, prices, materials and measurements. It has a chart showing just what lines are to be followed in measuring for the Corset, so that mistakes are impossible. You can be fitted just as easily and perfectly as though you were in our parlors.

Write for booklet "C" on spring styles.

Tailor-Made Corset Company
6½ Whitehall St.
Atlanta, Ga.

The Bell Telephone--- How to Use It

Telephoning is such a simple matter that a talk on this subject seems almost unnecessary. What we say, however, is intended to help you and benefit us. There is a right way and a wrong way to use the telephone. We are daily impressed with the fact that a great many people, unintentionally perhaps, have adopted the wrong method, thereby causing themselves constant irritation.

When you use the telephone your mouth should be directly in front of the mouthpiece and the receiver should be held lightly against the ear. You should talk directly into the mouthpiece, in an ordinary tone of voice. Very often people stand away from the instrument and direct their attention to persons about them. Naturally the one to whom they are talking can not hear distinctly and perhaps finds fault with the service.

Then, too, some of us have a habit of shaking the hook violently when the called party does not answer promptly. The hook should be moved slowly up and down two or three times to attract the attention of the operator. If violent methods are used, it is annoying to the operator. All the operator can do, you know, is to make the connection and ring the bell; she can not make people answer their telephones in a hurry.

There are directions, in the directory which we furnish you, fully covering every feature of the matter. If you will take occasion to read these directions and follow them it will help you and we are sure it will result in benefit to us.

For Information About Rates and Service Call Contract Department Main 9080.

Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company

TO HURRY MAILS BY HEAVY FINES

Drastic Measure Is Proposed by Senator Clay.

DEPARTMENT TO BE FORCED

To Impose Fines on Delayed Mail Trains to An Amount Equal to the Compensation the Roads Would Receive for Trip.

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, D. C., February 4.—(Special.)—Senator Clay proposes when the postoffice appropriation bill comes to the senate to so amend the measure that the postal department will be forced to fine delayed mail trains an amount equal to the compensation they will receive for the trip. Less vigorous measures having failed to secure an improvement ,this radical step will be taken by the Georgia senator.

A remarkable and well nigh incredible showing of the demoralization in the railway mail service in Georgia and the southeast is furnished in the statement made to the senate by Frank H. Hitchcock, first assistant postmaster general, reference to which was made several days ago.

Making Schedule the Exception.

In the first place, no notice is taken by the department unless a train is thirty minutes or more late, as often as ten times in any one quarter. The report of Mr. Hitchcock, made in reply to a senate resolution presented by Senator Clay, shows that on the Southern railway between Atlanta and Charlotte delays occurred 693 times during the year, an average of two trains each day. Each one of these delays was over thirty minutes in length; some of them were from ten to fourteen hours. A study of the report would seem to indicate that to make a schedule was exceptional and to break it the usual practice.

The following is a transcript from the records of late arrivals between Charlotte and Atlanta during the twelve months preceding September 30, 1907; showing the number of trains which arrived late, the number of times the delays occurred and the fines assessed and collected for such delinquencies. No part of these fines were returned, according to the statement.

Record of Mail Trains Between Atlanta and Charlotte.

Place.	Train No.	Number of late arrivals.	Total deduction.
September, 1906:			
Charlotte.. 12		22	.....
do.. 36		25	.....
do.. 38		17	.....
Atlanta.. 11		15	.....
do.. 35		46	$1,748.49
December, 1906:			
Atlanta.. 11		23	.....
do.. 35		77	.....
Charlotte.. 12		55	.....
do.. 36		34	.....
do.. 38		59	2,247.87
March, 1907:			
Atlanta.. 11		42	.....
do.. 37		53	.....
do.. 39		50	.....
do.. 43		41	.....
Charlotte.. 12		19	.....
do.. 36		56	.....
do.. 38		45	6,185.03
September, 1907:			
Atlanta.. 39		14	134.40
Total.. 693		...	$10,315.79

Law Covering Subject.

The law under which the department fines trains for delays is contained in the act making appropriation for the postal service for the year ending June 30, 1907:

That the postmaster general shall require all railroads carrying the mails under contract to comply with the terms of said contracts as to time of arrival and departure of said mails, and it shall be his duty to impose and collect reasonable fines for delay, when such delay is not caused by unavoidable accidents or conditions.

It is therefore ordered, That every railroad company operating a route over which mails are carried shall, on the regular affidavit covering failures of mail train service which it is required to submit promptly at the end of each quarter to the respective division superintendents, railway mail service, show, in addition to and separate from such mail train failures, the number of minutes late of each arrival (not time of arrival) of every train carrying mail which has reached the terminus of said route, the terminus of such train's run, or any intermediate point designated by the postmaster general and of which the company shall have notice, thirty or more minutes late as many as ten times during the quarter, the extent, cause in detail, and the place of each delay being given.

This order supersedes that of October 2, 1905.

It will be observed that the department is required to impose "reasonable fines" for delays when such delays are not caused by "unavoidably accidents or conditions."

The total amount deducted from mail pay of railroads in the United States during 1907 was $1,097,402.90 and of this amount $69,451.26 was subsequently remitted. This record is not for service rendered during the calendar year, as the department is always six months behind in its work of assessing fines, but for mail service from July 1, 1906, to June 30, 1907.

CORE OF WRONG BEING DODGED

Continued from Page One.

people; the enforcements of collections under the income tax laws; investigation of the so-called white paper trust; restraint of overcapitalization of combinations; amendments of the interstate commerce act so as to further do away with destructive methods of crushing competition."

Further, he said, he earnestly hoped the republicans would not prevent the enactment of laws to admit free of duty all ship construction materials; to remove duties from goods carried in American bottoms between the United States and its insular possession; to reconvene the joint high commission for the purpose of furthering reciprocity between the United States and Canada; to put into operation the terms of President McKinley's proposed reciprocity between this country and France, and a minimum tariff schedule; to admit coal free of duty; to reduce to 100 per cent any duty excessive of that; to so reduce the duties on hides as to cut by one-half the present profits on certain leather goods; to reduce the duty on watches to 15 per cent; to admit free of duty the products of those American nations whose ports admit free our breadstuffs, other necessities of life, structural materials, implements, etc.; to establish the independence of the Philippines; to create free trade between the United States and the Philippines.

The Cry of the Children.

"And," said Mr. Williams, "I hope to God the republicans will not be deaf to the cries of the children of the land and refuse to pass a bill which has been introduced to place anti-toxin on the free list."

Mr. Williams said he disliked "to stand here or anywhere, merely as the mouthpiece of a heterogeneous body of opposition, criticism and contention." He believed that the party that he represented, "the party that in the past has so gloriously led its country," was capable of leading it again, no less gloriously. Alluding to W. J. Bryan as "our proposed leader," he aligned himself squarely with the Nebraskan on declared principles and policies, and predicted his election, when he said: "I hope to see this bill which I hold in my hands"—one which he had discussed —"some day signed by him."

Mr. Hill, of Connecticut, followed Mr. Williams and addressed himself to the financial juestion. He ascribed the recent crisis to a distrust of individual credit and a profound suspicion of the banks managed by the men whose credit was distrusted. The subject should be carefully thought of, he said, and no hasty, ill-considered legislation enacted at this time.

Bonynge Attacks Democrats.

Mr. Bonynge, of Colorado, called attention to what he said was "the absolute insincerity and hypocrisy of the democratic party as an organization in its present attitude toward the president of the United States."

He quoted seseral passages from the last democratic campaign book antagonistic to President Roosevelt, and inquired if they accorded with the present democratic commendation of the president. He charged that "these utterances of democrats made at this time are simply made for political purposes."

Mr. Nye, of Minnesota, touched upon the financial question, but the principal portion of his remarks was devoted to the president's message. He spoke of the democratic commendation of that document and expressed the belief that, an indorsement of the pith of it was an indorsement of the president's administration.

Debate for the day was brought to a close by Mr. Macon, of Arkansas, who spoke in advovacy of his bill to prohibit dealing in futures in agricultural products or commodities in any quantity. The bill, he said, was in the interest of the breadmakers as well as of the breadwinners, and its passage would be, in his judgment, of more material worth to the American people than any measure that could possibly be pushed through the house.

Keep Politics Out of Legislation.

Alluding to the president's message, Mr. Macon declared that if the president said something good, he should be applauded, regardless of party, as he should be condemned if he uttered something that proved detrimental to the best interests of the people. "There is no sense, no reason," he insisted, "in bringing politics into any question that is being considered before the house." Congress, he declared, should legislate along business lines.

Replying to Mr. Garrett, of Tennessee, Mr. Macon, who is a member of the committee on revision of the laws, said he had not heard a rumor that the penal code bill was dead because the republicans feared the provisions of the Macon bill would be incorporated in it.

After agreeing to extend the general debate for four hours tomorrow, the house at 4:57 p. m., adjourned.

ADE GOES FOR FAIRBANKS.

Humorist One of the 30 Hoosier Republican Delegates.

Indianapolis, Ind., February 4.—Indiana republicans today selected in district convention twenty-six delegates to the national convention at Chicago. Four delegates at large will be chosen by the state on April 2. The district conventions today were harmonious, the delegates in many districts being selected by acclamation. In every district resolutions were adopted unanimously indorsing the candidacy of Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks for the presidential nomination and instructing the delegates to work and vote for him. Alternate delegates and national electors were chosen also.

Among the delegates chosen today was George Ade, the humorist, who was elected by the voters of the tenth district.

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.

New Suits in This Sale at $20

Handsome Suits—they'd be counted exceptional values in a regular way at one-half more than the price today.

The materials: Panama, blue, black and brown grounds with white hair-line stripe, or champagne with black stripe. Others of invisible striped Panama; beautiful Suits of Serge in blue, black, brown and cream. A $35 Suit is of gray invisible plaid Worsted. Coats are beautifully tailored, half fitted models, superbly finished throughout. Full pleated skirts, with folds. Remarkably attractive Suits to buy for $20.

$40, $45, $50 and $60 Velvet Suits at $22.50

Fifteen individual, dressy Suits or semi-costumes of fine light-weight Velvet, in blue, black, brown, gray and green. Elegantly trimmed models of distinctly high-class, made with the newest sleeve and armhole effect.

$40 to $60 values, selling at these prices all season, now at $22.50.

Silk Dresses at $35 Formerly $50 to $75

New, refined styles. Fine silk Dresses, made of imported Messaline and brilliant Taffeta—a few of Foulard silk. One and two-piece models, all of this season's designs—charming for afternoon and dressy wear.

$50, $60 and $75 Dresses, at $35.

Silk Jumper Dresses at $10

A collection of Dresses, all of serviceable Taffeta, in Jumper and shirtwaist styles. They are attractively made with broad, graceful shoulders, and full pleated skirts with folds.

In blue, brown and black. Extraordinary values at $10, even in this occasion of reduced prices.

A Feature of the Sale Dress Goods at 49c Including Values to $1.25

Not merely are the majority $1 and $1.25 Dress Goods, but, no less important, they are the very weaves most in request this season, the colorings all being of the choicest character.

The great variety of stylish fabrics, covering several center tables, for easy selection, consists of—

Plain and fancy Dress Goods, 44 to 54 inches wide; stylish Panamas, wide all-wool Habit Cloth, heavy brown and blue mixed Cloakings, dainty Crepe Cloths and Marquisettes in light blue, plain and checked; a few pieces of black Voile and novelty black Suiting; then a variety of checked Voiles and a number of pieces of Broadcloth in favorite shadings.

An extensive assortment, all at 49c a yard—think of that. No equal opportunity have we known before, of selecting from so many very stylish dress materials, as fine as these, at a price so much below their true value.

Separate Skirts at $4.85 Were $6.50 to $8.50

Skirts of absolutely the newest designs at $4.85, instead of $6.50, $7.50 and $8.50.

Fancy Panama Skirts, in hair-line and invisible stripes; plain Panama Skirts, blue, black and brown. Also black Voile Skirts, plain and seeded effect.

All are stylishly pleated and finished with folds, either of silk or self-material. More desirable Skirts, in better variety, have not been shown.

Net Waists at $4.85

Beautiful Net Waists over soft Jap silk; a dainty yoke of small tucks, front in elaborate designs of filet and Irish crochet lace. Full, broad shoulders, the large sleeves a succession of knife pleating and lace. And these are the Waists offered now at $4.85; in white, ecru and cream. All sizes.

Taffeta Silk Jumpers—In black, brown and blue; strapped and tucked; some with French Knots, others with medallions. $1.75 each, were $2.50.

Notable Savings Offered On Rugs

And among the excellent Rugs at reduced prices, are these:

Fiber Rugs—

36 by 72 inches, $2 and $2.50 values, now $1.25.

30 by 60 inches, $1.50 Rugs for 95c each.

Granite Art Squares—size 9 by 12 feet; regularly selling at $5, for $3.50.

Cottage Rugs—Rich solid colors with fancy striped borders—

36 by 72 inches, $1.50 Rugs for $1 each.

30 by 60 inches, $1.25 Rugs for 75c each.

Bath Room Rugs—Slightly soiled, but otherwise perfect—

36 by 72 inches, $2.50 Rugs for $1.25 each.

30 by 60 inches, $2.00 Rugs for $1.00 each.

Axminster Rugs—Heavy and durable, in beautiful patterns—

27 by 54 inches, $2.50 Rugs for $1.85 each.

Imperial Smyrna Rugs—Noted for quality—and color richness—

36 by 72 inches, $5 Rugs, $3.50 each.

Smyrna Rugs—Another durable, handsome grade—

18 by 36 inches, 75c Rugs for 50c; the $1 and $1.25 qualities for 85c.

Chenille Axminster Rugs—Quality usually selling at $10, but here in previous sales at $7.50—

Size 36 by 72 inches, offered now at $5.

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co. *Store of Many Departments*

We are closing the Fur Season with important and remarkable reductions. The stock has been inventoried, and we propose selling what we have on hand at prices for which the raw skins could hardly be purchased. The stock is not very large, but it very is choice—including many smart and excellent things in Mink, Lynx, Persian Lamb, Squirrel and Fox. Children's Sets will share in the reduction also.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

RECEIVERS HOLD MORSE COMBINE

Coastwise Shipping Trust Now Under Control of Courts.

Portland, Me., February 4.—Receivers for the Eastern Steamship Company, the Metropolitan Steamship Company and the Consolidated Steamship Company of Maine, and two joint special masters as well were appointed by Judge Putnam in the United States circuit court today.

The receivers and special masters are: Eastern Steamship Company—William T. Cobb, governor of Maine; Calvin Austin, of Boston, president and general manager of all three companies.

Metropolitan Steamship Company—William L. Cobb, Calvin Austin and A. I. Culver, of New York.

Consolidated Steamship Lines of Maine—William T. Cobb, General Thos. H. Hubbard, of New York, and, in case the latter cannot accept, Robert E. Herrick, of Boston.

Joint special masters—John F. A. Merrill and A. S. Woodman, of Portland.

REDDING IS PROMOTED BY ELECTRIC COMPANY.

Electrical Engineer Made General Superintendent of the Electrical Department.

Vice President and General Manager G. W. Brine, of the Georgia Railway and Electric Company, yesterday announced the promotion of Electrical Engineer S. A. Redding to the position of general superintendent of the electric department of the company. In future Mr. Redding will have charge of all generating stations, substations and wires and conduits, relieving Mr. Brine of this detail.

The appointment of Mr. Redding to this important position, while a well deserved promotion, was made necessary by the recent action of the board of directors of the company in electing Mr. Brine general manager. Mr. Brine has for a number of years supervised many of the details of the business, and his increased duties now make that impossible.

Mr. Redding, although a young man, is well qualified for his duties. He is one of the most expert and competent electrical engineers in the south, and has wide experience. He has been in the employ of the Georgia Railway and Electric Company for more than four years and has conducted himself in such a manner as to gain the confidence of the officials.

CONGRESSMAN EDWARDS STANDS FOR REELECTION.

Three Others Are Already in the Race and There May Be More.

Savannah, Ga., February 4.—(Special.) Congressman C. G. Edwards, of the first district, has announced his candidacy for reelection. He states that he has had so many requests to make the race again that he could not refuse. He says if he doesn't accomplish anything by the end of his second term he is ready to get down and out for good.

The others in the race are W. W. Sheppard, of Chatham; E. K. Overstreet, of Screven, and William Clifton, of McIntosh. J. Randolph Anderson, of Chatham, may also run.

PIG-STY OR COTTON FIELD.

The old Mosaic Laws forbade the use of pork in any form, and modern science has confirmed the wisdom of the patriarch in making this Law. The flesh of the hog is indigestible; so is the fat. Food prepared with lard is unwholesome. To meet the demand for a cooking fat that is pure and easily digested, The N. K. Fairbank Company, Chicago, have put on the market a shortening called COTTOLENE, made from refined vegetable oil. This cooking fat can be used in any and every way that lard now is, and can even be used in place of butter in making fine pastry. Contrast the source of lard—the filthy pig-sty, with the source of COTTOLENE—the pure, white cotton boll, and one can readily understand the great demand for this pure, vegetable shortening in preference to the fat of the hog.

WANTS SALOONS TO BE VOTED OUT

Governor Noel Wants an Amendment for Constitutional Prohibition.

Jackson, Miss., February 4.—Governor Noel today sent a message to both houses of the legislature recommending that additional restrictions be placed on the ownership and sale of deadly weapons; that laws be enacted to prohibit speculation in futures and to close bucket shops; that saloons be voted out of existence at the earliest possible moment, and an amendment for constitutional prohibition be submitted to the people.

Bishop Nelson at Columbus.

Columbus, Ga., February 4.—(Special.) The Convocation of Columbus, a missionary organization composed of the Episcopal churches of Muscogee and several other adjoining counties, is in session in this city, Bishop C. K. Nelson, of Atlanta, presiding. There are a number of delegates in attendance. Yesterday's session was devoted largely to organization and getting ready for the work before the body.

Award of Prizes

The following retail dealers have been awarded prizes for best display of LUZIANNE COFFEE in the Contest recently held:

1st Prize: HEIMEL-LAROSE CO., New Orleans.
2d Prize: INMAN LUMBER CO., Lyman, Miss.
3d Prize: UNION GROCERY CO., Clinton, N. C.

THE REILY-TAYLOR CO.
NEW ORLEANS, U. S. A.

MAYSON SPOKE AT FAIRBURN.

A Large Audience Heard Hon. James L. Mayson.

Fairburn, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Hon. James L. Mayson, candidate for congress, spoke to a large audience in the courthouse here yesterday at the noon recess of court.

Mr. Mayson especially enlarged upon the needs of an amendment to the currency laws whereby an issue of money sufficient to handle the crops would be had, especially in times of panic.

Mr. Mayson went extensively into the immigration question. He made an appeal for the doctrine of state rights. He spoke at length along the lines of his platform heretofore announced, and the same was apparently well received.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

During the past 35 years no remedy has proven more prompt or more effectual in its cures of

Coughs, Colds and Croup

than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. In many homes it is relied upon as implicitly as the family physician. It contains no opium or other narcotic, and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. Price 25c; large size 50c

Want Ads.

Ten cents per line each insertion. Six average words make one line. No ad. taken for less than the price of three lines.

If your name appears in either 'phone book, you can telephone your "ad." to

'Phone 109

and have it charged.

The bill will be mailed to you the following day for payment.

'Phone 109 is used exclusively for "want ads." You are guaranteed a prompt, polite and efficient service.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A press feeder—male or female. Apply at once. 125 Decatur st.

WANTED—2 city salesmen; $18 per week; $5 required for sample case. Apply Arlington Hotel, J. C. Jenning.

WANTED—Caller-out for View Co., between 9 and 10 a. m. 161½ Edgewood. Room 15.

FREE SHAVE AND HAIR CUT—Hours from 9 to 4. Pay chairs in connection. Moler Barber College, Hunter and Forsyth streets.

$25 PER WEEK and traveling expenses paid by reliable house to salesmen to visit dealers. Experience unnecessary. Purity Co., Chicago.

BE OUR AGENT in your city. Liberal percentage. Reliable firm. Write at once. Van Horn & Son, Theatrical Costumers, 121 No. 9th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CUTTERS AND TAILORS—There is always room "at the top," and the great modern system will help you to get there. A. D. Rude & Son, New York Cutting School, 1133-35 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—Drug clerk; must be competent, sober and industrious; must come with recommendations as to ability, integrity, etc.; license not absolutely necessary. The City Drug Co., LaGrange, Ga.

WE NEED FOR PATRONS: Bookkeeper, stenographers, typewriters, office man, clerks, collector, salesman, driver for light wagon; other openings. Call or write us. National Employment Association, 1022 Century Bldg.

WANTED—Several neat appearing single young men to travel. Something new, easy seller, good proposition. All expenses advanced. If you can't leave city on hour's notice, don't take up my time or your own. Call Room 3, Geller's hotel, 8:30 to 10:30 today.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; 6 weeks completes, 60 chairs constantly busy; licensed instructors; tools given; diplomas granted, wages Saturday; positions waiting; wonderful demand for graduates; catalog free. Moler Barber College, Hunter and Forsyth streets.

WANTED—For U. S. Army: Able-bodied unmarried men, between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. Men now wanted for service in Cuba and Philippine islands. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Temple Court bldg., Atlanta, or 411 Cherry st., Macon.

A GIANT PROGRAM for 1908, of the best in literature and everything in best magazine making, will be unloaded on the readers of the new and only Uncle Remus's Magazine beginning immediately. It will cause dollars to flow our way in streams; but we are not greedy, as we want the agent to share. Ask for our offer to agents. Have the pleasure of handling some of this money, and possessing your big commissions. Hurry up. Uncle Remus's Magazine, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED HELP—MALE AND FEMALE

WANTED—Men and women of ability to represent us. Previous experience unnecessary. Dodd, Mead & Co., 616 Austell Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

MAKE A TEN-STRIKE.

DON'T WAIT for the other fellow in your community to march away with our money making outfit. Perhaps fate has seemed against you, but try again. Get our great agents' offer, then our free outfit, and just two hours' solid work will demonstrate how popular this magazine is, and the surprising amount of money it will net you. Write a postal saying "Give me your proposition." Uncle Remus's Magazine, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—AGENTS.

JOBBERS to represent us in large towns throughout Georgia. Enterprise Sausage Factory, Atlanta, Ga.

A FEW MONTHS AGO Uncle Remus's Magazine had no circulation; now it has 70,000 each month. Fifty thousand probably came from agents. At the high commission we give, our representatives have been given fortunes. But it's only beginning. Our system is prepared for, and yearns for one-half million. Be our agent, and share in these distributions. Can't say Uncle Remus's Magazine is not helping to circulate money. Get in our agents' circle, and rejoice. If we knew you, we would write you. Uncle Remus's Magazine, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

SALESMEN AND MERCHANTS to sell tailoring from samples; will furnish the best and largest line at the lowest prices. Complete sample oufit comes free to you. We are adding 1,000 sales agencies to our list of dealers. Make application for spring line today if you wish to insure big profits and a big spring business. Address Lock Box 330, Chicago.

A BIG FEAST AHEAD for the agents of Uncle Remus's Magazine. Our boost proposition cannot fail to bring you with us as our representative. Quite an honor, our agents regard it, to represent the first and only great magazine of the south. They are making money, and we are sticking together. You will miss a golden chance not to write. Uncle Remus's Magazine, Atlanta, Ga.

SALESMEN who can sell tailoring to the consumer direct, either by samples or in store. We furnish fixtures complete and woolens on consignment for show purposes to parties who wish to establish themselves in a live town. Salesmen who have been selling tailoring will find it important and profitable to investigate and write at once. Our line is the best for quality, material and workmanship and you will never lose a customer. Write today for particulars. Address Paul Jones, Lock Box 590, Chicago, Ill., Dept 19.

WANTED—MONEY.

I HAVE fine demand for money on Atlanta improved real estate. See me if you have money to loan. W. A. Foster, 12 S. Broad.

WANTED—ROOMS.

I CAN rent your furnished and unfurnished rooms and houses. List with me and save time, money and avoid publicity. Commission small and nothing required in advance. Phone 2296. N. H. Shivers, 141 Peachtree street, over Todd Drug Company.

AUCTIONS.

AT AUCTION

The Contents of the Nicely Furnished Home Advertised By Us Last Week, at 20 S. Pryor, Wednesday, Feb. 5, at 10 A. M.—Also a $200.00 Mahogany Bedroom Suit.

COMMENCING at 10 a. m. today, we sell at our salesrooms at 20 S. Pryor, an exceptionally fine lot of furniture, all modern and used but a short time, consisting of a solid mahogany 3-piece parlor suit, a nice reception hall suit, 2 fine oak bedroom suits, iron beds, a very large mahogany dresser and washstand, 2 pretty parlor tables, 2 fine Axminster art squares, 9x12, a lot of rugs, leather davenport, 3 pairs of Irish point lace curtains, a lot of china, glassware, bric-a-brac, utensils, gas stove, a very handsome quartered oak buffet hand-carved, round extension dining table, 6 oak leather seat chairs, a beautiful china closet, etc. Sale starts promptly at 10 a. m. at 20 S. Pryor.

B. BERNARD, Auctioneer.

B. BERNARD, the live auctioneer, at 20 South Pryor, will buy or sell you out. Phone Bell 2305. Special attention given to sales from premises.

WANTED SITUATION—MALE.

WE SUPPLY competent help. No cost. Phone 2122. National Employment Association, 1022-23 Century bldg.

WANTED—By intelligent young man, age 22, to assist general office work in afternoon or night. J. E. L., care Constitution.

WANTED—Situation as butler, coachman, porter or janitor; best of references. Address J. H., care Constitution.

WANTED—Position of trust by young man with high school education, some business experience. References furnished. Address B. P. F., Manly, N. C.

MACHINIST—Sewing machine man from north, experienced on all manufacturing machines, wants factory position. Address Competent, care Constitution.

WANTED—BOARDERS.

TWO nice rooms with board for couple or young men. 352 Peachtree. Phone 3236-J.

WANTED—Two young men or couple to board, large front room, private family. 89 E. Linden ave. Phone 931-J. N.

ONE room with private bath, one room with bath convenient, and board. Miss Annie Dennis, 21 E. Linden. Bell phone 152 North.

GENTLEMAN occupying large, pleasant room desires roommate. Good board in private home. Call at 26 E. Cain.

HOTEL BON AIR, 384 Peachtree st., steam heat, thoroughly repaired, offers great inducements to permanent or transient guests.

16 EAST BAKER STREET—New management; one door from Peachtree street; three blocks from Aragon hotel. Excellent table board, attractively served. Bell phone Main 3638.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

LADIES—Make sanitary belts; material cut ready to sew, $1.44 per dozen. Particulars stamped envelope. Hygienic Novelty Co., Dept. 22, Chicago.

WANTED—White woman cook; German preferred; state salary wanted and experience. Mrs. Louis B. Magid, Tallulah Lodge, Georgia.

WANTED—Colored man and wife, man to help in hospital, wife to work in laundry, salary $35 a month and board. Applicants must be neat, well dressed. Call on C. E. Max after 5 p. m., 1023 Century Bldg.

WE NEED FOR PATRONS: Bookkeepers, stenographers, type writers, cashiers, clerks, saleslades, lady detective, companion, governess. Other good openings. Call or write us. National Employment Association, 1022 Century building.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—All classes of jewelry engraving. Room 312, English-American building.

WANTED—Second-hand furniture, office and household goods. We buy, sell and exchange. A. Springer, 25 S. Pryor st., Bell 1526.

WANTED—Rep. people, all lines; those doing specialties preferred; also man with picture machine; state all first letter. Address XE., Box 249, Dawson, Ga.

SKIRTS—From your own materials, Mrs. A. J. Cohen (formerly with B. Altman & Co., of New York), maker of ladies' fine skirts to order. Only one fitting necessary. 14 East Pine street, between the Peachtrees.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

2 OR 3 FURNISHED ROOMS at 210 Spring street. Bell phone 3205 Main.

ELEGANT furnished rooms, very close in; all conveniences. Apply 70 Ivy street, Atlanta phone 1985.

TWO or three rooms for housekeeping. Near in, north side; gas and steel range in kitchen. 76 Walton street.

16 EAST BAKER ST., one door from Peachtree street, three blocks from Aragon hotel. Front room with excellent board. Also room with connecting bath for two gentlemen; all conveniences. Furnace heat. Phone Main 3638.

ARE you looking for furnished rooms or apartments? Let me save you the long, hard tramp about the city. If you are a stranger I can direct you to the neighborhood you desire to live in. N. H. Shivers, 141 Peachtree street, over Todd Drug Company. Phone 2296.

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANO FOR RENT at moderate rental. Address Richmond, care Constitution.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—A modern 7-room house, north side; fine location. Phone North 490.

GET our Weekly Rent Bulletin, giving fairly good description of everything we have for rent. Phone 318. John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, 12 Auburn avenue.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of the city. Call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. L. Thrower, renting agent, 39 North Forsyth street.

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

LARGE furnished front steam-heated bedrooms in the Hayden apartments. Call Main 5217.

LOST.

LOST—At Bijou theater, one Phi Delta Theta pin; opal setting, diamond eyes. Phone North 1068-L. 394 N. Boulevard. Liberal reward.

BUYING AND SELLING REAL ESTATE

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION is a valuable assistant in this field of work.

Is your ad. in its columns? If not, why not?

A solicitor will be sent you if you call

∴ PHONE 109 ∴

MONEY TO LOAN.

WEYMAN & CONNORS, EQUITABLE. ESTABLISHED 1890. Mortgage Loans on Real Estate.

MONEY LOANED ON REAL ESTATE 3 TO 5 YEARS, 6 PER CENT JOHN CAREY, 18 EAST ALABAMA STREET.

$20,000 TO LOAN on Atlanta and suburban real estate. $500 or more. Address "Money," 305 Peters bldg.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS to lend; any amount, 1-2, 5 and 6 per cent. Write or call. S. W. Carson, 24 South Broad.

WE make real estate loans at lowest current rates. No delay. Buy and sell purchase-money notes. Moore, Gaunt Co., 609-10 Century bldg.

ESTABLISHED since 1889. Mortgage loans made on real estate; purchase money notes bought and sold. S. W. Turman & Co., cor. Broad and Ala. sts.

MONEY advanced salaried people and others; easy payments; quick, confidential. American Investment Co., 704 Candler bldg.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE and others without security; easy payments; offices 63 principal cities. D. H. Tolman, room 524, Austell building.

I HAVE a good deal of local money to lend on Atlanta real estate or farm lands near Atlanta. W. A. Foster, 12 South Broad.

THE Mortgage-Bond Co. of New York has resumed making loans on Atlanta real estate at usual rates. J. S. Slicer, Attorney, 1227 Empire Bldg.

MONEY LOANED to salaried people without assignment or mortgage. Short time notes discounted at reasonable rates. All business confidential. Commercial Discount Co., 715 Temple Court.

PALMISTRY.

MADAME DEL REY, psychic palmist, advises you on love, family, business affairs, lawsuits, investments, changes, lost articles, etc. If undecided, in doubt she will help you. 75 Trinity avenue, between Pryor and Central.

PALMIST
PROF. BYRON K.
STANLEY

RETURNED to Atlanta. Permanently located in his own home, 183 Ivy street, corner Cain. Reliable advisor on all affairs in life, business, love, marriage, divorce, sickness, journeys, separations, etc. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hours: 10 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 1 to 5 p. m. 183 Ivy street.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

TO LEASE—Modern printing plant. Owner's time given other business. Responsible people only reply. Address Box 185, Savannah, Ga.

AN ESTABLISHED office business, two months' rent, all for $450. Actual assets for your money. Office Business, care Constitution.

DISEASES OF MEN.

MEN in need of the best medical skill can consult me. No charge for consultation. Chronic troubles a specialty. Modern methods. Address Dr. W. M. Baird, 16½ Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

SCHOOL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A ONE-THIRD interest in a successful private college for young ladies; purchaser will be made principal at a good salary. Three thousand dollars cash required. A fine opening for an energetic school man. Address "College," in care of this paper.

THE SOUTH HAS SPOKEN, and Uncle Remus's Magazine is the spokesman. When an agent in Brazil sends twenty-six from a little effort, what can't you do here in any part of this country? Try it; it's fun and money-making combined. Our offer is irresistible. Ask for it, the outfit, and give three references, at the same time. UNCLE REMUS'S MAGAZINE, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HOMES, lots, investments and acreage. See Hardin Realty Co., 202 Candler bldg., phone M. 2218.

HOMES, lots, investments and acreage. See Hardin Realty Co., 202 Candler bldg., phone M. 2218.

DETECTIVE AGENCIES.

VICKERY'S Detective Service. Representatives everywhere. We throw light on the darkest mystery. Consultation free. Open all night. Local and long distance phone Bell 4709 Main. Vickery Bldg., 903 Marietta street, Atlanta.

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

DELLINGRATH PLUMBING CO., 35 N. Forsyth st., Prudential bldg. Both phones.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

E. B. WRIGHT, the tailor, will move from No. 24 Hunter st. to No. 10 Luckie st., opposite Piedmont hotel, February 15, with the finest line of woolens for the season.

FOR RENT—HOTELS.

FOR RENT—16-room hotel, three-fourths furnished; splendid water, beautiful lawn, near court house and electric car. Apply to W. W. Jossey, Decatur, Ga.

OLD HATS MADE NEW.

Soft and stiff felt hats cleaned and reshaped.. .. .. 50c
Bands, bindings or sweats (each extra).. .. .. 25c
Felt hats cleaned with new bands or sweats.. .. ..

COTTON HIGHER 11 TO 16 POINTS

Steadier Interior Markets Reported from South.

Market Opened at a Decline, but in the Afternoon There Was a Sharp Advance and March Sold at 18 to 26 Points Higher.

New York, February 4.—The cotton market was higher today, closing steady at a net advance of 11 to 16 points. Sales were estimated at 250,000. The market opened steady at a net decline of 1 to 3 points, in response to disappointing Liverpool cables, but quickly steadied on covering and the light estimates for tomorrow's receipts at leading points. Business was not active, but there seemed to be less pressure of long cotton against the market than for some days, and prices ruled generally steady during the middle session on covering and buying by brokers credited with operating for leading interests.

In the afternoon there was quite a sharp advance on reports of steadier interior markets, and at one time March sold at 11.17 and May at 11.18, or 18 to 26 points net higher. The close was 5 or 6 points off from the best under realizing. Many local traders felt the bulge was the result of covering, and there was some selling on a scale up. The opinion was that the market would react as soon as the short interest was reduced, but the reports of firmer southern markets seemed to be encouraging some bull support. Official advices received early reported southern markets unchanged to 1-8c higher. New Orleans ruled firm during the afternoon, but sent few orders to the local market.

Receipts at the ports today 45,098, against 84,561 last week and 53,873 last year. For the week 240,000, against 287,984 last week and 256,718 last year.

New Orleans Cotton.

New Orleans, February 4—Cotton spots firm. Low ordinary 7⅞ nominal; ordinary 8 11-16 nominal; good ordinary 10⅛ nominal; low middling 11¼; middling 11⅞; good middling 12 5-16; middling fair 12 13-16; fair 13 7-16 nominal. Sales, 2,800 bales; receipts, 11,984 bales; stock, 265,475. Futures opened quiet and steady, unchanged to 1 point below the close yesterday, absence of bullish activity bringing about a somewhat lower market than that which was due on the cables. A scarcity of offerings after the opening contributed to an improved condition of futures, although there was not sufficient speculation to warrant a sustained advance. Later the small receipts at the interior towns, together with an estimate of light receipts tomorrow at New Orleans and Houston, steadied the market and brought about an advance. During the late session reports of activity upon the bull clique in New York brought still another advance in prices, and at the close, which was steady, the active list ranged from 13 to 17 points above the close yesterday.

Dry Goods.

New York, February 4.—The dry goods market opened slow but steady. A fair business was shown in the jobbing trade. Retailers are not active buyers, but are taking a fair percentage of goods ordered. There is an increase in trading in weaving yarns in some houses, though nothing like a full movement has begun. Substantial sales of flannels to China are reported, but the general export trade is quieter than a week ago.

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, February 4.—Cotton, spot quiet; prices 6 points higher. American middling fair, 6.98; good middling 6.62; middling 6.36; low middling 6.02; good ordinary 5.60; ordinary 5.10. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and include 7,800 American. Receipts 78,000 bales, including 77,800 American. Futures opened steady and closed quiet.

	Open.	Close.
February	5.90-5.91½	5.94
February-March	5.89	5.93
March-April	5.88-5.89½	5.92
April-May	5.86	5.90
May-June	5.83-5.83½	5.87
June-July	5.81	5.84½
July-August	5.75½-5.76	5.79
August-September	5.65	5.68
September-October	5.54½	5.55
October-November	5.44½-5.42½	5.45
November-December	5.42	5.42½

Comparative Port Receipts.

Following were net receipts at the ports yesterday, compared with those of the corresponding day last year:

	1908.	1907.
New Orleans	11,984	18,226
Galveston	22,455	24,655
Mobile	1,329	1,060
Savannah	6,870	4,487
Charleston	35	212
Wilmington	1,072	770
Norfolk	1,300	3,809
Boston	.....	453
Philadelphia	39	.....
Various	.....	201
Totals	45,098	53,875

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

	1908	1907
Houston	14,715	23,886
Memphis	1,746	3,125
Augusta	716	702
St. Louis	1,039	7,539
Cincinnati	595	448
Little Rock	256	525
Totals	19,067	36,225

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS WEDNESDAY.

Galveston, 9,000 to 11,000, against 24,407 last year.

New Orleans, 8,000 to 10,500, against 11,375 last year.

Houston, 3,000 to 3,500, against 11,505

Hubbard Bros. & Co.

New York, February 4.—After hesitating for a moment at the opening, the market began to rally on the rather better demand for spot cotton in the south and the absence of any new liquidating here. This advice did not stop until a recovery of some 24 points from the low point was reached. A slow reaction during the last hour did much to maintain the pessimistic feeling, which was so evident last week. Spinners continue to be slow buyers, waiting for the south to give way, which they believe the holders will finally do in the absence of any speculation.

Spinners consider there is little danger of a revival of an upward movement in view of the present unsettled feeling in the cotton trade.

WOOL.

Boston, February 4.—The local wool market continues to improve and business is on a broader basis. Worsted mills are the prominent buyers, but the movement has not yet been large. Values remain fairly steady and fleece wools are quite firm.

The leading domestic quotations are as follows:

Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces XX, 34@35c; No. 1 washed 38@39c; fine unwashed 26@27c; medium clothing 26@27c; half blood clothing 25@26c; half blood combing 32@34c; three-eighths blood combing 32@33c; quarter blood combing 30c; Delaine washed 33@39c; Delaine unwashed 31@32c.

THE SPOT COTTON MARKET.

MARKETS—	Tone.	Middling.	Net Recpts.	Gross Recpts.	Sales.	Stock.
Atlanta	Steady	11 3-4	.....	.....	.....	.....
Galveston	Quiet	11 7-8	22,455	22,455	.....	232,958
New Orleans	Firm	11 7-8	11,984	11,984	2,800	265,475
Mobile	.....	.....	1,329	1,329	.....	47,385
Savannah	Steady	11 1-4	6,870	6,870	1,758	110,400
Charleston	Firm	11 1-4	35	35	100	22,750
Wilmington	Steady	11 1-2	1,072	1,072	.....	11,320
Norfolk	Quiet	12	1,320	1,320	552	29,236
Baltimore	Nominal	12	.....	360	.....	12,382
New York	Quiet	11.85	.....	100	.....	122,419
Boston	Quiet	11.85	.....	451	.....	.....
Philadelphia	Steady	12.10	39	2,162	.....	1,937
Totals today			45,098		.....	856,800
do. 3 days			115,231		.....	.....
do. since September 1			6,368,057		.....	.....

Exports—To Great Britain, from Philadelphia 1,923. Total 1,923.
To France—From New York 321. Total 321.
To Continent—From Galveston 993; from New York 100. Total 1,093.
Coastwise—Savannah 3,957; Charleston 200; Norfolk 1,735; Baltimore 1,500.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

MARKETS—	Tone.	Middling.	Net Receipts.	Gross. Receipts.	Shipments.	Sales.	Stock.
Houston	Steady	11 3-4	14,715	14,715	15,497	131	70,153
Augusta	Steady	11 7-8	716	716	1,304	728	60,007
Memphis	Steady	11 15-16	1,746	1,914	1,941	900	112,816
St. Louis	Quiet	12	1,039	3,162	2,142	2	19,460
Cincinnati	.....	.....	595	595	257	.....	13,410
Louisville	Firm	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Little Rock	Steady	11 3-8	2256	256	1,124	.....	25,775
Totals today			19,067	21,358	22,271	1,761	301,921

THE RANGE OF COTTON OPTIONS.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale	Close	Prev. Close.
Feb	11.00	11.00	11.00	.....	10.99-02	10.86-90
March	10.97	11.17	10.97	11.10	11.10	10.99-11
April	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.12-13	10.98-11
May	10.94	11.18	10.93	11.12	11.12-13	10.96-97
June	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.07-10	10.91-93
July	10.74	10.97	10.74	10.93	10.92	10.77-78
Oct	10.18	10.25	10.17	10.22	10.21-22	10.07-08

Closed steady.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale	Close	Prev. Close.
Feb	.....	11.45	11.45	.....	11.50	11.45
March	11.32	11.46	11.31	11.45	11.45-46	11.32-33
April	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.35	11.18
May	11.17	11.37	11.16	11.36	11.35-36	11.18-19
June	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.24	11.08
July	11.14	11.25	11.14	11.24	11.24-25	11.08-09
Oct	10.20	10.20	10.20	10.20	11.25	.....

Closed steady.

BONDS.

U. S. refunding 2s, registered	103⅞
do. coupon	103⅞
U. S. 3s, registered	100¾
do. coupon	100¾
U. S. new 4s, registered	118
do. coupon	119½
American Tobacco 4s	64½
do. 6s	102¼
Atchison general 4s	99¾
do adjustment 4s, bid	88
Atlantic Coast Line 4s, bid	89½
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	101
do. 3½s, ofd	93
Brooklyn R. T. cv. 4s	73
Central of Georgia 5s	100
do. 1st inc, bid	62
do. 3d inc, bid	28
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s, bid	101
Chicago and Alton 3½s, bid	60
Chicago, B. and Q. new 4s	95½
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. R. R. 4s	59⅞
do. col. 5s	70
C. C. C. and St. Louis gen. 4s, ofd	97½
Colorado Industrial 5s, ser. A	44½
Colorado Midland 4s, ofd	62
Colorado and Southern 4s	88½
Cuba 5s, bid	103½
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	95
Distillers' Securities 5s, bid	71
Erie prior lien 4s	85
do. general 4s, bid	68
Hocking Valley 4½s	102¼
Japan 4s, certificates	79½
Japan 4½s bonds	90¾
do. 2d series	87⅝
Louisville and Nash. unified 4s	99
Manhattan consol gold 4s	95½
Mexican Central 4s	81¾
do. 1st inc	18⅞
Minn. and St. Louis 4s, bid	77
Missouri, Kans. and Texas 4s	97½
do. 2ds, bid	80
National R. R. of Mex. con. 4s, bid	79
New York Central gen. 3½s, bid	89¼
New Jersey Central gen. 5s, bid	121½
Northern Pacific 4s	100¾
do. 3s	71
Norfolk and Western consol 4s, bid	95½
Oregon Short Line rfdg 4s	88⅞
Penn. cv. 3½s, ofd	94
Reading general 4s	95¾
St. L. and Iron Mount. con. 5s, bid	107½
St. L. and San Francisco fg. 4s	72¼
St. Louis S'western con. 4s	65
Seaboard Air Line 4s	45
Southern Pacific 4s	86
do. 1st 4s, certificates, bid	90
Southern Railway 5s	87½
Texas and Pacific 1sts, bid	111½
Toledo, St. L. and Western 4s, bid	70
Union Pacific 4s	100⅜
Union Pacific cv. 4s	86
U. S. Steel 2d 5s	88½
Wabash 1sts, bid	108
do. deb. B, ofd	48
Western Md. 4s	62
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	71
Wisconsin Central 4s, bid	84
Atchison cv. 4s	81¾
do. 5s	98

Carpenter, Baggot & Co.

New York, February 4.—The market, after having been in a deadlock for several days with sentiment bearishly inclined, showed its teeth this morning and the muchly trodden-on worm turned. The bears have been overly bold of late owing to the apathy for public and unsatisfactory outside trade conditions and evidently sold themselves into a pocket, out of which they must extricate themselves without the help of the producer who refuses to sell his product at the discount that Mr. Bruin has agreed to deliver it. During the recent inertia, cotton, from a supply standpoint, has been overlooked or cast aside as being of little importance, so long as general outside conditions were against an advancing market. We have no doubt that eventually cotton on its merits will assert itself and seek a higher level irrespective of any individual leadership. The movement up to the present time is 17.5 per cent under last year, and if the same proportion of decrease is maintained throughout the balance of the season the final commercial crop will be about 11,250,000 bales. Assuming that it should reach even the government figures of 11,678,000, we have already received 8,144,000, which would only leave 3,334,000 bales yet to come, provided the farmer disposed of his all at these prices. This, added to our present visible of about 1,150,000, would give only 4,672,000 to the end of the season to supply mills in this country with at least 2,600,000 more and a like amount still to be taken by the foreigner to bring his takings up to even eight million bales, when most authorities claim that the foreigner will require at least 8,500,000 bales, having already taken 5,350,000 bales.

Metals.

New York, February 4.—There was a very sharp advance in the London tin market with spot closing at £130 and futures £130 10s. Locally the market was quiet, but higher in sympathy with the gain abroad; quotations range from $28.50@29.25.

Copper was slightly higher in London at £61 2s 6d for spot and £61 15s for futures. Locally the market was dull and unchanged with lake quoted at $13.50@13.75; electrolytic at $13.37½@13.62½ and casting at $13.12½@13.37½.

Lead was unchanged at £14 16s 3d in London and at $3.65@3.75 in the local market.

Spelter was a shade lower at £20 5s in London, but remained dull and unchanged at $4.45@4.55 locally.

The English iron market was higher with standard foundry quoted at 47s and Cleveland warrants at 48s 4½d. Locally no change was reported.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, February 4—Cotton seed oil was dull but steady on light offerings; prime crude 31½c; prime summer yellow 40½c; off summer yellow 39@40¼c; good off summer yellow 39@40c; prime white 40@43c; prime winter yellow 43¼@44c. Futures closed dull but steady.

	Opening.	Closing.
February	39¾@40¾	40 @40¾
March	40 40¾	40¼@40¾
May	40½@41½	40¾@41¼
July	42 @42¼	41¾@42¼
September	42¼@42¾	42¼@43
October	38¾@41	38¾@41½

ATLANTA OIL MARKET.

Prompt 31@31½c; February 31@31½c; March 31@31½c.

Mining Stocks.

Boston, February 4.—Stocks: North Butte 49; Butte Coalition 18⅝; Nevada 10⅛; Calumet and Arizona 111; Arizona Commercial 19⅛; Greene Cananea 8⅝.

STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	C'lng Bid.	Prev. Close.
Adams Express	.....	.....	166	166
Amalgamated Copper	51½	50⅞	51⅛	50⅞
Am Car and Foundry	30	29½	30	29½
do. pfd	89	89	88¾	88¾
Am Cotton Oil	32⅞	32⅝	32¾	32½
do. pfd	.....	.....	80	80
Am Express	180	180	175	180
Am Hide and L. pfd	.....	.....	13	13
Am Ice securities	17⅝	17⅜	17⅝	17⅝
Am Linseed Oil	.....	.....	7	6¾
do. pfd	.....	.....	18½	18½
Am Locomotive	37⅝	37¾	37½	37
do. pfd	.....	.....	90	90
Am Smelt and Refing	67⅛	66⅝	66¾	66½
do. pfd	91	90½	90½	90¾
Am Sugar Refining	113⅝	112⅝	113	112
Am Tobac pfd certif	80	80	80	78¼
Anaconda Mining Co	32⅝	32½	32½	32½
Atchison	72⅜	71⅞	71⅞	71⅝
do. pfd	87	86½	86½	86½
Atlantic Coast Line	.....	.....	68	68
Baltimore and Ohio	84	83¼	83¾	82¾
do. pfd	.....	.....	83	83
Brooklyn Rapid Tran	46¼	45⅝	46	45½
Canadian Pacific	151¼	151	150⅝	150¼
Central of N J	.....	.....	158	160
Chesapeake and Ohio	29¼	29¼	29¼	29¼
Chicago Great West	5	4⅞	4⅞	5
Chicago and Northw	.....	.....	144½	143⅞
Chicago, M and St P	112½	111¼	111¾	111¼
Chicago Term and T	.....	.....	5	5
do. pfd	.....	.....	10	10
C. C. C and St. L	.....	.....	50	50
Colorado Fuel and I	19¼	18¼	18¾	19
Colorado and Southern	24⅝	24¼	24½	24⅝
do. 1st pfd	52	52	51⅝	52
do. 2nd pfd	42⅜	42¼	42	41
Consolidated Gas	98¼	98¼	98½	97
Corn Products, refg	13⅜	13¼	13⅜	13
do. pfd	.....	.....	63	61
Delaware and Hud	152	151¼	151½	150
Del, Lacka and W	.....	.....	460	460
Denver and Rio G	20½	20½	20	20
do. pfd	.....	.....	64¼	55
Distillers' Securities	32¼	32¼	32	31¾
Erie	.....	.....	15¼	15
do. 1st pfd	31⅝	31	31⅜	30½
do. 2nd pfd	22¾	22¾	21	21
General Electric	118⅝	118⅜	118½	119
Illinois Central	127	126¾	127	125
International Paper	10¾	10¾	10½	10½
do. pfd	60¾	60	60½	60
International Pump	20¼	18	19½	17½
do. pfd	.....	.....	67	67
Iowa Central	.....	.....	11½	11½
do. pfd	29¼	28¾	28¾	29
Kansas City Southern	.....	.....	20½	20¼
do. pfd	50	50	50	50
Louisville and Nashv	.....	.....	97½	97
Mexican Central	18⅞	18¼	18⅝	18¾
Minn and St Louis	.....	.....	20	24
M. St P and S S M	.....	.....	92½	92½
do. pfd	.....	.....	120	120
Missouri Pacific	43	42½	42¾	42¼
Mo, Kansas and Tex	22⅞	22½	22¾	22¼
do. pfd	.....	.....	54½	54½
National Lead	38¾	37⅞	38¾	38¼
Natl R R of Mex pfd	.....	.....	49	47
N Y Central	96⅞	96½	96½	96¼
N Y, Ont and West	32½	32⅜	32½	32¼
Norfolk and Western	.....	.....	65	66
do. pfd ex-div	.....	.....	75	76
North American	48	48	47⅝	47½
Pacific Mail	27	26½	26	26
Pennsylvania	112⅝	111¾	112¼	111¾
People's Gas	85¼	85½	85	84½
Pittsbg, C C and St L	66	66	66	65
Pressed Steel Car	20½	20¼	20½	20
do. pfd	75¾	75¾	76	75
Pullman Palace Car	.....	.....	152	152
Reading	102⅜	100⅝	102	100⅝
do. 1st pfd	86	83	82	82
do. 2nd pfd	.....	.....	77	77
Republic Steel	16½	16¼	16½	16½
do. pfd	.....	.....	68¼	68
Rock Island Co	12¼	11½	12⅛	11⅝
do. pfd	25⅞	23½	15¼	22⅝
St L and S F 2nd pfd	25	24	24	22½
St L Southwestern	14	13½	14	14
do. pfd	30	30	29	29½
Southern Pacific	73½	72¾	73	72⅝
do. pfd	111	111¼	110¾	111
Southern Railway	10⅝	10⅜	10½	10⅜
do. pfd	32¾	32⅜	32¼	32⅜
Texas and Pacific	19¼	18¾	18¾	18⅜
Toledo, St. L and W	14¾	14¼	13⅞	12½
do. pfd	33¾	33¼	32¾	32⅞
Union Pacific	121¼	120¼	121	120
do. pfd	.....	.....	84	81½
U S Express	.....	.....	80	80
U S Realty	.....	.....	39	39
U S Rubber	21¼	21½	21¼	21
do. pfd	80⅝	80½	80½	80¾
U S Steel	28¾	28¼	28¾	27⅞
do. pfd	93¾	93	93⅝	92¼
Va-Carolina Chem	.....	.....	17½	17½
do. pfd	.....	.....	90	89
Wabash	8¾	8½	8½	8¾
do. pfd	15¼	15¼	15	15
Wells-Fargo Express	.....	.....	250	250
Westinghouse Elec	42	42	42	43
Western Union	.....	.....	55	54½
Wheeling and L E	.....	.....	5¼	5¼
Wisconsin Central	.....	.....	13¾	13¼
do. pfd	.....	.....	36	37
Northern Pacific	125⅛	123⅞	124⅝	153⅜
Central Leather	18¼	18	18¼	18⅛
do. pfd	.....	.....	83	83
Great Northern pfd	121	120	120½	120
Sloss-Sheffield Steel	.....	.....	39½	39
Interboro Met	8½	8	7½	7¼
do. pfd	21½	20¾	21	20

Total sales 280,500 shares.

Stocks recording sales of 10,000 and more shares were:

Amalgamated Copper	11,200
American Smelting	12,700
Reading	35,400
Union Pacific	32,200
United States Steel	18,000
Northern Pacific	17,800

London Stock Market.

London, February 4.—American securities opened steady today. Later Amalgamated Copper and Reading declined ½, but the rest of the list ruled about unchanged from yesterday's New York closing.

Increased traffic helped Canadian Pacific issues, but the Grand Trunk dropped on decreased receipts. Later in the day prices were inclined to ease, but the New York opening infused moderate life into the market and prices recovered gradually and the market closed firm.

	Close.
Anaconda	32¾
Atchison	74
do. preferred	90
Canadian Pacific	150½
Erie	15
Erie, first	31½
Illinois Central	132
Louisville and Nashville	100½
New York Central	96¾
Pennsylvania	111¾
Reading	100⅝
Southern Railway	10⅞
do. preferred	34
St. Paul	112
Union Pacific	120⅝
United States Steel	28¼
do. preferred	93

Treasury Statement.

Washington, February 4.—Today's statement of the treasury balance in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve, shows: Available cash balance $267,779,323; gold coin and bullion $25,769,136; gold certificates $43,940,340.

LIGHT DEMAND FOR THE STOCKS

Business on the Exchange Floor Almost Stagnated.

Rumors About Rock Island Embarrassment Did Not Prove True and That Stock Recovered Some—Earnings of the Pennsylvania.

New York, February 4.—Operations in stocks fell to the point of stagnation today. There was a light demand during the early part of the day, centering in a few stocks and coming from only a few brokerage houses which have been active sellers for the past few days, supposedly on the short side of the market. The slight effect on prices produced by the developments, which were regarded as unfavorable, recently prompted the bears to cover their short contracts. There was, at the same time, a cessation of acute weakness in special stocks which have proved disquieting recently, and also of the reports current to explain this weakness and which alleged troublesome features regarding the finances of the companies. No more was heard of the talk of the intended receivership for the Rock Island, and the securities of that company enjoyed a substantial recovery. There was not much in the news of the day to afford positive grounds for a rise in prices. The reopening of the repair and car shops of the New York Central and Pennsylvania railroads was considered a good sign. The December net earnings report of the Pennsylvania created much attention, and the heavy decrease shown did not depress the stock, principally because rumors had been in circulation that it would be worse than it proved. The 36 per cent decline in the net return compared with December of last year was sufficiently formidable, especially in view of the large additions to charges on new securities in the interval. The discrepancy is almost wholly due to falling off in gross earnings and the constant increase in operating cost, which has been a feature of railroad finances for a long time past, has been overcome at last, and a decrease, although a nominal one, effected.

The determination to maintain prices in the steel trade, however, is expected to have some effect on railroad economies, owing to the large part played by the consumptive requirements of the railroads in that trade. The suggestion has been made that until the railroads find themselves in funds again, by a demand for securities, a reduction of prices of equipment material would be found ineffective to stimulate demand, and that a reduction, therefore, may be postponed rather than avoided.

Statistics of the American Railway Association of idle cars in United States and Canada on January 22 placed the number at 338,315, or 15 per cent of the total equipment. The inference is that some 8,500 locomotives also are idle, and the accumulation of property thus earning no revenue may be computed at hundreds of millions of dollars. Another source of embarrassment to the economies planned by the railroads is the large cost of moving empty cars, which is prompted by the heavy penalties attached to retaining cars of other companies which were put in force at the time of car famines resulting from the crush of traffic.

The falling off in activity of bonds was as marked as in stocks. The tone was irregular. Total sales par value $2,486,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

Money and Exchange.

New York, February 4.—Money easy at 1¾@2 per cent; ruling rate 2; closing bid 1¾; offered at 2.

Time loans irregular; 60 days 3@3¾; 90 days 4 per cent; 6 months 4½ to 4¾.

Prime mercantile paper 5½@6 per cent. Sterling exchange soft, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.8655@4.8660 for demand, and at 4.8350@4.8355 for 60-day bills.

Commercial bills 4.83.

Bar silver 55½; Mexican dollars 46.

Government bonds steady; railroad bonds irregular.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, February 4.—Wheat, spot easy; No. 2 red western winter 7s 6½d. Futures steady; March 7s 5½d; May 5s 5¼d; July 7s 6¼d. Corn, spot easy; prime mixed American new 5s ½d; do. old 5s 4½d. Futures quiet; February 5s 3¼d; March 5s 2¼d. Flour, winter patents easy 29s 6d.

Live Stock.

Chicago, February 4.—Cattle—Receipts about 5,500. Market steady; beeves $3.50@6.15; cows and heifers $1.70@4.60; Texans $3.30@4.00; calves $5.00@7.00; westerns $3.70@4.60; stockers and feeders $2.60@4.60.

Hogs—Receipts about 32,000. Market firm; lights $4.10@4.40; mixed $4.20@4.47½; heavy $4.20@4.47½; pigs $3.50@4.20; bulk of sales $4.35@4.49.

Sheep—Receipts about 12,000. Market strong to 10c higher; natives $3.25@5.65; westerns $3.25@5.65; yearlings $4.90@5.60; lambs $5.20@7.25; western $5.00@7.25.

St. Louis, Mo., February 4.—Cattle—Receipts 4,500, including 1,025 Texans. Market steady; beef steers $3.75@6.00; stockers and feeders $2.40@4.65; cows and heifers $3.15@5.00; Texas steers $2.90@5.25; cows and heifers $1.75@3.75.

Hogs—Receipts 10,500. Market steady to strong; pigs and lights $3.50@4.45; packers $4.10@4.50; butchers and best heavy $4.40@4.55.

Sheep—Receipts 4,500. Market steady; natives $3.50@5.25; lambs $4.50@7.25.

Provisions.

Atlanta, Ga., February 4.—Dry salt extra ribs 7c; supreme lard basis 9¾c. Compound 7¾c. Supreme hams 13c; matchless hams 12c.

Chicago, February 4.—Cash quotations: Short ribs sides (loose) $6@6.25. Mess pork $11.65@11.75. Lard per 100 pounds $7.45. Short clear sides (boxed) $6.35½@6.62. Whisky, basis of high wines, $1.35.

New York, February 4.—Cut meats steady. Petroleum steady. Rosin steady. Rice firm.

Naval Stores.

Wilmington, N. C., February 4.—Spirits turpentine steady at 51½; receipts 6 casks. Rosin steady at $3.25; receipts 58. Tar, nothing doing; receipts 8. Crude turpentine firm at $2.25, $3.25 and $3.25.

Coffee.

New York, February 4.—The market for coffee futures opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 points in response to higher French cables. Trading was quiet, but there was a moderate demand from trade interests and the market held the gain, holding steady net unchanged to 5 points higher. Sales were reported of 18,250 bags, including February at 6.05; March 6.10; May 6.20; July 6.30; September 6.40;

WHEAT STRONG ALL THE SESSION

Active Buying by Shorts Cause of the Advance.

May Delivery Gained One and One-quarter to One and Three-eighths—Sentiment in Pit Was Bullish All Day. Corn and Oats Up.

Chicago, February 4.—Active buying by shorts caused strength today in the wheat market, the May delivery gaining 1 1-4@1 3-8c. Corn was up 1-2@1 5-8c. Oats were 1 3-4 cents higher. Provisions were 12 1-2 to 20 cents higher.

Sentiment in the wheat pit was bullish all day, and prices advanced nearly 2 cents from the low point of the session. Commission houses were liberal buyers, while shorts covered freely. An improved export demand was one of the chief incentives to buyers. Duluth reported fairly large sales of durum wheat for export, and seaboard advices claimed a more brisk inquiry by foreigners. Smaller primary receipts and a decrease of 1,250,000 bushels in the world's visible supply, compared with an increase of $2,210,000 bushels for the corresponding time last year, were additional bullish influences. The market closed strong. May opened unchanged to 1-8 cents lower at 95 7-8 to 96, advanced to 97 7-8@97 3-4, and closed at 97 1-4@97 3-8. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 640,700 bushels. Primary receipts were 379,000 bushels, against 335,000 on the same day last year. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 325 cars, against 351 cars last week, and 153 cars one year ago.

Corn was strong all day on buying by shorts and bulls. A decreased movement, an improvement in shipping demand and an official forecast of unsettled weather for the corn belt were the chief reasons for the demand. An estimate of only 176 cars as the amount of local receipts for tomorrow also was a factor. The close was strong. May opened about unchanged at 59 3-8@59 3-4c, advanced to 61 1-4c, and closed at 61c. Local receipts were 369 cars, with 1 of contract grade.

The oats market was strong, although trade was in small volume. The upturn was due to good demand by longs and to covering by shorts. Offerings came mainly from holders. May opened 3-8c higher at 51 3-4c, advanced to 53 3-8c, and closed at 53 1-8c. Local receipts were 193 cars.

Provisions were easy early in the day because of selling by local packers, but later the market rallied in sympathy with grain. At the close May pork was up 20c at $12.20. Lard was up 12 1-2c at $7.67 1-2. Ribs were 15c higher at $6.67 1-2.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 18 cars; corn, 176 cars; oats, 95 cars; hogs, 50,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
May	95¾@96	97⅝@¾	95⅞	97¼@⅜
July	92¾@93	94¼	92⅝	93¾
Sept	90¼@⅝	91⅝	90¼@⅝	91⅛
CORN—				
May	59¾@⅝	61¼	59¾@½	61
July	58¼	59⅝	58¼	59¼
Sept	58	59¼	58	59
OATS—				
May (old)	51¾	53⅜	51⅜	53¼
do. (new)	50¼	51¼	50¼	50¾
July (old)	45	45⅞	44⅞	45¾
do. (new)	43½	44	43½	44
MESS PORK—				
Feb	11.65	11.65	11.65	11.65
May	12.02½	12.25	11.90	12.20
July	12.30	12.52½	12.17½	12.50
LARD—				
Feb	7.45	7.45	7.45	7.45
May	7.55	7.67½	7.50	7.67½
July	7.72½	7.82½	7.65	7.82½
SHORT RIBS—				
Feb	6.35	6.35	6.35	6.35
May	6.55	6.67½	6.50	6.67½
July	6.75	6.92½	6.72½	6.90

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	31,100	42,300
Wheat, bushels	38,000	64,800
Corn, bushels	402,000	410,800
Oats, bushels	207,000	249,900
Rye, bushels	5,000	4,400
Barley, bushels	57,200	98,300

Groceries.

(Corrected by Oglesby Grocery Co.)

Atlanta, Ga., February 4.—Coffee: Arbuckle's, per 100 pounds, $10; green, choice, 10@11c; No. 7 Rio 9½c. Sugar, standard granulated 5.20c; yellow clarified 4¾c; New York C 4¾c. Salt, 100-pound sacks, 50c; barrel bulk $2.40; ice cream, 100-pound sacks, $1.00. Cheese, Aldrnay brand, $9.15. Crackers, soda, 6½c. Oysters, full weight, $2.10 case. White fish, 80-pound keg, $3.60; white fish, 100-pound keg, $4.25; macaroni 7c. Potash, Giant, $3.25 case. Red Seal $3.80 case. Peanuts, Virginia hand-picked 6½c; North Carolina hand-picked 6¼c. Rice, best new crop, 7c. Rope, 4-ply cotton, 22

CHAS. BLUM & CO.,
517 and 519 W. Bay St.
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA.

STORAGE

MORROW TRANSFER CO.
50-52 E. Alabama St.
Phones 137
MOVING VANS
We Pack and Ship Furniture

OPIUM WHISKEY—ALL DRUG HABITS Treated by us at your home, or at our Sanitarium. Book and particulars FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY & CO., Office, 104 N. Pryor St., ATLANTA, GA

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES FOR COUGHS AND COLDS
For fifty years a staple remedy of superior merit. Absolutely harmless.

I NEVER DISAPPOINT MY PATIENTS
DR. ELLISON, Specialist

For Men Only.
I guarantee to cure Varicocele, Lost Vigor, Piles, Blood and Skin Diseases, Kidney, Urinary and Bladder Trouble, Unnatural Discharges and all Nervous, Chronic Contracted and Private Diseases of MEN ONLY.
Consultation, Examination and advice free and invited
My best reference and guarantee: PAY WHEN CURED.
Call today or write.
Office hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sunday, 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.
DR. W. T. ELLISON,
206 Austell Bldg. No. 10 N. Forsyth St.
Atlanta, Ga.

Special Discount off
WINTER SUITS
A. SATZKY
116 N. Pryor St. Candler Building

Red Cob Corn
20,000 bushels dry bulk or sacked, any quantity not dry.
ISAAC T. RHEA
NASHVILLE, TENN.

YOU CAN BE CURED BY
DR. KING
I CHARGE NOTHING TO PROVE MY METHODS WILL CURE YOU.

There is absolutely no patchwork about the results of the course of treatment I give for each of the diseases I make a specialty, for soon after beginning my treatment every symptom of disease disappears and the trouble never returns.

A CERTAIN CURE is what I will give you, beyond a doubt, if your case is curable; if not, I will not accept your money and promise to do anything for you. One of my many references I give as to my professional reliability is the many cured, satisfied patients I dismiss, and this proves that my methods cure when others fail to even benefit.

OUR BEST REFERENCE IS. NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNTIL CURED

These are the diseases which I have cured—perhaps more than all other specialists in Atlanta.

Blood Poison, Skin Diseases—I will give you treatment that will in a few days cure all rash, sores, ulcers and every sign and symptom. My treatment gets the poison out of the system instead of drying it in like other treatments. I cure blood poison and skin diseases so they cannot come back.

Varicocele and Hydrocele—My one treatment cure is what you should have and what you will have to have to be cured right. I do no cutting and you suffer no pain nor trouble. All signs disappear in a few days.

Stricture, Kidney, Bladder, Prostatic, Discharges are scientifically cured by me. My methods immediately benefit you and the majority of cases I cure come from other Atlanta specialists who failed.

Nervous Debility—I get much praise and thanks from patients I cure of these troubles. From young men who are suffering because of early folly and from all who have vital losses and who are weak, nervous, distressed, embarrassed and worthless because they are not strong and vigorous as they should be. You have to have such treatment as I give you—it is your fault if you don't let me cure you.

Piles, Fistula—I can cure you so quickly and easily that you will be surprised. I will give you just the result and cure you are looking for without a surgical operation.

Private Diseases—Itching, Burning, Discharge, Swelling, Painful passage of water. Strong injections, drug store remedies seldom cure—they cause stricture.

My treatment stops every symptom and cures in a few days. It is scientific—that's the only sure way to be cured.

CATARRHAL CONDITIONS CURED.

Catarrh of the Nose, Throat and Lungs successfully treated by our new inhalation method. It removes all irritation, pain in forehead, "dropping," hawking and spitting, and prevents lung complications, chronic bronchitis and pulmonary diseases. Call at once for a trial treatment of our twentieth century new method cure.

CHRONIC DISEASES OF WOMEN.

We successfully treat all nervous and chronic diseases of Women, and such diseases peculiar to their sex, such as Falling and Womb Displacement, unnatural Discharges, Nervous Decline, Pain in the Back. All women who wish to avoid instrumental examination and unnecessary operation should consult us.

I GUARANTEE TO REFUND MONEY. I don't want any men to pay me unless I cure him so he will stay cured. I cure my patients so they are satisfied and always glad they came to me. It costs them nothing if I don't. I GUARANTEE this by an instrument of writing given under my INCORPORATE HAND AND SEAL.

FREE Consultation, Examination.

Call or write for information before taking treatment, as you will find my charges lower and treatment quicker and better than elsewhere.

Address or call on Dr. King Medical Co., corner Marietta and Peachtree Sts. No. 7 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

SEVERUS WON BY JUST A HEAD

Bitter Sir, 25 to 1, Barely Beaten at New Orleans.

The Winner Was 4 1-2 to 1 and His Victory Was Due to the Clever Riding of Jockey Notter. Card Devoid of Special Features.

New Orleans, February 4.—Big fields marked the racing at the Fair Grounds today. In every race with the exception of the sixth furlong purse for three-year-olds the limit lined up before Starter Cassidy's barrier. The card was devoid of any particular feature and most every event was given over to the poorer class of horses.

Severus, at 4½ to 1, won the fourth race by a head from the pacemaker, Bitter Sir, at 25 to 1. Severus' victory was due to the clever ride of Jockey Notter.

Weather cloudy; track good.

FIRST RACE—Three furlongs, selling: Prosper, 107 (W. Ott), 2 to 1, won; Joe Howell, 107 (Gaugel), 20 to 1, second; Irrigator, 112 (J. Lee), 8 to 1, third. Time, :37. Servicence, Roseburg II, Mique O'Brien, Mellowstone, Mascarol, Eustacian, Columbus, Tyler, Little Mose, Prefix, Warden and Excelsis ran.

SECOND RACE—Five and a half furlongs, selling: Beatrice K., 118 (S. Heidel), 6 to 1, won; Druid, 118 (McDaniel), 3 to 1, second; Viperine, 118 (Nicol), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:09 1-5. Rose of Pink, Anna Scott, Sheen, Royal Legend, Donna Elvira, Tyrolian, Constantia, Kiamesha II, Fire Opal, Black Mantilla, Vohoome and Golden Pheasant ran.

THIRD RACE—Seven furlongs: Prince Hohenlohe, 110 (W. Ott), 3 to 1, won; Jack Bartton, 107 (Notter), 9 to 5, second; Bluster, 111 (C. Koerner), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:28 3-5. Morning Light, Dario, Elaine, Allonby, Ottoman, Idalo, Gault, Lady Mala, Captain Chandler, The Composer and Stella Land ran.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs: Severus, 107 (Notter), 4½ to 1, won; Bitter Sir, 102 (V. Powers), 25 to 1, second; Hanbridge, 105 (J. Lee), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:14 2-5. Woodlane, Ethel Carr, La Souer, Tilekilns and E. T. Shipp ran.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Teo Beach, 99 (W. Ott), 3 to 1, won; Big Ben, 106 (McDaniel), 15 to 1, second; Miss Strome, 105 (Notter), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:15. Artful Dodger, Miss Ferriss, Haughty, Gibson, Goldway, Firebrand, Killochan, Hocus Pocus, Baleshed, Fay and Etrena ran.

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Handzarra, 99 (J. Sumter), 3½ to 1, won; Belle Strome, 101 (Delahy), 8 to 1, second; Royal Onyx, 105 (Leibert), 25 to 1, third. Time, 1:14 1-5. French Nun, Hannibal Bey, Robin Hood, Meadow Breeze, Funiclaire, Avaunteer, Bertha L., Refined, Telescope and Coon ran.

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles, selling: John Smulski, 108 (S. Heidel), 20 to 1, won; The Clansman, 110 (Notter), 10 to 1, second; Grenade, 107 (McDaniel), 25 to 1, third. Time, 1:48 3-5. Gild, Telegrapher, Trencla, Judge Treen, Hadur, Blennenworth, Denigre, Terns Rod, Cull and Charlatan also ran.

Fair Grounds Entries for Today.

First Race—Six furlongs, selling: Divorcee, Louise K. 100; The Thorn, 102; Bertle, Tartar Maid, Queen Souvenier, Estella C, Banrida, 105; Stoneman, Rifle Range, Apple Toddy, 107; George H. White, Orfano, 109; Albert M. 110; Risk, 115.

Second Race—Seven furlongs, purse: Antinus, 100, Lady Ethel, Coruscate, 102; Fred Mulholland, Hughes, Bonair, 104; Consistent, 106; Ananias, Flaxman, De Oro, Javanese, Barden, 107; Land Breeze, Jack Witt, Creel, 108.

Third Race—Five furlongs, purse: Industrious, 90; Dixwell, 92; Blue Lee, Fryeshush, 97; Moselle, Anna Ruskin, 102; Boserrian, Momentum, Russell T, Toy Boy, Harting, 104; Come on Sam, Bensonhurst, McConigle, Pemhyn, 108.

Fourth Race—Four furlongs, the Premier states, $1,000 added: Martiza, Servicence, 110; George C. Dillon, 112; Brougham, 115; Sea Swell, Marse Abe, 118. Sea Swell and Marse Abe, Cella, entry.

Fifth Race—Six furlongs, handicap: Miss Delaney, 93; Bell Wether, 96; Al Muller, 98; Lens, 103; Hyperion II, 112; Colloquy, 117.

Sixth Race—Mile and 70 yards, selling: Hexane, 86; Flavigny, Sam Taylor, Green Seal, Lord Lovat, 99; Tivolini, 102; Donna, Beau Brummel, 104; John Carroll, 111.

Seventh Race—Mile and three-sixteenths, selling: Milshora, Lemon Girl, Monere, 100; St. Noel, Crafty, Bestering, Safety Light, Kaiserhoff, Layson, John McBride, 102; Lady Charade, 105; St. Bellane, Paul, 107.

LOOK AT THIS.
Old soft, stiff and silk hats cleaned, reshaped. Bussey, 28 1-2 Whitehall St.

WARRANTS WERE SWORN OUT

Preacher Took Out Warrants for Men Claiming to Be Missionaries.

Madison, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Two men, John Etla and George Simons, claiming to be missionaries from Turkey, have been in this place soliciting funds ostensibly for the cause of missions in Turkey.

The Baptist pastor at this place, Rev. J. R. Gunn, notified the chief of police that they were impostors, and they were ordered to leave Madison. Since they left Mr. Gunn has placed in the hands of the sheriff warrants for their arrest. They secured only a small amount of money here.

Dynamited Non-Union Bridge.

Cleveland, Ohio, February 4.—All of the false work and a part of the iron work on a city bridge being constructed at the foot of Eagle avenue was wrecked by dynamite today. In addition to this, much damage was done to factory walls and windows in the immediate vicinity. The bridge was being constructed by nonunion men. This is the fifth attempt that has been made here since January 1 to wreck bridges being constructed by nonunion men.

NEW LAW

passed by Congress forbidding railroad operators working more than nine hours a day, has created demand for about 30,000 more telegraph operators than can now be secured. Railroad companies have cut railroad wires into Telegraphy Departments of

DRAUGHON'S
Practical Business Colleges.
For booklet, "Why Learn Telegraphy?" call or address Jno. F. Draughon, Pres. at
122 Peachtree, Piedmont Hotel Block
ATLANTA.

BUSINESS men say DRAUGHON'S is THE BEST. THREE months' Bookkeeping by DRAUGHON'S copyrighted methods equals SIX elsewhere. 75% of the U. S. COURT REPORTERS write the Shorthand Draughon teaches. Write for prices on lessons in Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, etc., BY MAIL or AT COLLEGE. 30 Colleges in 17 States. POSITIONS secured or MONEY BACK. Enter any time; no vacation. Catalogue FREE.

Madam, Do You Know
DEACON BROWN APPLE VINEGAR

When we say "know" we mean "know." The only only way to "know" Deacon Brown Vinegar is to use it! It has that superior purity that makes it a valuable feature of your household. Be sure that you get Deacon Brown.
It is made by the "Pansy Ginger Ale" people and this means the highest possible quality! Insist that your grocer gives you what you ask for.

Manufactured by
OZARK FRUIT CO.

C. H. May & Co., Distributors
175-185 Madison Avenue

AT OAKLAND

Oakland, Cal., February 4.—Fred Bent made all the running and won with ease in the Pleasanton handicap, one mile and a sixteenth, at Emeryville today. A. Muskoday was the favorite, but failed to satisfy his supporters. Duke of Orleans scored a third successive victory by winning the first race, a 6 furlong event. He came in hard driven, as also did Exchequer, a close second.

FIRST RACE—6 furlongs, selling: Duke of Orleans, 132 (Williams), 18 to 5, won; Exchequer, 123 (Scoville), 7 to 1, second; Billy Myer, 121 (Davis), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:19. Paladini, Joe Goss, Jockey Mounce, Patriotic, El Otros, Cardinal Sarto, Bantonica, and Electric Spark also ran.

SECOND RACE—3 furlongs, purse: Lady Renssaler, 98 (Sandy), 6 to 1, won; Little Jane, 105 (Hayes), 10 to 1, second; Flying Dance, 102 (A. Walsh), 7 to 2, third. Time, 37 1-5. Street Singer, Tangma, Collice, Cavallina, Ten Full and Queen Whims also ran.

THIRD RACE—Futurity course, purse: Smiley Corbet, 101 (Rice), even, won; Old Settler, 98 (Harris), 9 to 1, second; Gales, 101 (Hayes), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:02 2-5. Boas, Husky, Thurber, Bannock Bob, Irish Mike and Saint Modan also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth, Pleasanton handicap: Fred Bent, 96 (Kirschbaum), 7 to 2, won; A. Muskoday, 109 (McClain), 3 to 1, second; Joe Coyne, 101 (Hayes), 21 to 5, third. Time, 1:52 4-5. Mortiboy and Tavora also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Mile and seventy yards, selling: Dorado, 113 (Keogh), 8 to 5, won; Lampadrome, 105 (Kirschbaum), 20 to 1, second; Excitement, 110 (Sandy), 7 to 2, third. Time, 1:52 1-5. Prince of Orange, Lazelle, Lucian, Lassen and Red Reynard ran.

SIXTH RACE—6 furlongs, New California Jockey Club Breeding Bureau; Galvestonian, 109 (Finnegan), 8 to 5, won; St. Orloff, 105 (Fisher), 13 to 1, second; Confessor, 112 (Harris), 9 to 2, third. Time, 1:19. Tancred, Integrity, Joe Kilday, Rosal and Huston ran.

NEARSIGHTED PEOPLE.

Nearsightedness is a form of eye trouble that usually grows steadily worse. It is always important that the right glasses should be worn without delay. A. K. Hawkes Co., scientific opticians, 14 Whitehall.

CASH ON HAND MUST BE SHOWN

Governor Rules State Institutions Must Make Financial Statements.

Governor Smith yesterday issued an order calling upon all of the departments and institutions of the state to which annual or special appropriations are made by the legislature, to furnish him a statement of all cash on hand and their financial condition at the time of making requisition on the state for further funds, and in the absence of such statement he will refuse to issue a warrant on the treasury for the amount called for.

There are times when the funds in the treasury get quite low, and the governor takes the position that when state institutions have sufficient cash on hand for running expenses they should not, without good reason, call for more. On this account he proposes to be posted as to the condition of each of the institutions when the request for funds comes.

The governor's order is as follows:

Ordered: That hereafter all the departments and institutions of the state government to which annual or special appropriations are made by the legislature shall at the time of making requisition on the governor for funds give a statement of the amount of cash on hand, in order that the governor may keep fully informed as to the financial condition of the various departments and institutions of the government. No warrant will be drawn on the state treasurer for funds in favor of any department or institution that fails or refuses to comply with this order.

HOKE SMITH, Governor.

By the governor:
C. M. HITCH,
Secretary Executive Department.
Atlanta, Ga., February 4, 1908.

BAPTISTS TO FORM UNION.

Prominent South Georgia Ministers Meet at Cordele.

Cordele, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—The Baptist ministers of this section met with the First Baptist church of this city this afternoon and tonight for the purpose of organizing a South Georgia Baptist conference, or union.

This is being done to more strongly unite the great work that is now being carried on by this denomination in this section of the state.

Many able and prominent ministers are in attendance.

DATES ARE SET FOR INSPECTION

Militia to Be Looked Over by State and Government Officers.

Adjutant General A. J. Scott yesterday made public the dates set for the inspection of the national guard of Georgia.

These inspections will be conducted on behalf of the state by General W. G. Obear, acting as inspector general, and for the United States war department by an officer yet to be designated by the department of the gulf.

They will begin with the Fifth infantry regiment, February 24 in Atlanta, and conclude with the Columbus company on April 24.

Before making it public Adjutant General Scott submitted the list of dates to the department of the gulf, as it was not determined whether one or two regular army officers would be detailed for the work. Had two been detailed it would have been possible to complete the work within about a month, but it has been determined that there will be only one.

In the cities where there is more than one company, the order of inspection has not yet been determined, but will be announced shortly in the order to be issued by the adjutant general.

Dates of Inspection.

The dates of inspection at the various points in the state are as follows:

February 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28, March 2 and 3, Atlanta; March 4, Cedartown; March 5, Lindale; March 6, Marietta; March 9, Monroe; March 10, Winder; March 11, Athens; March 12, Elberton; March 13, Gainesville; March 14, Griffin; March 17, Barnesville; March 18, Forsyth; March 19 and 20, Macon; March 23, Jackson; March 24, Milledgeville; March 25, Tennille; March 26 and 27, Augusta; March 30, Waynesboro; March 31, Guyton; April 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8 and 9, Savannah; April 10, McIntosh; April 13, Ludowici; April 14, Brunswick; April 15, Waycross; April 16, Fitzgerald; April 17, Valdosa; April 20, Thomasville; April 21, Albany; April 22, Americus; April 23, Perry; April 24, Columbus.

At those points for which only one date is given there is only one company or troop located; where several dates are given, one is set for each separate command.

This "Just as Good" Proposition
is absolutely the last resort, and a chestnut. Try "Orris" flour, then it's nothing but "Orris." Stokes & Co., Mill Agents.

150 MINERS GO ON STRIKE.

The Company Refused to Reinstate Discharged Men.

Tracy City, Tenn., February 4.—One hundred and fifty miners employed by the Tennessee Consolidated Coal Company at Tracy City, went out on a strike this morning.

Friday the company discharged eight or ten men who had been attempting to organize a union and this was the cause of the strike after the company had refused to reinstate the discharged men.

FAMILY BARELY ESCAPED.

Roof Fell in Just as Family Left the Building.

Blue Ridge, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—This morning at 8 o'clock a cottage belonging to Captain Hipp, and occupied by James Smith, was destroyed by fire. Mr. Smith and his family had a very narrow escape from death, as the roof fell in shortly after they left the building.

They lost all their furniture and belongings and had no insurance. The house was fully covered by insurance.

For Sprains or Strains
Sloan's Liniment

Acts instantly, relieves all inflammation and reduces swelling.
For Lameness, Back ache, Stiff Neck, Cramp or Colic, Bruises, Cuts, and any Soreness, Sloan's Liniment is unsurpassed.
Price, 25c., 50c., and $1.00.
Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

FOUR BRICK STORES
Rented at $600 a Year — Price $6,000.

These stores are nearly new; have been occupied every day since built; and will bring more rent at expiration of leases.

They are located on one of the solid business streets in Atlanta, and pay 10 per cent on price.

Forrest & George Adair
CENTURY BUILDING

ANSLEY PARK BARGAIN

For quick sale owner has instructed us to get offer on lot near Peachtree and Fifteenth street, 100x300. This is in city limits. Price $5,500.

RICHARDSON STREET BARGAIN! Good 9-room house, all conveniences, corner lot, 60x198, for less than you can build the house; A No. 1 bargain, to be sacrificed; only $4,350, cheap at $6,000; between Pryor and Cooper streets.

S. B. TURMAN & CO.

FOR RENT:--Fine store and basement in heart of retail district; all improvements, including steam heat; can be had at once; long lease if desired. Address at once, "STORE," P. O. Box 301.

Mattresses Renovated
Best work. All grades ticking. We send for and deliver same day.
JACKSOM-ORR CO.
Manufacturers
Bell Phone 2931 Atlanta 2316
Factory Boulevard and Irwin

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending December 31, 1907, of the condition of the

CALEDONIAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of Scotland,

organized under the laws of the Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State.

Principal office in United States, 50 and 52 Pine St., New York City.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

1 Whole amount of capital stock	$2,687,500.00	
2 Amount paid up in cash	537,500.00	$537,500 00

II. ASSETS.

1. Market value of real estate owned by the company	$525,000.00	$525,000 00
3 Stocks and bonds owned absolutely by the company, par value, $1,142,300.00; market value (carried out) $1,068,750.00		1,068,750 00
5. Cash in company's principal office	$1,541.39	
6. Cash belonging to the company deposited in bank	128,897.82	
7. Cash in hands of agents and in course of transmission	125,193.93	
Total	$255,633.14	
Total cash items (carried out)		255,633 14
9. Adount of interest actually due and accrued and unpaid		7,695 81
10. Bills receivable, not matured, taken for fire, marine and inland risks		56 82
11. All other assets, both real and personal, not included hereinbefore		893 72
Total assets of the company, actual cash market value		$1,858,029 49

III. LIABILITIES.

1 Losses due and unpaid	$56,443.76	
2. Gross losses in process of adjustment or in suspense, including all reported and supposed losses	107,330.53	
3. Losses resisted, including interest, cost and all other expenses thereon	16,301.93	
4. Total amount of claims for losses	$180,076.22	
5. Deduct reinsurance thereon	21,202.85	
6. Net amount of unpaid losses (carried out)		$158,873 37
10. The amount of reserve for reinsurance		1,198,697 00
11. All other claims against the company		17,088 96
Reserve for contingency		10,000 00
13. Surplus beyond all liabilities		473,370 16
14. Total liabilities		$1,858,029 49

IV. INCOME DURING THE LAST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1907.

1. Amount of cash premiums received	$702,554 68
3. Received for interest	24,284 53
4. Income received from all other sources	9,867 50
6. Total income actually received during the last six months in cash	$736,706 71

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE LAST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1907.

1. Amount of losses paid	$294,467 61
3. Amount of expenses paid, including fees, salaries and commissions to agents and officers of the company	159,499 97
4. Paid for state, national and local taxes in this and other states	9,794 20
5. All other payments and expeditures, viz	87,177 64
6 American branches of foreign companies will please report amount sent to home office during the last six months, $230,762.65.	
Total expenditures during the last six months of the year in cash	$550,939 42

Greatest amount insured in any one risk, $25,000.00.

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK—Personally appeared before the undersigned Chas. H. Post, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the United States Manager of Caledonian Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

CHAS. H. POST,
United States Manager.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 30th day of January, 1908.
H. E. FRANCK,
Notary Public for Kings County with Certificate filed in New York County.

Name of State Agent—C. S. MATHEWS.
Name of Agents at Atlanta—MATHEWS & HILL.

MATHEWS & HILL
FIRE INSURANCE
611, 12 and 13 Empire Bldg.
Suppose You Should Have a Fire Tonight?

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

COWETA CIRCUIT.

Strickland v. Jones. Argument concluded.
J. W. Mitchell, adm'r., v. T. F. Rawls, adm'r., from Coweta. Argued.
Western Railway of Alabama v. Josh Fowler. Withdrawn.
Ophelia Smith v. J. W. Smith, from Heard. Argued.
S. W. Maxwell v. Leon Hood, from Heard. Submitted.
E. R. Brailfield et al. v. Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic Railway Company, from Troup. Argued.
J. C. Norton v. Benjamin Graham et al., from Carroll. Submitted.
Unity Cotton Mills et al. v. J. E. Dunson et al., from Troup. Argued.

COURT OF APPEALS OF GEORGIA.

869. Mrs. E. J. Howell v. Simpson Grocery Company, from Floyd. Argued. 872. Smith & Simpson Lumber Company v. Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, from Fulton. Argued. 873. J. W. Zuber v. Central of Georgia Railway Company, from Fulton. Argued. 874. N. G. Roberts v. D. T. Middlebrooks, from Jones. Dismissed. 875. R. M. Gann v. Mrs. H. L. Zettler, from Fulton. Argued. 876. Sons and Daughters of Job v. A. B. Wilson, from Twiggs. Argued. 877. J. M. Wilcox v. W. A. Sargeant, from Wilcox. Submitted. 881. Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company v. J. A. Broome, from Troup. Argued. 883. A. D. Bennett v. D. B. Ware, from Ben Hill. Argued. 894. Fain & [illegible]

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It Removes the Cause.
Relieves the aches and feverishness.
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Special Notices.

MEETING NOTICE.

A regular assembly of Jason Burr Council No. 13, R. and S. M., will be held in the Masonic hall, corner Mitchell and Forsyth streets, this evening, February 5, at 7:30 sharp.
All companions are cordially invited to be present. Work in all the degrees.
WILLIAM A. SIMS, T. I. M.
J. BEN ROBERTS, Recorder.

A special conclave of Coeur de Lion Commandery No. 4, K. T., will be held in its asylum this (Wednesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock sharp.
The Order of the Red Cross and the Order of Knights of Malta will be conferred.
All qualified Sir Knights courteously invited to attend.
By order of A. H. ESTERLY, Commander.
J. H. HOLCOMBE, C. G.
Attest: A. P. TRIPOD, Recorder.

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IN "THE EASTERNER"
BY GEORGE BROADHURST.
Night 25c to $2; Matinee, 25c to $1.50.

GRAND Opera House 10
Monday, Feb. 10
HAROLD BAUER
Prices 50c, 75c, $1
Seats on Sale

THE BIJOU
This Week: Matinees Tues., Thurs. Sat.
The President of Laughville.
BILLY B. VAN
And his committee of 50 in the musical campaign.
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Next Week:
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? WHAT IS LIND ?

RAILWAY SCHEDULES

Showing the Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains of the Following Roads, for Information only, but not Guaranteed.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.
UNION STATION.
SCHEDULE EFFECTIVE SUNDAY JANUARY 5, 1908.
Schedule effective Sunday, January 5, 1908:

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
41 New York	8:40 am	37 Memphis	6:30 am
32 Memphis	12:35 pm	52 Richmond	7:00 am
33 New York	4:30 pm	32 New York	12:35 pm
52 Richmond	8:40 pm	33 Memphis	4:45 pm
36 Memphis	9:45 pm	35 New York	7:10 pm
36 Birm'ham	9:45 pm	37 Birm'ham	6:30 am
32 Birm'ham	12:35 pm	35 Birm'ham	4:45 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.
UNION STATION.
NEW SCHEDULES EFFECTIVE SUNDAY, JANUARY 12, 1908.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
95 Chicago	8:42 pm	94 Chicago	6:55 am
1 Nashville	7:35 pm	2 Nashville	8:35 am
71 Chat'n'ga	11:45 am	70 Chat'n'ga	4:50 pm
73 Rome	9:50 am	72 Rome	5:10 pm
93 Chicago	10:34 am	92 Chicago	7:13 pm
3 Nashville	7:10 am	4 Nashville	8:50 pm

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.
TERMINAL STATION.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
14 Cinc'nati	12:45 am	36 N. Y.	12:15 am
43 Washn't'n	5:10 am	14 Jack'ville	12:55 am
35 N. Y.	5:00 am	13 Cincinnati	5:35 am
13 Jack'ville	5:15 am	30 Columbus	5:30 am
12 Shr'v'pt	6:50 am	16 Brunswck	6:05 am
*17 Toccoa	8:30 am	35 Birm'h'm	6:20 am
26 Heflin	8:30 am	12 Charlotte	6:45 am
5 Rome	10:30 am	7 Chat'no'ga	7:20 am
27 Ft Valley	11:15 am	33 N. Y.	12:15 pm
21 Col'mbus	11:30 am	6 Jack'ville	12:35 pm
7 Hawksville	11:40 am	40 Charlotte	1:15 pm
33 Birm'hm	11:50 am	15 Rome	3:45 pm
8 Cin'natt	12:25 pm	23 Birm'h'm	4:10 pm
5 Jacks'ville	4:25 pm	*18 Toccoa	4:30 pm
39 Charlotte	4:40 pm	5 Cincinnati	4:35 pm
37 N. Y.	6:15 pm	25 Heflin	4:45 pm
16 Chat'n'ga	8:50 pm	22 Columbus	4:50 pm
15 Brunsw'k	9:50 pm	28 Ft. Valley	5:00 pm
11 Charl'tte	10:00 pm	10 Macon	6:35 pm
29 Col'mbus	10:35 pm	44 Washn'tn	8:45 pm
36 Birm'h'm	11:15 pm	11 Shr'v'pt	10:45 pm

Trains marked thus (*) run daily except Sunday. Other trains run daily. Central time.

GEORGIA RAILROAD.
UNION STATION.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
* 3 Augusta	5:00 am	* 2 Augusta	7:30 am
28 Conyers	6:45 am	26 Covington	10:30 am
9 Covington	7:30 am	*28 Augusta	3:30 pm
* 1 Augusta	12:45 pm	24 Conyers	5:00 pm
25 Lithonia	1:10 pm	10 Covington	6:10 pm
*27 Augusta	8:30 pm	* 4 Augusta	12:10 n't

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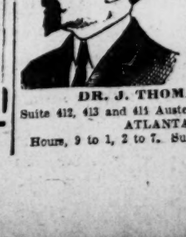

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